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Part 1 Business Operation and Business Overview



1. Group Business Structure and Business Overview

Business Overview

Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited, formerly known as Sri Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited, is listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand under the symbol "AYUD".

The Company is an Investment Holding Company with its core business in the insurance sector. Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited is a subsidiary engaging in non-life insurance business. The Company holds 99.99% of its shares. The Company also invests in Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Public Company Limited, an associate company that operates in the life insurance sector. The Company holds 31.97% of its shares. Apart from this, in early May this year the Company acquired 100% of Aetna Thai entities, and Aetna Health Insurance Public Company Limited, a subsidiary, whose core business is Health Insurance.

The Company and its subsidiary are subsequently referred to as 'the Group'.

Vision, mission, values, strategy

Vision

To become one of leading investment holding companies with a primary focus in the insurance sector, leveraging our experience, expertise, and network to achieve sustainable growth.

Mission

- Provide service excellence
- Deliver continuous growth in profits
- Ensure sustainable growth
- Develop professional employees
- Commit to innovation and development

Values

- Responsibility
- Respect
- Integrity

- Transparency
- Fairness
- Trust

Strategy

Build value for our group of companies by delivering attractive returns to shareholders through:

- · Approaching the market with a long-term view on investment, returns, and dividend growth.
- Acquiring holdings in companies with strong brands and/or companies with valuable assets that match with the Company's criteria on investment/risk assessments.

Significant changes and developments

Issuance of Class 2 subordinated debentures by Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited (the Subsidiary Company)

According to the Board of Directors Meeting No. 4/2020 on June 5, 2020 resolved to approve subordinated debt securities investment to be counted as a Class 2 capital fund of Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited. This subordinate debenture was approved by shareholders, Office of Insurance Commission (OIC) and The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) on April 27, 2021, May 20, 2021, and July 22, 2021 respectively and was issued on August 30, 2021 amounting THB 200 million.

Amendment to the Company's Memorandum of Association (Objectives) Clause 3

A resolution of the Board of Directors Meeting No. 4/2020 on June 5, 2020 approved amending Clause 3 of the Company's Memorandum of Association (Objectives) to cover all transactions including amending Clause 1 and adding Clause 17. The Memorandum of Association was then amended with the Department of Business Development on August 17, 2020.

Appointment of President & Chief Executive Officer

As Mr. Bryan James Smith, President and CEO, retired effective February 25, 2021, the Board of Directors passed a resolution at Meeting No. 1/2021, February 25, 2021, approving the appointment of Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson as President and CEO, effective February 25, 2021.

The change of the Company's directorship

Mrs. Claudia Salem, a Director, resigned from the Company's Board of Directors, effective on January 1, 2022. This resignation was acknowledged by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee's Meeting (NRC) No. 1/2022, held on January 18, 2022. Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer, who is currently Regional Chief Financial Officer of Allianz Asia Pacific was appointed to replace her, effective from January 21, 2022.

The Acquisition of Aetna Thai Entities

The Board of Directors Meeting No. 3/2022 on March 3, 2022 considered and unanimously approved the binding bid to acquire 100% of the shares of Aetna's operating and holding companies in Thailand (the "Aetna Thai Entities"). Aetna Thai Entities comprise: (i) two operating companies, namely (a) Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited ("AHI") and (b) My Health Services (Thailand) Limited; and (ii) three holding companies, namely (a) Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Company Limited, (b) Health Care Management Company Limited and (c) Minor Health Enterprise Company Limited The seller in this transaction is Aetna Global Holding Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

The Company got the approval from the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2022 on March 23, 2022, and the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Shareholders for the Year 2022 dated April 29, 2022, to acquire 100% of the shares of Aetna Thai Entities at the base purchase price of THB 3,140,000,000, subject to an adjustment mechanism based on the net asset value of Aetna Thai Entities as of April 30, 2022. The final adjusted purchase price was THB 3,127,621,883.

A Subsidiary Company's operations

The Company has subsidiaries companies as follows.

Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited (formerly known as Sri Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited) was established in Thailand on September 21, 1982, to operate as an insurance business and received a license to conduct all types of non-life insurance businesses on September 24, 1982.

Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited (AAGI) is situated at 898 Ploenchit Tower, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok.

Aetna Thai Entities

Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited (AHI) is a licensed non-life insurance company providing health insurance.

My Health Services (Thailand) Limited is a company providing patient healthcare services.

Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Company Limited, Health Care Management Company Limited and Minor Health Enterprise Limited are principally engaged in investments in other companies and obtained the management services from AHI.

The Aetna Thai Entities are situated at 98 Sathorn Square Office Tower, 14th-15th Floor, North Sathorn Road, Silom, Bangrak, Bangkok.

An Associate Company's operations

Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Public Company Limited (AZAY) has its core business in life insurance. On April 30, 2019, the Company acquired an additional 34,810,000 ordinary shares of AZAY, or 11.80%. As a result, the total investment in AZAY shareholding became 94,310,280 shares, or 31.97%, and it became classified as an Associate Company.

Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Public Company Limited (AZAY) is situated at 898 Ploenchit Tower, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok.

Nature of business

Revenue structure by product line

The main revenue of the Group as per the consolidated financial statements can be divided into two parts: underwriting income and investment income. Details of revenues for the years ended 31 December 2022, 2021, and 2020 are as follows:

(Units in Baht)

	2022		2021	2021		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
1. Underwriting Income	6,819,086,142	87.1	4,218,324,605	74.4	4,463,122,268	79.8
2. Investment Income	972,849,273	12.4	1,420,243,662	25.0	1,065,930,492	19.1
3. Other Income	34,261,478	0.5	34,202,701	0.6	62,052,147	1.1
Total	7,826,196,893	100.0	5,672,770,968	100.0	5,591,104,907	100.0

	2022		2021	2020		
Underwriting Income	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Fire	520,883,188	7.6	458,099,282	10.8	583,374,939	13.1
Marine and Transportation	282,088,685	4.1	213,689,764	5.1	130,553,637	2.9
Miscellaneous	3,183,089,985	46.7	1,047,085,243	24.8	951,006,064	21.3
Motor	2,833,024,284	41.6	2,499,450,316	59.3	2,798,187,628	62.7
Total	6,819,086,142	100.0	4,218,324,605	100.0	4,463,122,268	100.0

^{*} Underwriting income comprised of net earned premiums and commission and brokerages.

(Units in Baht)

	2022		2021 2020		2020	
Net Earned Premium	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Fire	504,691,606	7.9	453,525,549	11.7	573,590,419	13.8
Marine and Transportation	251,618,704	4.0	171,166,156	4.4	68,254,933	1.6
Miscellaneous	2,768,535,562	43.6	782,464,606	20.1	705,369,244	16.9
Motor	2,827,079,130	44.5	2,485,242,411	63.8	2,823,081,192	67.7
Total	6,351,925,002	100.0	3,892,398,722	100.0	4,170,295,788	100.0

The main revenue of the Group for 2022 is including the revenue from Aetna Thai Entities during May to December 2022

The Company's 2022 revenue structure changed from 2021 as the proportion of underwriting income increased from 74.4% to 87.1% largely due to the growth of Motor Insurance driven by additional leasing business and the premiums from the acquisition of health business and service in early May 2022.

Nevertheless, the Company's investment income proportion decreased from 25.0% to 12.4% from 2021 to 2022, mainly due to a decrease in profits on investment in an associate company by 23.7% due to the decrease in net profit of the associate company, driven predominantly by large one-off capital gain realization from the sale of private equity in Q2 2021 and loss on investment due largely to the sales of investment assets to raise funds for business acquisition.

Product information

Product characteristics

The Group and associate company offers a wide range of products to cover the diverse needs of customers through every facet of their lives, including non-life and life insurance products as follows:

Non-life insurance products

The non-life products compose of 4 product lines as follows.

- 1) Motor
- 2) Fire
- 3) Marine and transportation
- 4) Miscellaneous i.e. Property, liability, engineering, personal protection, and health

Other Services

- 1) Roadside Assistance for 24 hours a day
- 2) Travel assistance for 24-hour emergency medical and travel assistance
- 3) Home assistances for 24-hour emergency assistance for house insurance
- 4) Reinsurance: The company provides reinsurance management services for other insurance companies in the country, such as inward facultative services

Aside from the primary business activity, additional investments are made to increase income. For all of these investment activities, the Company adheres to the principle of investing in companies with financial stability and high yields with a long-term view. Additionally, the investments of the subsidiary are subject to the terms and conditions of the Notification of the Insurance Commission regarding Investment in Other Businesses of Non-life Insurance Companies, B.E. 2556 (2013), and under the supervision of the Office of Insurance Commission.

Life insurance products

In order to provide life insurance products for comprehensive offerings across all customer needs, thereby allowing for different insurance plans to meet as many needs as possible. Each type of policy will feature benefits and coverage that will be truly meaningful – life insurance, accident insurance, insurance coverage for children, insurance for savings and tax breaks, insurance for life after retirement, and group coverage that is flexible depending on organization size and business sector, as well as insurance plans to suit gender, age, and other needs.

Market and Competition

Marketing essential products and services

Marketing policy

Allianz Ayudhya aligned its core marketing strategy with Allianz's Group marketing strategy focusing on True Customer Centricity (TCC). All products and services are developed to serve customers' current needs and to ensure we are always "behind them for what's ahead". As a global standard for all entities in the Allianz Group, the annual customer satisfaction survey is conducted by a third-party research agency. The survey aims to check the satisfaction and engagement of customers to the Company. In 2022, the Company has achieved "Loyalty Leader" position with score 21.9 points, while the market standard is at 11.3 points. The result from the survey has been used to improve the Company's services to customers.

In 2023, the Company continues its marketing direction promoting TCC in all communication channels including services centers, distribution partners, websites and social media with dedicated call centers providing 24/7 services to our customers. The Company's brand proposition is to create confidence and be the insurer with full transparency. Our objective is not only to educate our customers about the complexity of insurance products with honesty, but also to educate consumers in general to realize the importance of understanding the terms and conditions of insurance they have purchased.

The Company also focuses on digital marketing by developing online services for customers specifically to complete transaction and policy-related services easily by themselves. Under COVID-19, the number of customers using online services increased significantly, in line with the government's policy to encourage social distancing.

From 2021 – 2028, the Allianz Group has entered into a global insurance partnership to sponsor the Olympic and Paralympic Games, the only global insurance brand to receive this honor. Therefore, the Group and its associate companies will be communicating through different channels about this partnership to different sectors to increase brand awareness and foster pride among customers, representatives, and employees. The Olympic and Paralympic logos will become part of the Company's public relations presence in the next eight years.

The competition

From the Insurance Premium Rating Bureaus' statistics for 2022, the Subsidiaries has the following market share

	Direct Pr	emium			
Type Insurance	Subsidiaries Company (Unit: Thousand Baht)	Total Insurance Industry (Unit: Thousand Baht)	Market Share (%)	Rank of Market Share	
Fire	671,293	9,881,785	6.8	4	
Marine and Transportation	380,463	6,983,671	5.4	7	
Miscellaneous	1,775,298	55,406,058	3.2	13	
Health and Accident	1,702,571	47,204,768	3.6	9	
Motor	3,229,150	156,028,790	2.1	15	
Total*	7,758,775	275,505,072	2.8	9	

remark

As of December 31, 2022, the Subsidiaries Company has a competitive advantage as an insurance company with stable financials. The CAR as of December 31, 2022 is 364%* of AAGI and 306%* of AHI, were much higher than the minimum requirement of 120%. It has been in business a long time and has received support in its insurance business from Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited and its Group companies, as well as many other financial institutions. The Subsidiaries Company and the Bank have long supported each other in business. At the same time, the Company has continuously improved the performance and service of its professional team to increase its market share in fire, miscellaneous, and marine and transport insurance, as well as motor insurance. Our Company's results have proven to be resilient and were not affected by such COVID-19 policies, validating our long-term business strategy and proper steering and control mechanisms in place.

^{*}The direct premium above is the subsidiaries' total direct premium, which is Allianz General Insurance Plc. for 2022 and Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Pcl. for May to December 2022.

^{*} CAR as of December 31, 2022 is unaudited

Targeted Customer

Customer groups can be divided into two main types: Individual customers and corporate customers.

Individual

The Company focuses on groups of customers who understand the importance of having insurance. They are experienced with insurance products having purchased insurance such as property, motor, personal accident, and travel insurance for themselves and families. Bank loan customers are required to have insurance in accordance with their loan agreements in order to prevent possible loss.

Corporate insurance

The Company responds to corporate customer needs by assessing the risks involved and proposing appropriate insurance products to mitigate risks. Targeted types of business include hotels, factories, finance companies, and retail stores. The majority of these businesses acquires insurance to cover third party liabilities, business interruptions, machinery used in construction, and machinery loss/damage. The Company focuses efforts on mid-sized and SME businesses. Aetna Thai Entities has large corporate customer in Group Employee Benefit and Administrative services only (ASO).

In the past three years, the Group has not relied on any major client whose business exceeds 30% of total income.

Sales and distribution channels

The Subsidiary Company's distribution channels mainly comprise the following three:

- 1) Brokers and agents
- 2) Financial institutions and affiliate companies
- 3) Direct sales

Distribution breakdowns in the past three years:

	2022	2021	2020
1. Brokers and agents	48.51%	50.25%	45.21%
2. Financial institutions and affiliate companies	46.10%	44.77%	48.48%
3. Direct sales	5.39%	4.98%	6.31%

Note: The table above is the Subsidiary Company's ratio for Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited, and the Company does not distribute outside the company

Status and competitiveness

In 2022, direct premiums of the insurance industry amounted to Baht 275,505 million, an increase of 3.6% from 2021, comprised direct premiums for fire insurance at Baht 9,882 million, an increase of 0.9% from 2021, marine and transportation insurance at Baht 6,984 million, an increase of 10.5% from 2021, miscellaneous insurance at Baht 55,406 million, an increase of 11.5% from 2021, accident and health at Baht 47,205 million, a decrease of 6.5% from 2021, and motor insurance at Baht 156,028 million, an increase of 4.3% from 2021. (Data from the Insurance Premium Rating Bureau as of February 2023)

Type for Insurance	Direct Premiums of the total Insurance Industry				
Type for insurance	Year 2022	Year 2021	% Increase (Decrease)		
Fire	9,881,785	9,796,276	0.9%		
Marine and Transportation	6,983,671	6,319,715	10.5%		
Miscellaneous	55,406,058	49,699,536	11.5%		
Accident and Health	47,204,768	50,513,204	-6.5%		
Motor	156,028,790	149,569,653	4.3%		
Total	275,505,072	265,898,384	3.6%		

Industry outlook and future of competition

The Thai General Insurance Association forecasts that the non-life insurance business will expand in 2023 by 4.5%-5.5% with total direct premiums of Baht 282,200-287,900 million due to overall economic recovery inside and outside the country.

Competitive strategy

The Company has implemented a long-term strategy until 2025 which focuses on five key factors:

- 1. Penetrating and leveraging digital channels with a focus on driving business growth.
- 2. Aiming to become the leading health insurance company of the future.
- 3. Cultivating sales through agents/broker, partnering with the Bank and financial institutions
- 4. Leveraging the combined power of the life and non-life insurance businesses under the Allianz Ayudhya brand to grow stronger and be able to offer a full range of life and non-life insurance products and services.
- 5. True Customer Centricity, to drive the organization's culture.

Provision of products and services

Source of funds

The source of funds for the Subsidiary comes from underwriting income. The Company will use the income to invest in order to receive more return. In addition, there are funds received from shareholders, which the Company shall manage to operate in order to increase returns as well.

Loans

The Subsidiary has policies in granting credits and manage the risk from loans as follows: Loans and risk management of the subsidiary must comply the Notification of Office of Insurance Commission (OIC) regarding investment in other businesses of the insurance company, which has specified category proportions and loan conditions.

The ability to maintain loss ratio

The Subsidiary has set a loss ratio on overall insurance classes of approximately 50%.

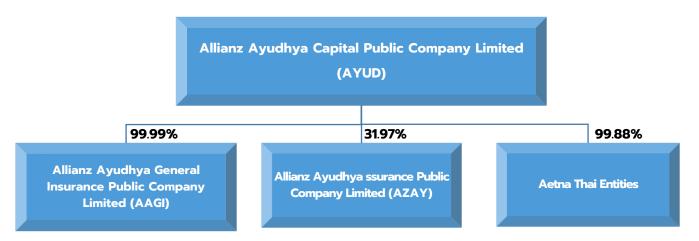
Liquidity

Liquidity Management Policy: The Group manage cash flow on a daily basis by maintaining cash and short-term bank deposits at a sufficient amount for daily compensation and operating expenses in an efficient manner.

Business operation assets

Refer to attachment 4.

Shareholding structure



Relationship with majority shareholder business groups

The Company's business is one part of the Allianz Group that operates a financial services business in Germany. Allianz Group and the Company are under professional management. From the Allianz Group, Allianz SE appointed directors to join the Company with the objective to the jointly define operational policies.

Shareholders

List of major shareholders: The following are the top 10 shareholders as of the closing date of the shareholder register book, August 31, 2022:

Shareholder	Share	%
1. DB FFT CC CLT SEG ALLIANZ SE	151,550,770	38.93
2. CPRN (Thailand) Limited	37,429,491	9.62
3. BBTV Equity Co., Ltd.	32,862,050	8.44
4. Bangkok Broadcasting & Television Co., Ltd.	28,802,500	7.40
5. Great Luck Equity Co., Ltd.	17,249,475	4.43
6. Mr. Krit Ratanarak	14,867,700	3.82
7. Bank of Ayudhya Plc.	12,124,600	3.11
8. Thong Thai (1956) Co., Ltd.	9,610,000	2.47
9. CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD-UBS SWITZERLAND	8,158,800	2.10
10. Great Fortune Equity Co., Ltd.	7,045,250	1.81
Total Major Shareholders	319,700,636	82.13
11. Others	69,566,295	17.87
Grand Total	389,266,931	100.00

Remark: DB, FFT, CC, CLT, SEG, ALLIANZ SE is a custodian for ALLIANZ SE.

The Company operates its business by holding shares in other companies, with its main business from its subsidiaries Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited and Aetna Thai Entities.

The subsidiaries' majority shareholders are:

Majority shareholders	Subsidiaries	% of amount shares
Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.	Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.	99.99
Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.	Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Pcl.	99.90
Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.	My Health Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	99.90
Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.	Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	99.80
Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.	Health Care Management Co., Ltd.	99.90
Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.	Minor Health Enterprise Co., Ltd.	99.85

Free float

As of April 7, 2022, there were 1,342 free float shareholders, or 21.47% of total issued shares.

Shareholders' agreement

- none -

Issuance of other securities

The Company did not issue any securities in 2022.

Dividend policy

Company dividend payment policy

The Company has a policy to pay dividend to its shareholders at a rate of not less than 60% of net profit, dependent upon shareholders' resolution that will be considered.

Subsidiary dividend payment policy

Dividend payments of the subsidiary must be approved by a resolution of the shareholders at a shareholders' meeting of the subsidiary and must comply with relevant rules and regulations. In each case, the subsidiary must allocate to a reserve fund from the annual net profit for the year, not less than 5% of the annual net profit deducted by the total accumulated loss brought forward (if any) until the reserve fund reaches an amount of not less than 10% of the authorized capital.

2. Risk Management

Target and strategy of risk management

The Group aims to ensure that it is adequately capitalized at all times for the benefit of both shareholders and policyholders. This includes meeting the regulatory capital requirements. We closely monitor the capital position and risk concentrations of the Group and apply regular stress tests (including standardized, historical and reverse stress test scenarios). These analyses allow us to take appropriate measures to preserve our continued capital and solvency strength. Furthermore, we ensure a close alignment of the risk and business strategy by the fact that business decisions to achieve our set targets are taken within the determined risk appetite. Implemented sound processes to steer the business and assess and manage associated risks ensure a continuous alignment between the risk and business strategy and enable us to detect and address any potential deviations. In addition, the liquidity risk management framework of the Group ensures that our liquidity risks are managed and a sufficient liquidity position is maintained under both market conditions (expected as well as stressed) and business conditions.

Risk governance system

• RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Group consider risk management to be a core competency and an integral part of our business. Our risk management framework covers all operations and business units of the Group in proportion to the inherent risks of the activities, ensuring that risks across the Group are consistently identified, analyzed, assessed, and adequately managed. The key elements of our risk management framework are:

- Promotion of a strong risk management culture, supported by a robust risk governance structure.
- Consistent application of an integrated risk capital framework to protect our capital base and support effective capital management.
- Integration of risk considerations and capital needs into management and decision-making processes by attributing risk and allocating capital to the business units.

Our risk management system is based on the following four pillars:

<u>Risk identification and underwriting:</u> A robust system of risk identification and underwriting forms the foundation for adequate risk and management decisions. Supporting activities include standards for underwriting, valuation methods, individual transaction approvals, emerging-/operational-/top-risk assessments, liquidity risk and scenario analyses, among others.

<u>Risk strategy and risk appetite</u>: Our risk strategy defines our risk appetite consistently with our business strategy. It ensures that rewards are appropriate based on the taken risks and the required capital. It also ensures that delegated decision-making authorities are in line with our overall risk-bearing capacity and strategy.

Risk reporting and monitoring: Our comprehensive qualitative and quantitative risk monitoring and reporting framework provides management with the transparency needed to assess whether our risk profile remains within the approved limits, and to identify emerging issues and risks quickly. For example, risk dashboard and limit utilization reports as well as scenario analyses and stress tests are regularly prepared and communicated.

<u>Communication and transparency:</u> Transparent risk disclosure provides the basis for communicating our strategy and performance to internal and external stakeholders, ensuring a sustainable positive impact on valuation and financing. It also strengthens risk awareness and our risk culture throughout the Group.

RISK MANAGEMENT STUCTURE

The Group has adopted a "Three Lines of Defense" governance framework:

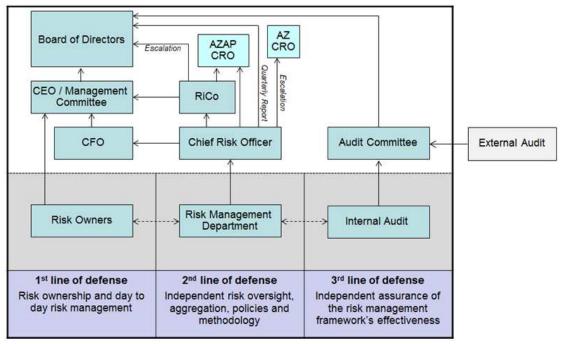


Figure 1 The Group's "Three Lines of Defense" Risk Management organization.

The roles and responsibilities in the Risk Management Framework are defined below.

Board of Directors (BoD)

The BoD recognizes the crucial importance of sound Risk Management. The BoD is informed about all material Risk Management issues at least quarterly through a Risk Management report, as well as through direct escalation of ad-hoc issues through the RiCo according to the OIC Announcement on "Rules, Procedures and Conditions in Supervision of Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) and Own Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA) framework", B.E. 2562 (2019).

Audit Committee (AC)

In addition, the Audit Committee will assure the BoD of the integrity and effectiveness of the risk management framework on a regular basis and upon request. Under this setup, the BoD assumes ultimate responsibility to implement, maintain, review and oversee Risk Management within the Group.

Risk Management Committee (RiCo)

The Risk Management Committee supervises and controls overall risk management along with other relevant committees at the policy and operating level. This organizational structure creates checks and balances and formulates written risk management policies and guidelines for employees to acknowledge and comply with. The committee is chaired by the Chief Risk Officer with membership from the relevant Board of Management.

Risk factors for business operations and risk management

As an investment holding company, the Group primarily invests in other businesses. Its revenue is mainly from its subsidiary and associate company, which operate in the life and general insurance industry. Naturally, risk factors in this industry will impact the operating performance of the Group's subsidiaries.

The Group have established a risk management committee to ensure risk factors are identified, assessed, responded to, and monitored to an acceptable level. Nonetheless, AAC and its subsidiaries may encounter significant risks which could directly impact its operational and financial situations, as follows.

Risk Type	Definition	Risk Management Activities
Market Risk Interest Rate risk Equity Risk Credit Spread Risk FX Risk	Unexpected losses arising due to changes in market prices or parameters influencing market prices, as well as the resultant Risk from options and guarantees that are embedded in contracts or from changes to the net worth of assets and liabilities in related undertakings driven by market parameters. In particular, these include changes driven by equity prices, interest rates, real estate prices, exchange rates, credit spreads and implied volatilities. By that it also includes changes in market prices due to a worsening of market liquidity	Strategic asset allocation benchmarks are defined for investment portfolio. Furthermore, we have risk limits in place, including stand-alone equity and interest rate sensitivity limits, and foreign-exchange exposure limits. Limits are closely monitored and, if a breach occurs, countermeasures are implemented which may include the escalation to certain decision-making bodies and/or the closing of positions. Finally, guidelines are in place regarding certain investments, new investment products, and the use of derivatives.
Credit Risk	Unexpected losses in the market value of the portfolio due to deterioration in the credit quality of counterparties including their failure to meet payment obligations or due to nonperformance of instruments (i.e. payment overdue).	Our group-wide country and obligor group limit management framework allows us to manage counterparty concentration risk, covering both credit and equity exposures at the levels of the Group. This limit framework forms the basis for discussions on credit actions. Clearly defined processes ensure that expo-sure concentrations and limit utilizations are appropriately monitored and managed.
Underwriting Risk	Unexpected financial losses due to the inadequacy of premiums for catastrophe and non-catastrophe Risks, due to the inadequacy of reserves or due to the unpredictability of mortality, morbidity or longevity.	The Group has established process to monitor and review the latest data and experience, so any adjustments to premiums and policy conditions are guided by up-to-date information. This is so that they are continually in line with any developments. The Group has fit and proper policy, ensuring that technical task such as premium setting and reserves are performed by qualified actuary. The Group has also recognized there is a concentration risk in insurance and in reinsurance and mitigates this by spreading risk across several groups of customers. Risk is also transferred to reinsurers, with a focus on reinsurers that have strong financial standing, to prevent volatility and adverse impacts on the Group's financial standing.
Operational Risk	Unexpected losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes and systems, from human misbehavior or errors or from external events.	The Group has implemented a group-wide operational risk management framework that focuses on the early recognition and proactive management of material operational risks. The framework defines roles and responsibilities as well as management processes and methods. An important component of this framework is the Integrated Risk and Control System (IRCS), which ensures that effective controls or other risk mitigation activities are in place for all significant operational risks. Risk managers in the Group risk management function, in their capacity as the "Second Line of Defense", identify and evaluate relevant operational risks and control deficiencies via a dialog with the "First Line of Defense", and in close interaction with both the other "Second Line of Defense" functions at Allianz SE and with the audit function. In the IRCS approach, risk identification, assessment and controls vary between the different operational risk

Risk Type	Definition	Risk Management Activities
		sources reporting, compliance and operations. For example, compliance risks are addressed via written policies. The risk of financial misstatement is mitigated by a system of internal controls covering financial reporting. Outsourcing risks are covered by an Outsourcing Policy, by Service Level Agreements, and by Business Continuity and Crisis Management programs to protect critical business functions from these events. Cyber risks are mitigated through investments in cyber security, cyber insurance the Group buys from third party insurers, and a variety of ongoing control activities.
Strategic Risk	Unexpected negative changes in the Group value arising from the adverse effect of management decisions regarding business strategies and their implementation.	The Group manages this risk by setting strategies consistent with its vision as well as operational strategies from the unit level up to the organization level. It also reports on the implementation of its strategies to determine the success of the strategies. The Group has also instituted warning indicators should implementation show signs of going off course. This allows the strategy to be adapted in line with external factors and changing situations, such as any changes in economic conditions, competition, and any relevant regulations. The Group has internal work systems for organizing itself, its personnel, and its budget, as well as its information technology (IT) systems and operational monitoring and control systems. Altogether, they support the implementation of strategy that will allow the Group to reach its targets. The Group published its strategic plans to employees so all involved are moving in one direction as a whole.
Reputational Risk	Unexpected drop in the value of the Group share price, value of inforce business or value of future business caused by a decline in the reputation of the Group or one or more of its subsidiaries from the perspective of its stakeholders, or an event causing legal or reputational liabilities for the Group Board of Management or other key position holders	The Customer Management Division has a direct responsibility for coordinating with the department that deals with complaint management to ensure all customers and partners are most satisfied, which will enhance the Group's reputation. Beside the Group has established the Complaint Management team to manage social media news that causes negative feelings to the organization such as Facebook, Pantip etc.
Liquidity Risk	Unexpected financial losses due to a failure to meet, or to meet based on unfavorably altered conditions, short-term current or future payment obligations, as well as the Risk that in the event of the Group liquidity crisis refinancing is only possible at higher interest rates or by liquidating assets at a discount.	To manage this risk, the Group has allocated some of its investment funds to bank accounts, treasury notes, and short-term bonds from the Bank of Thailand, which are highly liquid, as reserves designated for operational costs. The deposits are made at regular intervals in line with cash needs. This is done consistent with cash flow management for expected inflows and outflows. The Group also allocates a portion of its investment to in-demand stocks that are highly liquid and easily convertible to cash, at close to fair value. Furthermore, the Group is also able to use an overdraft facility and short-term loans from a commercial bank, which are used as cash reserves that can be withdrawn immediately should the Group incur unexpectedly high costs.

3. Sustainable business development

Sustainable business policy and goals

The Group and its associate company recognize the importance of conducting business with good corporate governance while ensuring sustainability and being responsible for the social and environmental development. Allianz's global sustainability efforts focused on 3 pillars including Environment, Social Inclusion and Governance or a so-called ESG.

Environmental

As an insurance and investment business, the Group and its associate company realize the importance of hedging risks dealing with environmental changes. Hence, the Group and its associate company emphasizes promoting environmentally friendly business practices as well as shaping new behavior among employees. Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions is one of priorities to the Company.

Societal

The Company aim to promote full participation, promoting volunteer activities to support in-need communities. Also, the Group and its associate company support organizations, foundations, and businesses that help communities in various areas.

Governance

Transparency and accountability is the Company's first priority in doing business. We also emphasize on protecting customers' data and managing business risks in our operations.

As part of Allianz Group, the Group and its associate company also implemented ESG policy and engage all stakeholders including our employees, agents, partners, customers and public to take part and contribute to ESG in action.

Allianz Ayudhya "ESG" in action

The Group and its associate company takes sustainability as one of the top priority of our business under the vision "We Care for Tomorrow", aiming to engage all stakeholders, 1,200 staffs, 10,000 agents, 1 million customers, and general prospects, to actualize this vision for a better world.

"E" environment

"Climate Change" has been the main topic of discussion for the past 10 to 15 years. Plastic use was the main issue raised, but not much was mentioned on food waste management, even when many food wastes contain plastic that has been contaminated and cannot be recycled. If all of us segregate our food wastes and put them in the right place, the environment would have been better cared for.

The Group and its associate company believe that for an environment to be properly cared for, our society needs to participate. Beginning with 1,200 employees, the Company need to educate them, change their behavior and have them do the same in their household. The Company searched and invested in installing a professional composter in all its premises to facilitate their employees to put leftover food in the right place. This composter then produced fertilizers for the employees.

In 2022, we have designed and launched new sorting stations in our offices with the main objective to reduce waste to landfill by better sorting waste and disposing of it in the most appropriate manner. Based on our office waste survey and study about proper waste management, we separate waste into 4 categories which are food waste, recycle sellable waste, plastic waste, and Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF)¹. With this sorting management, we believe that we can reduce waste to landfill significantly.

Additionally, in 2022 we have launched campaigns to promote environmental and social awareness. ESG Future Voice is the campaign where we gathered children of employees to speak to all employees to ask for support to take care of the planet that they have to live in the future. ESG Hero is the campaign that our management joined to encourage employees to do something good for the benefit of others and the environment with the key message that everyone can be a hero and make a difference.

Our key achievements:

- Waste to landfill amount from Head Office has been decreased by 24% In 2021, the average of waste to landfill per month is 2,055 kg and in 2022, the average waste to landfill per month is 1,549 kg
- The reduction of GHG emission from waste management, Jan Dec, is more than 83,600 KgCo2e. This is from waste management in 3 categories.
 - 6,545 kg of food waste turns to compost and were distributed to the employee to grow their plants.
 - 16,090 kg of recycled items turned to Maids' to generate extra income and went to proper recycling process.
 - 2,922 kg of non-recycled waste turned to RDF¹ (Refuse Derived Fuel.)
- The Company has welcomed corporate visitors who are interested in waste management to visit and share thoughts on proper waste management in the office.
- Additionally, the Company has initiated a new project, Alliance for Sustainability, to form a
 sustainability network focusing on Environmental areas. The project was launched in
 November 2022 with the objective to introduce Alliance for Sustainability as well as to
 share commitments and environmental targets to public. Furthermore, the Company also
 organized an immersive exhibition, The End is Coming, Witness the end of the world on
 the peak of the problem, to raise public awareness on waste management problems.

Social inclusion

Our Social inclusion activities focus on the Sustainable Development Goals in 3 areas; Zero Hunger, Good Health and Well Being, and Decent Work and Economic Growth.

• Allianz World Run The running competition among Allianz worldwide entities where the winners have the opportunity to select social foundations to receive a donation from Allianz Group. More than 2,200 employees from the Group and its associate companies, families, and friends joined the competition. 2022 marks the fourth consecutive year that the Group has won EUR 20,000 (approximately 731,550 THB) to donate to local charities. We selected to donate to the Mirror Foundation, Hire Me project, to support career opportunities for homeless people.

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¹ RDF: Refuse Derived Fuel is a fuel produced from various types of waste, usually taken from industrial or commercial sites, and finally burned to produce electricity.

- Community Kitchen In collaboration with Scholars of Sustenance Foundation Thailand. This
 is a voluntary activity that is open to employees and agents to join in making meals from
 surplus food for in-need communities.
- Blood donation program. The Group and its associate company collaborated with the Thai
 Red Cross Society for blood donations 3 times per year. This year, 282 employees and
 people nearby joined the donation and Thai Red Cross received blood up to 221 units of
 blood.
- "Donation of PA to Narenthorn Emergency Medical Services (EMS)" The Group and its associate company is proud to provide a group Personal Accident insurance with the total coverage of 12.9 million baht to the rescuers at the Narenthorn Emergency Medical Service Centre.

Good Governance

The Group and its associate company have been operating based on good governance principle. The Company manage the operation with engagement and transparency that can be auditable. We ensure an eco-friendly investment. Our strong governance and management have proven its success by many awards and certification such as

- In 2022, the Group and its associate company received the Prime Minister's Award 2022 as the Life Insurance company with the most Outstanding on Sustainability (ESG) from the Office of the Insurance Commission (OIC).
- In 2022, AYUD has been recognized as one of the listed companies with outstanding Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) in the 2022 ESG Emerging List by Thaipat Institute
- In 2021, the Group and its associate company has received the Prime Minister Award 2021 as the Life Insurance company with most Outstanding Development from the OIC.
 This has proven our success in conduct business with good governance.
- In 2021, the Group and its associate company has received the HR Asia Best Award reflecting our great achievement as the employer of choice and be one of the company talents would like to work with.
- In 2020, the Group and its associate company has received the Bronze Stevie® Awards winner under the Most Valuable Corporate Response on COVID-19 from International Business Awards® (IBA)
- The Group and its associate company is recognized as a certified member of the Private Sector Collective Action Coalition against Corruption (CAC). Initiated by Thai private sector, CAC actively takes parts in tackling corruption problem and aims to bring effectiveness anti-corruption policy and mechanism into implementation by companies in order to create an ecosystem of clean business community.

The Group and its associate company operate our business to meet with expectation of different group of stakeholders in the value chain including our customer, employees, partner, shareholders and government sectors.

Stakeholder	Expectation	Actions
Customers	Receive the product and service that matched to their needs with fair treatment from the company	Clear operation and communications to ensure a smooth service in all customer journey touchpoints including Sales and on-boarding Claims Renewal Issue Resolutions Communications Ongoing satisfaction survey for continued improvement
Employees	Be compensated and treated fairly and equally in the company with opportunity to grow and develop career aspiration.	HR takes a leading role in people management to ensure high engagement and productivity with 4 pillars Learning and Development Health and Well-being Diversity and Inclusion ESG involvement Allianz Engagement Survey annually to check and improve working condition and environment for the employees
Partners	Together achieve business goal with fair compensation and benefit as agreed	 Provide a dedicated team to support each partners/channel to drive the business as agreed Operate under Allianz guideline to ensure fair treatment to all partners with integrity Open channel for check and balance for partner to feedback if issues arise
Shareholders	Be treated with transparency and clarity. Easy access to company information that is accurate, consistent, on-time and timely.	 Annual shareholders' meeting Annual report Provide opportunity to express opinion via the Company's website, emails
Government Sector	Company to conduct business according to laws and regulations with good governance	 Dedicated team (regulatory affair) acts as a counterpart to coordinate with each government sectors Align and practice business based on rule and regulations Communicate and educate rules and regulations with regards to business operations to employees via available communications channels
Community	Company to support and contribute back to the Thai society on various ESG activities	 Set up ESG taskforce team to drive the activities that aligned with Allianz Group and local needs Encourage other stakeholder to involve in ESG so that to create impactful result to the community Seek partners with same goal to drive more impactful project in a larger scale

4. Management Discussion and Analysis

Financial position and Operating performance

The Company has a core investment in the Insurance industry both non-life and life.

According to the Insurance Premium Rating Bureau, overall direct premiums of 2022 of the non-life insurance industry grew by 3.6%. The Group's Direct Premium of Motor was the largest contributor (41.6%) followed by Miscellaneous (22.9), Health and Personal accident (21.9), and Fire (8.7%). The Group's market share from January to December 2022 increased from 2.0% to 2.8% and the Group's rank from 14 to 9 from the same period last year.

The overall performance of the non-life insurance business in 2022 began to recover after the recession from the previous year. However, the market continued to see significant losses early in the year from COVID-19 insurance underwritten in 2021, with some companies exiting the Thai insurance market. This created opportunities for insurance companies which did not sell COVID-19 covers and overall market performance continued to increase compared with last year. Each type of insurance still has good growth prospects.

The overall of the Life Insurance sector in Thailand experienced negative growth of -1% (January to November 2022) compared to the same period last year. There was a significant decrease of single premium unit-linked business due to the macroeconomic uncertainty. Renewal premiums decreased slightly due to the large amount of matured insurance policies, compensated by regular premium increase from health business as the health awareness trend continues.

For the Company, the operating result of the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2022 was a net profit of Baht 1,004.72 million (Baht 2.58 per share) compared with the same prior year period of Baht 1,230.03 million (Baht 3.16 per share), a decrease by Baht 225.31 million or 18.32%. The significant changes are summarized as follows:

- The gross premiums written (GPW) for this year increased by 43.82 % from last year. This was due largely to the growth of Motor Insurance driven by additional leasing business and the premiums from the acquisition of health business and service in early May 2022.
- Fee and commission income increased by 43.33% due to higher reinsurance.
- Net investment income decreased by 37.92% due to the reduction in investment portfolio. Loss on investment increased of Baht 88.16 million due largely to the sales of investment assets to raise funds for business acquisition as mentioned above.
- The share of profit on investment in an associate decreased by 23.76% due to the decrease in net profit of the associate company, driven predominantly by large one-off capital gain realization from the sale of private equity in Q2 2021.
- Revenue from services of Baht 22.16 million came from the business acquisition.
- Other income significantly decreased 64.61% due to the fee income from trade credit business was presented net of cost instead of gross as last year.
- From the above, the Company total revenues increased by 37.96% from last year.

- In term of expenses, net claims paid, other underwriting expenses and commission and brokerage and operating expenses increased by 86.81%, 39.62%, 27.79% and 32.32%, respectively, due to the business expansion. Cost of medical services of Baht 1.31 million came from the business acquisition.
- The finance cost increased by 0.66% relative to the increase in lease liability.
- Impairments and expected credit loss significantly decreased due to the sales of investment assets as mentioned above.
- Income tax expense significant increased due to the reversal of un-utilized deferred tax asset.
- As a result of the aforementioned, the Company's performance for the year ended December 31, 2022 was a net profit of Baht 1,004.72 million or 18.32 % lower than last year.
- In term of profitability, apart from a strong net profit, from the consolidated financial statement the Company's return on investment (6.44%) and return on equity (7.10%).
- As of 31 December 2022, the Company's goodwill of Baht 1,926.10 million increased from last year due to the acquisition of health business and service (See note to financial statement no. 17). The return on assets of 4.36% was close to prior year.
- The liquidity ratio of 0.96% was lower than last year due to the acquisition of health business and service as mentioned above. In addition, the subsidiaries and associate's capital adequacy ratio of 364%* of AAGI, 306%* of AHI and 469%*, respectively, were much higher than the minimum requirement of 120%.
- The major capital expenditures in 2022 were investment in subsidiary, amounting to Baht 3,127.4 million from the business acquisition. The Amalgamation strengthens customer segment and distribution channel as well as strengthens the Group's market share in Thai non-life market.
- To manage factors that may affect the operations in the future, the Group strictly adheres
 to the risk management policy as mentioned in the Risk Management section and regularly
 reviews the policy.

^{*} The subsidiary and associate's capital adequacy ratio as of December 31, 2022 is unaudited

Statement of Financial Position

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		
	as at December 31		
	2022	2021	2020
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents, net	1,660,377	1,295,374	2,801,346
Premium due and uncollected, net	1,191,227	580,552	555,606
Accrued investment income	16,641	24,187	25,141
Reinsurance assets	1,983,484	1,923,852	2,060,737
Amounts due from reinsurers	354,944	569,982	439,285
Receivable from sale of securities	426	-	-
Investments in securities, net	6,963,055	8,793,852	7,384,276
Investment in an associate	6,480,922	9,492,515	11,252,204
Property, plant and equipment, net	65,565	46,170	53,896
Right-of-use asset, net	189,669	190,397	208,804
Goodwill	1,926,096	508,877	508,877
Intangible assets, net	172,388	84,731	77,032
Deferred tax asset, net	470,587	400,105	419,272
Deferred commission expenses	102,108	80,233	78,959
Other assets, net	335,061	149,422	142,127
Total assets	21,912,550	24,140,249	26,007,562
Liabilities and equity			
Liabilities			
Insurance contract liabilities	7,231,783	5,070,744	5,157,764
Amounts due to reinsurers	967,655	1,160,232	1,249,805
Payable from purchase of securities	1	-	1,2 13,003
Employee benefit obligations	158,542	135,407	151,266
Premium written received in advance	244,338	258,802	343,710
Commission and brokerage payables	148,452	121,109	99,257
Accrued expenses	521,802	406,612	460,023
Lease liabilities	193,546	197,784	207,876
Other liabilities	587,208	365,419	276,796
Total liabilities	10,053,327	7,716,109	7,946,497
Equity			
Share capital			
Authorised share capital			
463,473,361 ordinary shares of 1 Baht each	463,473	463,473	463,473
Issued and paid-up share capital			
389,266,931 ordinary shares of 1 Baht each	389,267	389,267	389,267
Premium on share capital	10,066,331	10,066,331	10,066,331
Retained earnings			
Appropriated	50.000	50.000	50.000
Legal reserve	50,000 2,479,121	50,000 3,790,996	50,000 3,126,145
Unappropriated Other components of equity	2,473,121	3,790,990	3,120,143
Surplus (discount) on investments measured at fair value			
	41,616	Ω7 / 27	//2 /EE
through other comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive income (loss) in an associate	(1,167,112)	97,437 2,030,109	43,455 4,385,867
	11,859,223	2,030,109 16,424,140	4,365,667 18,061,065
Total equity			
Total liabilities and equity	21,912,550	24,140,249	26,007,562

Statement of Comprehensive Income

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31

	for the ye	ear ended Decemi	per 31
	2022	2021	2020
Revenues			
Gross premiums written	8,031,778	5,584,707	5,676,918
<u>Less</u> premiums ceded	(1,830,002)	(1,608,289)	(1,564,003)
Net premiums written	6,201,776	3,976,418	4,112,915
Add (Less) Unearned premium reserve			
decreased (increased) from previous period	150,149	(84,019)	57,381
Net premiums earned	6,351,925	3,892,399	4,170,296
Fees and commission income	467,161	325,926	292,826
Net investment income	87,247	140,543	128,608
Gain (loss) on investments	(96,313)	(8,151)	(112,273)
Share of profit on investment in an associate	981,916	1,287,852	1,049,595
Service income	22,157	-	_
Other income (Reversal)	12,104	34,202	62,053
Total revenues	7,826,197	5,672,771	5,591,105
Expenses		, ,	, ,
Gross claim paid	4,222,280	2,537,959	3,456,194
(Less) Claim recovered from reinsurers	(387,886)	(485,380)	(981,646)
Commission and brokerage expenses	1,142,710	894,232	854,028
Other underwriting expenses	968,966	694,004	766,695
Cost of service	1,313	-	-
Operating expenses	997,724	754,034	839,182
Finance cost	6,968	6,922	4,652
Impairment loss on equity instruments (Reversal)	(172,699)	40,048	150,503
Expected credit loss (Reversal)	(1,491)	174	208
Total expenses	6,777,885	4,441,993	5,089,816
Profit before income tax	1,048,312	1,230,778	501,289
Income tax (expense) income	(43,585)	(749)	129,825
Net profit	1,004,727	1,230,029	631,114
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss			
Actuarial gain (loss) on defined employee benefits plans	(3,313)	24,614	_
Share of other comprehensive gain (loss) in an associate	17,435	18,253	(40,730)
Income tax related to items that will not be subsequently		·	, , ,
reclassified to profit or loss	(2,824)	(8,574)	8,146
Items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	, ,	, ,	•
Gain (loss) on revaluation of investment measured at fair value			
through other comprehensive income	(225,355)	39,383	131,873
Loss on sale of investment transferred to profit or loss	155,579	28,095	-
Share of other comprehensive loss in an associate	(3,996,527)	(2,944,697)	(460,245)
Income tax on items that will be subsequently reclassified			
to profit or loss	813,261	575,444	65,675
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year,			
net of income tax	(3,241,744)	(2,267,482)	(295,281)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	(2,237,017)	(1,037,453)	335,833
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share (Baht)	2.58	3.16	1.63
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Thousand Shares)	389,267	389,267	387,563

Financial ratio reflecting the financial position and performance of the company

Analysis of financial ratios		Consolidated financial statements		
Analysis of infancial ratios		2022	2021	2020
Liquidity ratio				
Current ratio	(TIMES)	0.96	1.60	1.62
Premium due and uncollected turnover	(DAYS)	40	37	42
Profitability ratio				
Retention rate	(%)	77.22	71.20	72.45
Loss incurred per earned premium	(%)	60.37	52.73	59.34
Underwriting profit per net premium written	(%)	14.08	14.52	8.94
Underwriting expense per earned premium	(%)	48.96	60.18	58.99
Return on investment	(%)	6.44	7.26	4.97
Net premium written per equity	(TIMES)	0.44	0.23	0.23
Net profit per total income	(%)	12.84	21.68	11.29
Return on equity	(%)	7.10	7.13	3.53
Efficiency ratio				
Return on asset	(%)	4.36	4.94	1.88
Assets turnover	(TIMES)	0.34	0.23	0.21
Financial ratio				
Debt to equity ratio	(TIMES)	0.85	0.47	0.44
Policy liability to capital fund	(TIMES)	0.61	0.31	0.29
Nonlife insurance risk reserve per equity	(TIMES)	0.42	0.19	0.17
Nonlife insurance risk reserve per total asset	(%)	22.82	13.01	11.95
Payout ratio	(%)	209.22	48.74	93.75
Data per share				
Per value	BAHT	1.00	1.00	1.00
Book value	BAHT	30.46	42.19	46.40
Net profit	BAHT	2.58	3.16	1.63
Dividend	BAHT	5.40*	1.54	1.52

^{*} The subsidiary and associate's capital adequacy ratio as of December 31, 2022 is unaudited

5. General and other important information

General information

General information	
Company's name	Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited
Security symbol	AYUD
Stock market	The Stock Exchange of Thailand
Industry sector	Finance / Insurance
Type of business	Investment holding company investing in insurance business
Company registration number	0107537001391
Registered Capital	Baht 463,473,361, divided into 463,473,361 shares at a par value of Baht 1 per share
Issued and paid-up share capital	Baht 389,266,931, divided into 389,266,931 shares at a par value of Baht 1 per share
Shareholding proportion	 Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited: 99.99% Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Public Company Limited: 31.97% Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited: 99.90% My Health Services (Thailand) Limited: 99.90% Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Company Limited: 99.80% Health Care Management Company Limited: 98.90% Minor Health Enterprise Company Limited: 99.85%
Head office	898 Ploenchit Tower, 7 th Floor Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Subdistrict, Pathumwan District, Bangkok 10330 Telephone: 02-305-7461 Website: www.ayud.co.th
Corporate secretary	Telephone: 02-305-7461 Email: cs@azay.co.th
Other references	
Registrar	Thailand Securities Depository Company Limited (TSD) The Stock Exchange of Thailand Building, 93, 14th Floor, Ratchadaphisek Road, Dindaeng Subdistrict, Din Daeng District, Bangkok 10400 Telephone: 02-009-9000 Fax: 02-009-9991 Website: www.set.or.th/tsd
Auditor	Ms. Sakuna Yamsakul Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 4906 and/or Mr. Paiboon Tunkoon Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 4298 and/or Mr. Boonlert Kamolchanokkul Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5339 and/or Ms. Sinsiri Tangsombat Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 7352 PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd 79/74-80 Bangkok City Tower, 15 th Floor, South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek Sub-district, Sathorn District, Bangkok 10120 Telephone: 02-844-1000 Fax: 02-286-5050 Website: www.pwc.com

Financial Institutions	 Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited Head office 1222 Rama III Road, Bang Phong Phang Subdistrict, Yan Nawa District, Bangkok 10120 Telephone: 02-296-2000 Ploenchit branch 550 Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Subdistrict, Pathum Wan District, Bangkok 10330 Telephone: 02-208-2000 Government Housing Bank Head office 63 Rama IX Road, Huai Khwang District, Bangkok 10310 Telephone: 02-645-9000 The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 968 HSBC Building, Rama IV Road, Silom Subdistrict, Bang Rak District, Bangkok 10500 Telephone: 02-614-5590 Standard Chartered Bank (Thai) Public Company Limited
	100 North Sathorn Road, Silom Subdistrict, Bang Rak District, Bangkok 10500 Telephone: 02-724-5380
Subsidiant Company	·
Subsidiary Company	Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited
Company registration number	0107554000259
Type of business Head Office	Non-life insurance 898 Ploenchit Tower, 7 th Floor, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Sub-district,
	Pathumwan District, Bangkok 10330 Telephone: 02-657-2555, 1292 (Customer Service) Fax: 02-657-2500 Website: http://gi.azay.co.th/
Registered capital	Baht 2,548,800,000
Paid-up capital	Baht 2,548,800,000
Subsidiary Company	Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited
Company registration number	0107555000503
Type of business	Health Insurance
Head Office	98 Sathorn Square Office Tower, 14th-15th Floor, North Sathorn Road, Khwaeng Silom, Khet Bangrak, Bangkok 10500 Telephone: 02-677-0000 Fax: 02-230-6500 Website: https://www.aetna.co.th/
Registered capital	Baht 20,000,000
Paid-up capital	Baht 20,000,000
Subsidiary Company	My Health Services (Thailand) Limited
Company registration number	0105561037365
Type of business	Patient healthcare services
Type of business	ratient healthcare services
Head Office	898 Ploenchit Tower, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Sub-district, Pathumwan District, Bangkok 10330 Telephone: 02-677-0900
	898 Ploenchit Tower, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Sub-district, Pathumwan District, Bangkok 10330

Subsidiary Company	Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Company Limited	
Company registration number	0105555146280	
Type of business	Investment in other companies	
Head Office	898 Ploenchit Tower, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Sub-district, Pathumwan	
	District, Bangkok 10330	
	Telephone: 02-677-0000	
Registered capital	Baht 100,000	
Paid-up capital	Baht 100,000	
Subsidiary Company	Health Care Management Company Limited	
Company registration number	0105539101471	
Type of business	Investment in other companies	
Head Office	98 Sathorn Square Office Tower, 14th Floor, North Sathorn Road,	
	Khwaeng Silom, Khet Bangrak, Bangkok 10500	
	Telephone: 02-677-0000	
Registered capital	Baht 12,000,000	
Paid-up capital	Baht 12,000,000	
Subsidiary Company	Minor Health Enterprise Company Limited	
Company registration number	0105537093994	
Type of business	Investment in other companies	
Head Office	98 Sathorn Square Office Tower, 14th Floor, North Sathorn Road,	
	Khwaeng Silom, Khet Bangrak, Bangkok 10500	
	Telephone: 02-677-0000	
Registered capital	Baht 2,000,000	
Paid-up capital	Baht 2,000,000	
Associate Company	Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Public Company Limited	
Company registration number	0107537001315	
Type of business	Life insurance	
Head Office	898 Ploenchit Tower, 7 th Floor, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Sub-district,	
	Pathumwan District, Bangkok 10330	
	Telephone: 02-305-7000, 1373 (Customer Service)	
	Fax: 02-305-7999	
	Website: www.azay.co.th	
Registered capital	Baht 4,000,000,000	
Paid-up capital	Baht 2,950,000,000	

Other important information

-no-

Legal dispute

As of December 31, 2022, based on the audited consolidated financial statement, the Company has no litigation with material risks which will have a significant negative impact on the operating performance and financial position of the Company more than 5% of shareholder equity.

Part 2 Management and Corporate Governance



6. Corporate Governance Policy

Overview of the corporate governance policy and the practice

Corporate Governance Policy

The Board of Directors highly values good corporate governance, particularly, the procedural fairness, responsibility, and honesty of the business operation, ensuring that the operations of the Company shall be carried out effectively and with stability, sustainably and increasing economic value for all relevant stakeholders. Internal policies governing operational management are based on the principles of economic sufficiency, rationale, integrity, ethics, transparency and fairness to all the relevant stakeholders with respect to human rights, adhering to the principles of good corporate governance as specified by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

The Company, by the approval of the Board of Directors, has set out a corporate governance policy which is communicated and to all-level employees. The Corporate Governance Committee has resolved to implement the CG Code in the Company. For the subsidiary AAGI and the associate AZAY, the CG Code shall be implemented in a form which is suitable for the business model of each company.

In 2022, the Company's CG score was assessed by Thai Institute of Directors as 5-star, the highest rating. The Company received an "Excellent" score in the sections shareholders' rights, equitable treatment of shareholders, disclosure and transparency, and a "Very Good" score in the section of responsibilities of the Board of Directors. In addition, in 2022, The Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Assessment Project (AGM Checklist), conducted in cooperation by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), the Thai Investors Association (TIA) and the Thai Listed Companies Association resulted in a full score of 98/100.

Ethical Treatment of Stakeholders

The Company is determined to conduct its business with accountability to all stakeholders leading to sustainable business development. To ensure the rights of all stakeholders, the Company specifies in the Company's Code of Conduct (available on our website at www.allianz.com/compliance) that the rights of stakeholders will be protected and that they will be treated equally and fairly. Sharing business benefit with all stakeholders makes the Company become a valued organization within the broader society.

The Company has established and disclosed its policies, including the treatment of each group of stakeholders with consideration to their rights under the law or agreements. The Company will not commit any act to violate the rights of those stakeholders.

Shareholders

Company focuses on growing its business by building longterm economic values for appropriate and fair returns. The dividend payment policy is based on operational performance of the company and the economic circumstances.

Customers

Company delivers services to customers with honesty and fairness and provides various communication channels to its customers, e.g. for general inquiry, investment, or complaint via the phone number 02-305-7374 or email: cs@azay.co.th

Employees

Company regards employees as essential resources to achieve our business target. Human resource policy and the Code of Conduct are established to be the guidance for the fair treatment of staff, including the remuneration, appointment, relocation as well as the development of the all employees' potential and competency through capability and leadership training.

Partners

Company values impartiality and integrity in the operation of the business as well as fair and mutual benefits with customers and partners, avoiding circumstances which may lead to conflict of interest. Trade agreements will be strictly adhered to and the Company has defined and appropriate policy for gifts and entertainment.

Competitors

Company adheres to fair competition and refrains from any unfair and dishonest practice which might be aimed at harming competitors.

Creditors

Company recognizes the importance of its liabilities to creditors and will strictly comply to creditor conditions as well as maintain a good relationship with the creditors to build trust and confidence and will not violate the creditors' rights.

Society, Community, and Environment

Company sets out a clear policy covering fair treatment and social responsibility and has developed a CSR Framework to be implemented by all departments of the Company. The Company values and participates in supporting three improvement of the quality of living of people and the community.

Government

Company operates its business in compliance with the law. The Company will cooperate with the relevant government organizations and provide relevant information as required.

Intellectual Property

Company complies with the intellectual property law and has the policy to not violate intellectual property rights.

Good governance practices in other aspects

Other than the main corporate governance policy, the Company has specified additional policies so that the operation of the Company is in accordance with the good governance practices, namely

- Conflict of interest policy
- Intellectual property policy
- Sanctioned countries and specially designated nationals (SDN) policy
- Internal control policy
- Operational overseeing policy
- Environment, health and safety policy
- Related-Party transactions policy

Anti-corruption

The Company was first certified as a member of Collective Action Coalition (CAC) on January 22, 2016 and continues to be a good role model and adhere to all aspects of anti-corruption prevention.

The Group and its associate company perform an annual assessment of fraud and corruption risks, including measuring risk levels, assessing internal controls and the effectiveness of mitigation activities and regular monitoring.

Anti-corruption and anti-money laundering are part of employee training and awareness is created through regular communication.

Significant changes and developments of the policy, practices, and corporate governance system in the previous year

Corporate Governance Policy and Business Ethics

The Board of Directors recognizes the importance of good corporate governance and therefore established the Corporate Governance Committee (CG Committee) for controlling, monitoring, assessing the operations of the Company.

In 2022, the Company adhered to the following principles of the CG Code:

	CG Code
Principle 1	Establish Clear Leadership Role and Responsibilities of the Board
Principle 2	Define Objectives that Promote Sustainable Value Creation
Principle 3	Strengthen Board Effectiveness
Principle 4	Ensure Effective CEO and People Management
Principle 5	Nurture Innovation and Responsible Business
Principle 6	Strengthen Effective Risk Management and Internal Control
Principle 7	Ensure Disclosure and Financial Integrity
Principle 8	Ensure Engagement and Communication with Shareholders

The Company has published the CG Code on the Company's website to be accessible for its shareholders and the Company commits to operate the business under the CG Code. The Company has distributed written handbooks to employees and motivated staff through training to raise awareness and build their understanding of good corporate governance in order that they perform their roles while adhering to moral principles.

Annual Evaluation of the Performance of the Board of Directors and Sub-committees

1. Annual Board Performance Self-Assessment

The Board of Directors conducts a performance self-evaluation once a year for both the Board of Directors as an entity as well as individual self-assessments of each Director.

The Annual Evaluation for the year 2022 was conducted on November 14, 2022. The result of the evaluation (see Table below) ranged from "good" to "very good" levels for both Board of Directors and the individual director evaluations. For this evaluation, the Company determined the criteria, process, and method of the evaluation. Also, the Company used the result of the previous evaluation to define improvement actions and follow-up.

Year of	Date of	Performance of the	Performance of the
Evaluation	Evaluation	Board of Directors	Individual Directors
2022	November 14, 2022	Good – Very Good	Good – Very Good

2. Subcommittee' self-assessment

Similarly, the Board of Directors arranges for the annual self-evaluation of every subcommittee (namely the Audit-, Nomination and Remuneration- and Corporate Governance Sub-Committees) as well as the individual self-assessment of each Director in the subcommittees. The criteria and evaluation process are consistent with those used for the evaluation of the Board of Directors. The resulting evaluation (in the Table below) ranged from "good" to "excellent" for the Board, individual Directors and the CEO.

Subcommittee			CEO	
(Audit Con	nmittee, and Nomina	tion and Remunerat	ion Committee)	
Year of	Date of	Performance of	Performance of	Performance
Evaluation	Evaluation	the Board of	the Individual	
		Directors	Director	
2022	November 14,	Good – Very	Good – Very	Excellent
	2022	Good	Good	

Development of the directors and the executives

The directors are encouraged to participate in seminars and training programs in the course which are beneficial to the performance of their duties. If there is an appointment of a new director, the Company will provide relevant documents to introduce him (her) to the Company and its business so that the director gains the understanding of the role and responsibilities required to perform his (her) duties. A list of the directors attending training and seminars held by the Thai Institute of Directors (IOD) are provided in the following QR Code, including executives and company secretary.



7. Corporate Governance Structure

♦ Principle 1 Establish Clear Leadership Role and Responsibilities of the Board

Corporate Governance Structure

Board of Directors

As of December 31, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors comprised 15 Directors

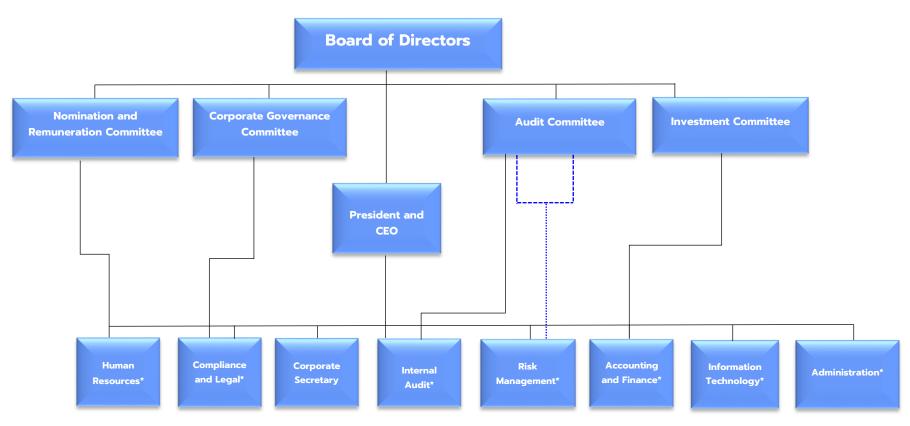
Name		Designation
1. Dr. Jamlong Ati	ikul	Chairman and Independent Director
2. Mr. Bryan Jame	s Smith	Vice-Chairman
3. Mr. Suwat Laich	naroensup	Independent Director/ Chairman of the Audit Committe
4. Mr. Vichit Korn	vityakoon	Independent Director/ Member of the Audit Committee
		Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee
5. Mr. Pasu Lohar	jun	Independent Director/Chairman of the Nomination and
		Remuneration Committee
6. Mr. Narong Chi	ulajata	Independent Director/ Member of the Audit Committee
7. Ms. Nopporn T	irawattanagool	Director/ Non-Executive Director/ Member of the Nomin
		and Remuneration Committee/ Member of the Corp
		Governance Committee
8. Mr. Laksna Tho	ngthai	Director/ Non-Executive Director
9. Mr. Thomas Ch	arles Wilson	Director/ Authorized Director/ Executive Director/ Pres
		& CEO
10. Mr. Aaron Mitc	hell Fryer*	Director/ Non-Executive Director
Mrs. Claudia Sa	ılem*	Director/ Non-Executive Director
11. Mr. Poh Heon E	īng**	Director/ Non-Executive Director
Mr. John-Paul J	ones**	Director/ Non-Executive Director
12. Mr. Lars Heibut	zki	Director/ Authorized Director/
		Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee
13. Mr. Kitti Pintavi	rooj	Director/ Authorized Director/Non-Executive Director
14. Mr. Jan-Christia	n Rosemeyer	Director/ Authorized Director/ Non-Executive Director
15. Ms. Jarunee Ch	aisupakitsin	Director/ Authorized Director/Executive Director/
		Chief Financial Officer

Note: * The resolution from the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 1/2022 on January 21, 2022 was approved to appoint Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer as a Director in replacement of Mrs. Claudia Salem who resigned with effective on January 1, 2022. Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer, as a Director/Non-Executive Director was effective from the completion date of registration with the Ministry of Commerce.

^{**} The resolution from the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 5/2022 on May 13, 2022 was approved to appoint Mr. Poh Heon Eng as a Director in replacement of Mr. John-Paul Jones who resigned with effective on June 30, 2022. Mr. Poh Heon Eng, as a Director/Non-Executive Director was effective from the completion date of registration with the Ministry of Commerce.

The Board of Directors appointed 4 Subcommittees as follows;

- (1) Audit Committee
- (2) Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- (3) Investment Committee
- (4) Corporate Governance Committee



^{*}Shared Central Function for Subsidiary and Associate Company. The Company receives their services through a service agreement.

New Director Orientation

The Board of Directors requires an orientation for all new Directors, coordinate by the company secretary, to foster the understanding of the business and internal policies and to support the Director to assume the position as quickly as possible.

In 2022, the Company had nominated two Directors:

- Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer was appointed as a new Director with effective date of January 21, 2022 to replace Mrs. Claudia Salem.
- 2. Mr. Poh Heon Eng was appointed as a new Director with effective date of June 30, 2022 to replace Mr. John-Paul Jones.

The Company provided newly appointed Directors an orientation according to the Company's Board Manual which included inter alia laws and regulations, important policies such as corporate governance policy and code of ethics.

Role of Stakeholders

The Company is determined to conduct its business with responsibility towards stakeholders by considering mutual business growth and benefit. Details are stated in Part 1 No. 3 Managing stakeholder impact on value chain and Part 2 No. 6 Corporate Governance Policy.

♦ Principle 2 Define Objectives that Promote Sustainable Value Creation

The Board of Directors sets the Company's goal to become a leading investment company that mainly invests in the insurance business, including life and non-life insurance, and investing in other businesses to increase the investment value and support the sustainable growth of a good society. The Company encourages social responsibility, good corporate governance, anti-corruption, and transparency in its business operation. The Company also aims to strengthen the knowledge for people and general investors regarding investment and wealth management through various insurance products, helping the country's economic growth sustainably. The Company commits to provide service with quality, ethics and transparency in terms of customers.

♦ Principle 3 Strengthen Board Effectiveness

Structure of the Company's Board of Directors

The Board of Directors functions responsibly based on the Company's objectives and Articles of Association by monitoring business performance to ensure effectiveness and alignment with its objectives in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Company has a management structure with a clear division of responsibility between the Board of Directors and Management with details as follows:

1. The Chairman of the Board is an Independent Director and not the same person as the President & CEO. The division of authority and power is clearly set according to good corporate governance practices and Company management structure.

The qualifications of an Independent Director are stricter than the requirements of Securities and Exchange Commission and the Capital Market Supervisory.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company has 15 members on its Board of Directors including:

- Two Executive Directors;
- Eight Non-Executive Directors;
- Five Independent Directors, or 33.33% of the Board of Directors.

Moreover, the Company encourages each Director to be trained and pass courses held by Thai Institution of Directors (IOD).

- 2. The Company appoints the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to be responsible for recruiting qualified Directors following the law and related regulations. The Board considers candidates without gender discrimination as defined in the Board Diversity policy. The role and responsibilities of appointed committee members and subcommittee members are clearly defined, with the President & CEO as the head of the executive team responsible to the Board of Directors for business operations and performance under the Charter of the Board of Directors.
- 3. The term of office of the Board of Directors is specified in the Company Article of Associations and adheres to the Public Company Limited Act B.E. 2535 (1992). The Director is appointed by the shareholders' meeting resolution or the Board of Director's meeting resolution. The Company does not restrict Directorship based on age or gender as it believes that expertise and experience in business are the most important. The following term conditions are relevant for the Board as well as Subcommittees of the Board:
 - a. The term of the Board or Committee members will be for a period of three years and members may be re-appointed upon term completion;
 - b. Members of the Committee may relinquish their position due to completion of the term, resignation, death or Board of Directors' resolution;
 - c. In the event of a vacancy due to other reasons, the Board of Directors shall appoint a person with full qualification to replace the departing member. The tenure and remuneration of the appointment shall be the remaining term and remuneration of the departing member.
- 4. The companies in which Directors hold positions are disclosed in the Annual Report. At present, the Company is assured that there are no negative effects arising from Directors holding positions in other listed companies and that all Directors have sufficient time allocated for the Company's matters with all attending meeting regularly to the Company's matters with all attending meetings regularly to the Company's benefit. The Company sets a limit on Directors holding no more than five positions in other listed companies.

Authorized Directors who can sign on behalf of the Company

As of December 31, 2022, the Authorized Directors who can sign on behalf of the Company are Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson, Mr. Lars Heibutzki, Mr. Kitti Pintavirooj, Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin and Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer. Any two out of the five can jointly sign and affix the Company's seal.

Scope of Authority and Duties of the Board of Directors

- To manage the Company's operations in compliance with the objectives and articles of association and with resolutions of the Company's meeting of shareholders with honesty and due care for the interests of the Company.
- To set goals, guidelines, policies, operating plans and budget of the Company, control and supervise the administration of the Board of Management, ensure the management has performed competently and in compliance with the policies prescribed in an efficient manner.
- 3. The Board of Directors may, as deemed appropriate, elect some Directors and management as members of the Board of Management and shall elect one member of the Board of Directors as its Chairman.
- 4. The Company issues the Company Code of Conduct Handbook for the Board of Directors, executives, and employees.
- 5. To manage conflicts of interest, the Company shall disclose any transactions connected or related parties as required under the SET regulations.
- 6. The Board of Directors places great importance on internal controls and mandates an independent internal audit department to monitor all internal controls and report to the Board regularly. In addition, some internal controls are audited by our independent external auditor, especially those surrounding financial statement preparation.
- 7. The Board of Directors recognizes the importance of managing risk and designates the Board of Management to establish the Risk Management Committee.

Board Meetings

Board of Directors meetings are scheduled not less than once every quarter. The agenda and minutes of the previous meeting, together with supporting documents, are submitted to the Board in advance to enable Directors to undertake adequate consideration and study of the information prior to attending the meeting. The Company Chairman will consolidate the opinions and conclusions reached during the meeting. Directors having a conflict of interest must leave the meeting during the consideration of the matter in question. All meetings are attended by the Board Secretary, who records and takes minutes, which are verified by the Chairman of the Board and the Corporate Secretary and which will be approved by the Board at the next meeting.

In 2022, the Company held 8 Board of Directors' meetings scheduled in advance with notification to all Directors. In the same year, more than 90% of the entire Board of Directors attended the meeting, and more than 75% of Directors participated all of the meetings throughout the year for both Board of Director's and various Subcommittees' meetings. The Company has a policy on the minimum quorum at the time of voting, which must be no less than half of the total number of Directors.

The Audit Committee and Head of Internal Audit Department shall schedule regular joint meetings with the Company's external auditor quarterly to consider the operating results and financial statements of the Company.

The Board of Directors has also delegated to the President the task of scheduling meetings of the Investment Committee (IC) quarterly. Additional meetings may be called in cases of urgency. Minutes of the Board of Directors meetings and of the Subcommittee meetings are recorded by the Board Secretary and the Subcommittee Secretary in writing. The minutes are filed at the Company's head office for convenient reference.

Job Description of Chief Executive Officer

- Formulate business plan and objectives of the organization as well as working procedures, ensuring that they correspond to rules, regulations and policies of the Company and relevant regulatory agencies, and propose them for consideration and approval by the Board;
- 2. Prepare annual business plan and budget for consideration and approval by the Board;
- 3. Manage the Company in accordance with the business plan and objectives as approved by the Board and monitor performance of tasks as assigned by the Board;
- 4. Supervise subordinates to ensure they perform their tasks and duties in accordance with specified objectives and plans;
- 5. Coordinate the formulation of solutions to problems that may occur in the Company's operation
- 6. Prepare HR and training plans to ensure they conform to business plans and policies of the Company; and
- 7. Perform other tasks as assigned by the Board

Responsibilities of the Corporate Secretary

- 1. Prepare and maintain the following documents:
 - a. Directors' Registry;
 - b. Notices for the Board of Directors' Meetings, Minutes of the Board of Directors' Meetings and Annual Report of the Board of Directors; and
 - c. Notices for the Shareholders' Meetings and Minutes of the Shareholders' Meetings.
- 2. Maintain the Report on Stake Holdings of Directors and Management
- 3. Carry out other tasks as assigned by the Board of Directors

Subcommittees

The Board of Directors appoints four Subcommittees, consisting of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Investment Committee, and Corporate Governance Committee. Some subcommittees include executive management who are not Directors.

Audit Committee

The Company established the Audit Committee on October 12, 1999. As of December 31, 2022, the Audit Committee comprises three independent Directors as follows:

No.	Name	Designation	Term	Meeting attendance in 2022
1	Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director	2.5 years	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
2	Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director	2 years	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
3	Mr. Narong Chulajata	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director	3 months	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)

Ms. Wannaporn Ngamsukhonratana, Head of Country Internal Audit was appointed as Secretary of the Audit Committee. Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon and Mr. Narong Chulajata, have extensive knowledge and experience to review the reliability of the financial reports.

Audit Committee Charter

Purpose

The Board of Directors appoints the Audit Committee (AC) to act and express independent opinions and to provide support to the Board in the following topics:

- To review financial information proposed to the shareholders and stakeholders;
- To review the internal control system determined by Management and the Board;
- To supervise internal audits and communicate with auditors of the Company;
- To consider connected party transactions or transactions in which a conflict of interest may
- To supervise and review the process and the implementation concerning anti-corruption measures;
- To review the compliance with the laws regarding securities and the stock exchange, SET regulations, and laws concerning the Company's business;
- To review the good corporate governance policy and practices as specified by Supervisory units.

In performing its duty, the Audit Committee is responsible to the Board of Directors.

Authority

The Audit Committee has the following authorities:

- 1. Consider, select, and propose for appointment capable persons having independence to perform the duty as the external auditors of the Company to the Board of Directors, together with annual audit fee, in order to obtain approval from an Annual General Meeting;
- 2. Review the scope of work and other consult engagements, if any, performed by the external auditors or external audit firms and determine the remuneration of external auditors by proposing to the Board of Directors;
- 3. Consider and resolve any disagreements between Management and the external auditors regarding financial reporting;

- 4. Audit Committee is authorized to audit and investigate employees and related internal audit control matters within the scope of its authority and duty. The Audit Committee has the authority to employ specialists to help audit and investigate as it considers suitable at the Company's expense.
- 5. Investigate or audit suspicious behaviour that Directors, managers, or persons in charge of the operations of the business of the Company who may have committed an offense;
- 6. The roles and duties as a member of the Audit Committee are additional to those of the Company's Board of Directors;

The Audit Committee must not perform any roles or duties other than those specified in the Audit Committee Charter unless there are regulations or laws or assignments from the Company's Board of Directors to allow so, with the agreement of the Audit Committee.

Composition

The Audit Committee must comprise at least three independent Directors who are qualified in accordance with the SEC and SET regulations. The Board of Directors appoints the members to the Audit Committee with a four-year term and these members may be re-appointed.

Meetings

The Audit Committee should organize at least four meetings per annum to consider the quarterly financial statements. The Audit Committee may invite management or persons involved to attend meetings and provide relevant information. The Audit Committee members can attend each meeting in person or via electronic meeting.

The resolution of the Audit Committee is made by majority vote. If the result of the vote is tied, the chairman of the meeting shall have the deciding vote.

Any member with any interest in the related topic cannot vote on that topic.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Nomination & Remuneration Committee on January 19, 2007. As of December 31, 2022, the committee comprises three members, one independent Director and two non-executive Directors, each with a three-year term.

No.	Name	Designation	Meeting attendance in 2022
1	Mr. Pasu Loharjun	Chairman, Independent Director	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
2	Ms. Nopporn Tirawattanagool	Member, Non-Executive Director	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
3	Mr. Lars Heibutzki	Member, Non-Executive Director	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)

Ms. Juntana Chinwonno, Head of Country Human Resources was appointed as Secretary of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee since June 13, 2019.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter

Objectives

The Board of Directors sets the directives for the Nomination & Remuneration Committee to propose policies for recruitment and compensation for the Board of Directors, to be carried out with transparency, fairness, and in accordance with regulations and related laws.

Composition

The Committee must be comprised of at least three non-executive Directors, one of whom must be an independent Director.

Qualifications

Committee members must possess knowledge, qualifications, and understanding of the role and responsibilities of Nomination & Remuneration Committee members.

Scope of Responsibilities

- 1. Identify and nominate candidates for all committees and subcommittees with a direct reporting line to the Board of Directors for the approval.
- Consider and propose overall nomination and remuneration policies and other benefits for Directors and members of subcommittees to the Board of Directors to consider for approval.
- 3. Consider and review the structure of the Company to ensure appropriateness and efficiency.
- 4. Consider and select the methodology for a Director's self-assessment process that is in line with SEC regulations and make a recommendation to the Board of Directors.
- 5. Prepare the annual nomination and remuneration report to be disclosed in the Company's annual report and signed by the Chairman of Nomination & Remuneration Committee.
- 6. Perform other duties as assigned by the Board of Directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is directly responsible to the Board of Directors in accordance with their assigned duties and responsibilities.

Meetings

- 1. Meetings will be held quarterly and may invite Management or senior executives or related persons to join or submit documents as deemed appropriate.
- 2. A quorum of the Committee shall be no less than two out of three members, and, in case of necessity, the meeting may also be held via teleconference or other communication methods as deemed appropriate.
- 3. In casting votes, each member's vote is equal to one vote, and the Committee is ruled by majority. If the votes are even, the Chairman has the casting vote.
- 4. Members with conflicts of interest in any agenda cannot vote on such agenda, except for the agenda regarding remuneration for the entire Board of Directors.
- 5. Secretary of the Committee will be designated from Human Resources Function.

Reporting

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee's resolution must be proposed to the Board of Directors for acknowledgement, agreement, and approval - or ratified in case of emergency to protect the interests of the Company.

Performance Assessment

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall assess the performance of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and report the results of the annual assessment to the Board of Directors.

Criteria selection and appointment of Director and Top Management

Criteria		
Type of Director	New Director	Current Director
1.1 Director	 Qualified by law, rules and regulation and Company's Articles of Associations. Be a versatile or qualified person (Board Diversity) of profession that can be value-added to perform as Director Be able to fulfil board size, considering board diversity by Board Skill Matrix from skillset, expertise from Industry Knowledge, accounting and finance to be aligned with corporate strategy Be considered of Conflict of Interest Be consent to disclose profile as a Nominee Director 	 Past performance Useful suggestion and opinion Time sacrifice to the organization Individual participation regarding to Directors' activities
1.2 Independent Director	supervisory notification and capita Commission, Thailand (SEC). Aligned by definition of Company' into the 56-1 One Report / Annual R	

To substitute vacancy of Director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall propose the qualified name lists to the Board of Directors. The resolution of the Board of Directors shall consist of not less than three-quarters (3/4) of the remaining Directors The person to replace the Director shall hold office for the remaining term of the member he/she replaces.

Investment Committee

The Board of Directors approved the scope of duties of the Investment Committee, including objectives, compositions, term and responsibilities of Investment Committee members. As of December 31, 2022, the Investment Committee comprised the following members:

No.	Name	Designation	Meeting attendance in 2022
1	Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	Chairman	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
2	Mrs. Ritu Arora	Member	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
3	Mr. Surajak Kotikula	Member	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
4	Mr. Poh Heon Eng*	Member	2/2 (including 2 electronic meeting)
	Mr. Jan Christian Rosemeyer*	Member	2/2 (including 2 electronic meeting)
5	Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	Member	4/4 (including 3 electronic meeting)
6	Representative from Allianz Asia Pacific (AZAP Risk Representative)	Guest	4/4 (including 3 electronic meeting)

^{*} Mr. Poh Heon Eng was appointed as a member of the Investment Committee, effective from April 30, 2022 to replace Mr. Jan Christian Rosemeyer.

Scope of Authority of the Investment Committee

1. Composition and qualifications

The Board of Directors appoints the President & CEO as the Chairman of the Investment Committee. The Directors of the Investment Committee shall be:

- President & CEO
- Allianz Country Chief Investment Officer
- Allianz Country Chief Financial Officer
- Allianz Regional Chief Investment Officer of Allianz Investment Management
- Allianz Regional Chief Risk Officer (guest)

The secretary of the President & CEO or a person appointed by the Chairman of the Investment Committee may be assigned as Secretary of the Committee.

2. Terms of Investment Committee Members

There is no fixed term for members.

3. Meetings and Vote Casting

3.1 The Investment Committee will form a quorum when all Members have been invited and at least three, including the Chairperson or a member named by the Chairperson, participates in the meeting. Participation is also possible by video conference or telephone. Absent members who do not participate may vote in written form, by

- telephone, by fax, or via electronic means. Absent members must be informed of the resolutions adopted as soon as practical.
- 3.2 Resolutions will be taken by a simple majority of votes cast. In case of a tie, the Chairperson has a casting vote.
- 3.3 The Chairperson, in due course, has the right to veto a resolution of the Investment Committee veto right). If the Chairperson exercises this veto right, the resolution is deemed not to be adopted.
- 3.4 Guests invited for special agenda items (Ad-Hoc Guests) have no voting rights. Ad-Hoc Guests may at any time be excluded from Investment Committee meetings.
- 3.5 Any member of the Boards of Management of the Companies, whether a member of the Investment Committee or not, who objects to a resolution taken by the Investment Committee concerning the Company on which he is a member of the Board, may call for a resolution on the issue.
- 3.6 There shall be at least two meetings a year.

4. Responsibilities

The Committee has the following goals and responsibilities with respect to the Company's investment activities, to be exercised within the Company's delegated authorities, policies, and guidelines:

- Adherence to Investment Management Process and Related Corporate Rules
- Specifications of Asset Allocation
- Specification of Capital Structure and Liquidity Positions
- Definition of Derivative Strategies
- Approval of Investment-related Contracts
- Specification of Asset Management Mandates
- Approval of Merger and Acquisition Transactions
- Approval of Individual Investment Transactions
- Approval and Updating of Rules

Corporate Governance Committee

The Company established a Corporate Governance Committee on February 28, 2012, with the objective to assist and support the Board of Directors in controlling and monitoring the operations of the Company and its subsidiary to comply with the Company's regulations, the governing laws, and the Company's corporate governance policies.

Composition

The Corporate Governance Committee must consist of at least three members. The Chairman of the Committee must be an independent Director and must be appointed by the Chairman of the Board. The Secretary of the Committee must be appointed by the Board of Directors.

Term

Members of the Corporate Governance Committee will have a term of three years and additional members may be added, with terms specified as per the directive of their appointments.

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporate Governance Committee comprised four members. The participation of the Committee is as follow:

No.	Name	Designation	Meeting attendance in 2022
1	Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	Chairman and Independent Director	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
2	Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	Member	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
3.	Ms. Nopporn Tirawattanagool	Member	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)
4	Ms. Narissara Udomvongsa	Member and Secretary	4/4 (including 4 electronic meetings)

Corporate Governance Committee Charter

The current Charter of the Corporate Governance Committee was approved by the Board of Directors Meeting No. 1/2021 on February 25, 2021.

Meetings

The Committee will meet at least once every quarter. Any member may call a meeting of the Committee. Members of the Committee must be notified at least three days in advance. At least half of the Committee members constitutes a quorum. The Committee may invite any Management or relevant persons to join the meeting as it is deemed appropriate. Decisions shall be based on a majority of the attending members and the Chairman will have a casting vote in case of a tie vote. The Chairman or Secretary of the Committee shall report all resolutions or suggestion of activities to the Board of Directors.

Scope of Responsibilities

The Committee's responsibilities include the following:

• Good Corporate Governance Practices

- 1. Set good corporate governance principles, key compliance conditions, and processes for effective implementation as appropriate for the Company;
- 2. Recommend on good corporate governance to the Board of Directors;
- 3. Review the announcement of good corporate governance to be reported to the Board of Directors;
- 4. Recommend a Code of Best Practices for the Board of Directors or propose Charter for the Board of Directors and all the appointed committees;
- 5. Review and report the good corporate governance to the Board of Directors and recommend for improvement as appropriate;
- 6. Review and propose public announcements regarding the Company's corporate governance;
- 7. Oversee the Company's corporate social responsibilities and ESG disclosures;
- 8. Oversee effective corporate governance, from principles to practice;
- 9. Regularly review the Corporate Governance Committee Charter;

- 10. Review and recommend on the assessment form and the results of the performance of the Company's Directors for subsequent proposal to the Board of Directors;
- 11. Appoint the Secretary of the Committee as deem appropriate

Adherence to Compliance

- 1. Supervise normal business to be compliance with the regulations and law
- 2. Oversee adherence to other laws and regulations as applied to stakeholders, such as shareholders, suppliers, customers, and employees.

Internal control and audit systems

The Board of Directors has assigned the Risk Management Department and the Risk Management Committee to be responsible for policies and duties related to the Company's risk management and propose to the Board for approval.

The Company has established an internal audit department, which is under the Audit Committee's supervision, to review the assessment of the internal control system and risk management. The internal audit department must audit, follow-up and supervise a financial report control system, including operating guidelines and reporting to relevant government agencies guideline. Until today, the Company has performed its business per accounting standards and financial reporting standards of the Federation of Accounting Professions under the Royal Patronage and the SET and the SEC regulations and other relevant government agencies.

♦ Principle 4 Ensure Effective CEO and People Management

The Company has transparent criteria and procedures for nominating Directors and Senior Executives. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will nominate Directors and Senior Executives with the requirements based on qualifications, knowledge, abilities, work experience, and dedication to work. There shall be no gender restrictions for the nomination, taking into account any prohibited characteristics by-laws, relevant rules, and corporate governance principles, creating diversity in the Board structure. If the Company has a strategy to conduct a new business other than the existing business, the nomination should aim to recruit a person who has qualifications and experience to match the new business and propose to the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting for approval.

♦ Principle 5 Nurture Innovation and Responsible Business

The Company regulates and manages information technology at the corporate and regional levels through the IT Steering Committee of the subsidiary and the associate company by the Information Technology Department as the IT risk manager, which is a part of Operation Risk. The Company shall monitor and report to the Allianz Group Risk Management Committee, including the report of subsidiaries and affiliates. The Company also has an Internal Audit Department and group auditors who conduct an IT technical audit and report the results to the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors, and the IT Steering Committee, respectively. The improvement progress shall be reported to the said Committee quarterly or monthly, as the case may be.

♦ Principle 6 Strengthen Effective Risk Management and Internal Control

In respect to Enterprise-wide risk management, the Company has established Risk Appetite criteria in various areas to be used as a guideline in formulating strategies and business plan including the Company's annual operating plan, which is approved by the Risk Management Committee and the Board of Directors. The assessment criteria cover key risks across all dimensions and areas that the Company may confront, both internally and externally. The Company determines Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) to align with the above Risk Appetite. Reports must be regularly reported to the relevant Executives to be used to manage and prevent risks that may occur to the Company in the future. Details are described in the topic of risk management.

♦ Principle 7 Ensure Disclosure and Financial Integrity

The Company gives importance to the public disclosure of financial and other information through various channels, taking into account accuracy, sufficiency, timeliness, and equality in providing information to all related parties. Towards this end, the Company has done the following::

1. Long-term goal

The Company has a 3-year plan which shall be reviewed annually. To reach the goal, the Company has developed an appropriate plan, including the requirement of being a socially responsible organization in all aspects of its operation.

2. The efficiency of financial report disclosure process and disclosure of important information in accordance with the requirements of a listed company.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the financial reporting system and the disclosure of important information is correct, adequate, timely and complies with the rules and regulations, and relevant standards and guidelines.

3. Quality of financial reports

The Board of Directors has prepared a Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for Financial Reporting, together with the auditor's report in the annual report, which is signed by the Chairman of the Board and the President & CEO. The Company has disclosed the information on the Company's website. Also, the Company has prepared Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) for financial statements quarterly. The objective is to provide investors with information and to better understand the changes in the Company's financial position and operating results.

♦ Principles 8 Ensure Engagement and Communication with Shareholders

1. Shareholders' Rights

1.1 The right to disclosure of information The Company provided the disclosure of information on company performance, including related party transactions, and significant information for shareholders to make decision.

- 1.2 The right to attend shareholders' meeting: Company holds the Annual General Meeting shareholders once a year within 120 days of the closing date of the Company's fiscal year. The rights of shareholders were exercised with full support from the Board of Directors as evidenced by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 73 held on Friday, April 29, 2022 via electronic method (E-AGM). The Company issued the notice of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and meeting material in Thai and English. For the delivery of the notice of the meeting.
 - The Company entrusted the Securities Depository (Thailand) Company Limited, the Company's Share Registrar, to send notice of the meeting together with the annual report in the format of QR Code as well as supporting documents to the shareholders. The notice specified the date, time and venue of the meeting, agendas of the meeting, details of the agenda items such as objectives and facts, rationale, adequate and clear recommendation of the Board of Directors, as well as the voting process and the right of the vote. The notice and documents were published on the Company's website no less than 30 days in advance of the date of the meeting so that the shareholders will have adequate time for reviewing the material. On March 28, 2022, the Company published the Invitation Letter for the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (No. 73) via electronic method (E-AGM) and Guideline on identity verification and process to attend the E-AGM (Friday, April 29, 2022) on the Company's Website.
 - The Company provided proxy forms attached to the notice of the meeting in the format defined by the Ministry of Commerce, through which the shareholders may specify their opinion in the voting. The proxy form was sent to the shareholders no later than 7 days in advance of the meeting and a copy of the form was also submitted to the Ministry of Commerce and the regulators supervising of the companies. The shareholders can also download the proxy form under the Investor Relations page via www.ayud.co.th.
 - Shareholders who were unable to attend the meeting in person were able to grant proxies to others, to independent Directors or to non-executive Director specified by the Company to attend the meeting on their behalf and cast votes on resolutions.
 - The notices were announced in a daily newspaper for three consecutive days at least three
 days before the meeting date. As a result, shareholders attended the meeting regularly. The
 registration of attendance was carried out smoothly at least two hours before the meeting.
 An appropriate reception was also provided.
 - Minority shareholders were provided with the opportunity to propose agenda items, nominate candidates with appropriate qualifications for the Board of Directors, and submit their inquiries to the Company prior to the meeting. At the Shareholders Meeting No. 73, the Company asked shareholders for additions to the agenda and called for nominations for the Board of Directors and inquiries during November 23, 2021 to January 31, 2022, prior to the delivery of the notice of meeting to shareholders. The criteria to exercise these rights were clearly specified as announced via www.ayud.co.th and the SET system.
 - The Company sent the 2022 notice of the meeting and all supporting documents on March 28, 2022 equivalent to 21 days in advance, based on the earlier AGM date on April 29, 2022, to provide shareholders with adequate information on all agenda items requiring a vote.
 - The Company provided for shareholders who attended the meeting, after its commencement, to be entitled to cast votes on agenda items under consideration and not

yet decided and to be counted as part of the quorum on the agenda item under consideration unless shareholders had a difference of opinion.

- At the shareholders meeting, prior to proceeding to the agenda, the Chairman assigned the Corporate Secretary to announce the following:
 - The number and proportions of shareholders present at the meeting and the number of proxies granted.
 - Introduced Board members, senior management, and auditors who attended to the meeting to the shareholders.
 - Provided an explanation on voting and vote-counting procedures. The method of voting for each agenda item shall be open voting.
 - The Chairman allocated adequate time for the meeting and allowed shareholders equal
 opportunity to propose and inquire fully. All questions were answered clearly and
 directly to the point throughout the meeting. The meeting minutes were correctly
 recorded with resolutions and votes of all stakeholders summarized with transparency
 and fairness.
 - For the agenda item on electing the Directors, the qualifications of the candidates to replace Board members whose tenure were up were summarized and recorded. Board members were elected individually, with all voting recorded: agree/disagree/abstain votes, and invalid ballots.
 - The Company's shareholding structure and ten major shareholders as at the latest closing date of the Company's Share Registration Book were publicly disclosed. This information is also available on the Company's website. The Company operates with the aim of creating sustainable growth and providing appropriate rate of returns for shareholders.
 - All members of the Board and relevant Management placed utmost importance on attending the annual general meeting and fully attended to provide information to shareholders and answered all shareholder inquiries.
 - In 2022, the Company organized the Annual General Meeting No. 73 on April 29, 2022.
- On the AGM date on April 29, 2022, altogether 13 Directors or 86% of total Directors attended the meeting via electronic mode, including the Chairman of the Board, Chairman of the Subcommittees, CEO, subcommittee members, the external auditors and external lawyer acting as the voting inspector of the Meeting. The E-AGM system operated by Inventech System (Thailand) Company Limited, showing the registration number of each shareholder, was used to register attendance and votes. The shareholder's attending records were entered into the Company's database and may be audited at a later date. The entire meeting was also videotaped and published as clip file via www.ayud.co.th.

2. Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

- **2.1 Company issued the notice of the shareholders' meeting, materials and the proxy form in Thai and English**: Shareholders can participate in the deliberations and cast their votes in accordance with the agenda. The right to vote at the meeting is in accordance with the number of shares held, with one share equaling to one vote.
- **2.2 Protecting minority shareholder rights:** The Company provides the opportunity for every shareholder to propose meeting agenda items, to nominate person who has the appropriate qualifications as the Director, and to submit their inquiries in advance. Prior to sending out the notice for the annual general shareholders meeting, the Company

gives the opportunity to shareholders to propose meeting agenda items or to nominate Directors of the Company. The Company sets clear procedures on how these rights are to be exercised, including the time period for exercising these rights, qualifications of shareholders with rights to propose agenda items / nominate Director candidates, supporting documents and details, criteria of the Company to consider adopting the proposal as the agenda items or nomination, channels to propose, and channels to provide results of the consideration with rationales from the Board of Directors. All of this information is published on the Company website: www.ayud.co.th

E-Voting system was used for the vote counting process. The vote counting will be done by deducting the number of "Disapprove" or "Abstain" ballots from the total number of shareholders and their proxies present at the Meeting. Shareholders can vote as they see fit. Ballots are collected in cases of disapprovals or abstentions in any agenda item via electronic system. The results are then aggregated and processed with the total number of votes in attendance at the meeting before the announcement of the final votes at the resolution of the meeting. The Company uses the electronic system to summarize the voting results of each agenda item and displays them on a screen for all shareholders to acknowledge simultaneously at the meeting. In addition, the ballots are kept at the head office in Bangkok and are open to inspection after the conclusion of the meeting. Meeting minutes are recorded accurately and comprehensively and signed by the presiding Chairman. The minutes are sent to the SET within 14 days of the annual general meeting and published on the Company's website in both Thai and English to provide a channel for shareholders to acknowledge and examine information without having to wait for the next meeting. The AGM minutes are submitted to the Ministry of Commerce within the deadline prescribed by law.

The Company discloses information on shareholding structure and shares held by the Board in the 56-1 One Report /Annual Report. Company's Articles of Association states the shareholder's right to vote at a meeting on the election of Directors in accordance with the number of shares held, with one share equaling one vote. A resolution of the shareholders' meeting must be passed by majority vote. If the number of votes is even, the Chairman of the meeting retains the casting vote.

2.3 Preventing the misuse of insider information: The Company has a policy for its Directors and executives regarding disclosing shareholding of the Directors and executives. The Directors and executives must sign an acknowledgement of the relevant announcement of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), under the SEC notifications and Section 59 of the Securities & Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (1992), that which requires the Company's Directors, including their spouses and minor children, executives and those who are in relation with the Directors and/or the executives to report any change in their securities holding within three business days from the date of such change and to send copies of these reports to the Company Secretary to submit to the Board of Directors. The report of the securities held by those persons are also required to be disclosed in the 56-1 One Report/Annual Report of the Company. The Board is also aware of the penalties for violations of these regulations.

Moreover, the Company monitors the use of the insider information as specified in its Code of Conduct which has been communicated to everyone in the organization as well as conducting regularly monitoring of compliance.

3. Disclosure and transparency

The Board of Directors is responsible for financial statements and financial information in the annual report which have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted Thai accounting standard and practice. The accounting policies have been selected to be suitable for the business and have been appropriately implemented. Furthermore, additional significant financial information disclosures are provided in a section of Notes to the Financial Statements. The Board of Directors appoints an Audit Committee comprising of independent Directors to be responsible for the quality of financial statements and internal control system.

4. Report on Changes in Securities Holdings of the Company's Directors and Executives

The Report on Changes in Securities Holdings of the Company's Directors and Executives as defined by the SEC, including the number of shares held by related persons under Sections 59 and 258 of the Securities Exchange Commission Act and including both direct and indirect holdings. There is no change on securities holdings of directors and executive as of December 31, 2022, compared with 2021.

5. Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

Annual Board Assessment

A performance assessment for the Board of Directors as a whole and for individual Directors is conducted annually. The assessment is divided into 4 main topics according to the guidelines of the SET, namely (1) the structure and qualifications of the Directors (2) the roles, duties and responsibilities of the Directors (3) the Board meeting (4) other matters (Directors' performance, relationship with the management, self-development of Directors, and self-development of Executives). An assessment of the performance of the Audit Committee and its individual Directors is also conducted annually. The assessment is divided into 3 main topics according to the guidelines of the SET, namely (1) the structure and qualifications of the Committee (2) the Board of Directors meeting (3) duties, roles and responsibilities of the Committee. Following the assessment, the Company Secretary summarizes the results and proposes the performance assessment of the Board of Directors to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee which then proposes actions for improvement of operational efficiency to the Board of Directors.

Executives according to the definition of the SEC

The first four executives succeeding the manager and every person holding the position equivalent to the fourth rank are as follows.

- 1. Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson President & CEO
- 2. Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin CFO

Company Secretary

Ms. Narissara Udomvongsa* Company Secretary

*The Board of Directors Meeting No. 8/2022 on November 14, 2022 resolved to appoint Ms. Narissara Udomvongsa to be the Company Secretary according to section 89/15 of the Securities and Exchange Act (No. 4) B.E. 2551 (2008).

Company's Auditors and their Remuneration

The Group and its associate company paid the audit fee to PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd., and the Aetna Thai entities paid the audit fee to EY Office Co., Ltd. as external auditors for 2022. Nevertheless, PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd. do not have any relation or any conflict of interest with the Company, the Executives, or the Major Shareholders, or anyone related to the aforementioned people. The details of audit fee for the year 2022 are as follow;

Audit fee

In 2022, The Group and its associate company paid the audit fee of Baht 18.07 million to the office of Auditors, comprising the Company, its subsidiaries company and associate company's audit fees of Baht 2.93 million, Baht 8.18 million and Baht 6.96 million, respectively. No other audit fee had been paid to the auditors or related parties to the auditors and the Auditors' office.

Non-Audit Fee and Non-Audit Service

There is no payment for other services of the Group and its associate company for the year 2022.

There are no engagements of the office of the Auditors and its related parties to provide the non-audit work that it would involve any conflict of interest or any review of their own work which would contaminate the independence judgement of the Auditors.

8. Key Performance of Corporate Governance Report

Summary of the Directors' Performance

- In 2022, the Directors took consideration and approved matters related to the Company's
 operations. In addition, the Directors supervised managing division to operate in
 accordance with the set policy and plans efficiently and effectively to proliferate the
 sustainable economic value to the Company, shareholders and the interests of all parties
 involved.
- 2) The Directors communicated the strategy, goal and performance of the Company to the Directors, executives and employees throughout the organization.
- 3) The Directors formulated the written corporate governance policy. In assessing the policy implementation, it found that the Companies well complied with the Principles of Good Corporate Governance.
- 4) The Directors publicized the written manuals of the Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct for the Company to facilitate all directors, executives and employees to understand the ethical standards used by the Company in business operations as well as following-up the compliance to Codes regularly.
- 5) The Directors established the clear guideline on conflicts of interest and oversaw the implementation of the specified policies and disclose information correctly.
- 6) The Directors established the risk management policy.
- 7) The Directors stipulated the internal control and audit systems by assigning the Internal Audit Division and the Compliance Division to supervise, audit and report the audit results to the Audit Committee prior to further submission to the Board of Directors.
- 8) The Directors appointed Subcommittees with all necessary details i.e. name of the Subcommittee, role and responsibility e.g. the number of meeting, report, and performance evaluation of the Subcommittee. The detail is given in Part 2 No. 7 under the topic "Corporate Governance Structure".

Approval Authorization

- 1) The Company specified the approval authorization for transactions of the Company according to the credit limit by dividing into levels in order to prevent any person having the full authority to the transaction that may cause risks to the Company. In addition, the said authorization is approved and reviewed by the Directors regularly.
- 2) The Directors determined the vision and mission of the Company for executives and employees to share work objective and direction. The Directors annually reviewed and approved the vision, mission, strategy, goal and business direction of the Company including key policies to be appropriate and consistent with business operations in accordance with the Principles of Good Governance and Corporate Governance Code.
- 3) The Directors monitored the execution of the Company's strategy by having the following-up meeting quarterly among the Directors in respect of financial goals and various plans in order to be in accordance with the set strategies.

Nomination, Development and Performance Evaluation of the Directors

The Company has transparent criteria and processes for the selection of directors and executive level. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for nomination of directors and executive based on qualifications, knowledge, competency, working experience, non-gender restrictions, and full dedication of responsibility, having no prohibited characteristics by law, relevant rules, CG Code and the Fit and Proper Policy from Allianz Group.

Succession Plan

The Board of Directors sets out a succession plan for executive level and in the primary line of work, by taking into account the performance, potentials and readiness of each person. In this regard, the Company makes preparations for those potential successors in the development of their knowledge, competency and skills as required for their work positions for succession in the event that the President & CEO or executives in the key positions are not able to perform duties.

The Board of Directors may consider Professional Search Firm or Director Pool from the SEC's website for recruiting new director. The Company sets up a human resource management system with sufficient allocation, control and following up of the assessment in respect of nomination process for qualified and knowledgeable persons as required; appropriate and fair remuneration; determination of duties and responsibilities, performance of personnel; performance standard; personnel development; and efficient communication, to ensure staff knowledge and skills, by applying a performance evaluation system in support of consideration of remuneration as appropriate for staff ability and performance.

Independent Directors

The Company sets the qualifications of "Independent Directors" more stringent than the requirements by the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand (SEC) and the Capital Market Supervisory Director (CMSB). The definition and qualification of Independent Directors are mentioned on Section 7 Corporate Governance Structure, Principle 3 Strengthen Board Effectiveness.

Meeting Attendance and Remuneration of the Directors

Board of Directors

As of December 31, 2022, the Board of Directors consisting of 15 directors, held a total of eight meetings and one general meeting of shareholders as follows:

Na	Nome	Turns of Divertor	Position	_	attendance 2022
No.	Name	Type of Director	Position	Board of Directors	Shareholders
1.	Dr. Jamlong Atikul	Independent Director	Chairman	8/8	1/1
2.	Mr. Bryan James Smith	Non-Executive Director	Director (Vice Chairman)	8/8	1/1
3.	Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup	Independent Director	Director	8/8	1/1
4.	Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	Independent Director	Director	8/8	1/1
5.	Mr. Pasu Lorharjun	Independent Director	Director	8/8	1/1
6.	Mr. Narong Chulajata	Independent Director	Director	8/8	1/1
7.	Miss Nopporn Tirawattanagool	Non-Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
8.	Mr. Laksna Thongthai	Non-Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
9.	Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	Authorized Director, Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
10.	Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer ²	Non-Executive Director	Director	7/8	0/1
11.	Mr. Lars Heibutzki	Authorized Director, Non-Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
12.	Mr. Kitti Pintavirooj	Authorized Director, Non-Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
13.	Mr. Poh Heon Eng³	Non-Executive Director	Director	3/3	-/-
14.	Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer	Authorized Director, Non-Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
15.	Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	Authorized Director, Executive Director	Director	8/8	1/1
	Mr. Jon-Paul Jones ⁴	Non-Executive Director	Director	4/5	0/1
	Mrs. Claudia Salem ⁵	Non-Executive Director	Director	-/-	-/-

^{1/} Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer was appointed as a director in replacement of Mrs. Claudia Salem in accordance with the Board resolution No. 1/2022 on January 21, 2022;

²/Mr. Poh Heon Eng was appointed as a director in replacement of Mr. Jon-Paul Jones in accordance with the Board resolution No. 5/2022 on May 13, 2022 with an effective on June 30, 2022;

^{3/} Mr. Jon-Paul Jones resigned from the position of Director with an effective date on June 30, 2022;

^{4/}Mrs. Claudia Salem resigned from the position of Director with an effective date on January 1, 2022.

Subcommittees

As of December 31, 2022, the Company has four Subcommittee; namely, the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Investment Committee, and the Corporate Governance Committee. In 2022, the Subcommittee organized the meetings as below:

			Meeting at		
Name	Position	Audit Committee	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Corporate Governance Committee	Investment Committee
1. Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup	Chairman of the Audit Committee	4/4	-/-	-/-	-/-
2. Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	Audit Committee Member Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee	4/4	-/-	4/4	-/-
3. Mr. Narong Chulajata	Audit Committee member	4/4	-/-	-/-	-/-
4. Mr. Pasu Lorharjun	Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee	-/-	4/4	-/-	-/-
5. Miss Nopporn Tirawattanagool	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member, Corporate Governance Committee Member	-/-	4/4	4/4	-/-
6. Mr. Lars Heibutzki	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member	-/-	4/4	-/-	-/-
7. Miss Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	Corporate Governance Committee Member Investment Committee Member	-/-	-/-	3/4	4/4
8. Miss Narissara Udomvongsa	Corporate Governance Committee Member	-/-	-/-	4/4	-/-
9. Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	Chairman of the Investment Committee	-/-	-/-	-/-	4/4
10. Mrs. Ritu Arora	Investment Committee Member	-/-	-/-	-/-	4/4
11. Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer	Investment Committee Member	-/-	-/-	-/-	4/4
12. Mr. Surajak Kotikula	Investment Committee Member	-/-	-/-	-/-	4/4

Remuneration for Directors and Executives

Monetary Remuneration

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for determining the remuneration for Company Directors and Subcommittee in accordance with the roles, responsibilities, and with reference to the same size of business and industry. Remuneration for the Company's directors and subcommittees must be approved by the Board of Directors' Meeting and the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Directors' remuneration

The 73nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company in 2022 on April 29, 2022, the meeting approved the directors' remuneration in 2022 in the form of monetary remuneration as follows:

In 2022, the directors received remuneration in total the sum of Baht 10,815,400 compared to Baht 10,066,834 in 2021, which included annual remuneration and bonuses as follows:

Table of comparison of the remuneration of the Company's Board of Directors and management and Subsidiary Board of Directors in 2022 and 2021

			2022			2021	
No.	Name	Remuneration	Bonus	Total (Baht)	Remuneration	Bonus	Total (Baht)
1.	Dr. Jamlong Atikul	560,000	912,000	1,472,000	580,000	912,000	1,492,000
2.	Mr. Bryan James Smith	536,000	866,400	1,402,400	550,000	794,167	1,344,167
3	Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup	770,000	433,000	1,203,000	790,000	433,000	1,223,000
4.	Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	920,000	433,000	1,353,000	940,000	433,000	1,373,000
5	Mr. Pasu Lorharjun	770,000	433,000	1,203,000	790,000	433,000	1,223,000
6.	Mr. Narong Chulajata	650,000	433,000	1,083,000	670,000	433,000	1,103,000
7.	Miss Nopporn Tirawattanagool	800,000	433,000	1,233,000	765,000	433,000	1,198,000
8.	Mr. Laksna Thongthai	500,000	433,000	933,000	520,000	433,000	953,000
9.	Mrs. Wanna Thamsirisup*	-	-	-	85,500	72,167	157,667
10	Mr. Kitti Pintavirooj	500,000	433,000	933,000	-	-	-
11.	Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.	Mr. Lars Heibutzki	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer	-	-	-	-	-	-
14.	Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	. Mr. Poh Heon Eng	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin***	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Mr. Robert Paul Gray*	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Mrs. Claudia Salem**	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mr. Jon-Paul Jones**		-	-	-	-	-
	Total	6,006,000	4,809,400	10,815,400	5,690,500	4,376,334	10,066,834

Remarks: * Directors who resigned during the year 2021 ** Directors who resigned during the year 2022 *** Subsidiary directors

Regarding the policy on remuneration for directors and other subcommittee, the Company compares with industry, experience, roles and responsibilities, including the expected benefits from each director, and the remuneration that each director receives as a director of a subsidiary. In addition, director remuneration must be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

Executive directors of the Company or its subsidiary are under the Group Fit and Proper policy will not receive remuneration to avoid conflicts of interest.

The Board of Directors agreed to the proposal given by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee that the 73rd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company in 2022 to consider and approve the directors' remuneration in accordance with the policy, appropriateness, conduct of directors and employees of the Group under the Fit and Proper Policy in the amount not exceeding Baht 11,000,000 with effective on March 24, 2022 as follows:

Director Remuneration Structure in 2022

	Monetary Remuneration (Baht)			
Director	Monthly retainer fee	Attendance fee		
	(Baht/month)	(Baht/person/ time)		
Board of Directors				
- Chairman	40,000	20,000		
- Vice-Chairman	38,000	20,000		
- Executive Director	-	-		
- Independent Director/ Non-Executive Director	35,000	20,000		

Remuneration comprises salary, meeting allowance, and bonuses, which all are allocated within the framework of the limit not exceeding Baht 11,000,000, payable to directors who are not involved in management only (excluding the remuneration that the Executive Directors received in the form of regular salary) as approved by the 73rd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company in 2022. In addition, the shareholders must approve the directors' remuneration.

	Monetary Remuneration (Baht)		
Sub-Committee Directors	Monthly retainer fee	Attendance fee	
	(Baht/month)	(Baht/person/ time)	
Audit Committee			
- Chairman	22,500	20,000	
- Member	12,500	20,000	
Nomination and Remuneration Committee			
- Chairman	22,500	20,000	
- Member	12,500	20,000	
Corporate Governance Committee			
- Chairman	22,500	20,000	
- Member	12,500	20,000	

Annual Bonus (to be calculated in proportion to the period of each director's service subject to annual review and shareholders' approval) and none of other benefits provided:

Chairman of the Board	Baht 912,000
Vice Chairman of the Board	Baht 866,400
Director of the Board	Baht 433,000/ person

Details of 2022 remuneration of directors and sub-committees

			Remunera	tion (Baht)¹/	
Name	Position	Board of Directors		Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Corporate Governance Committee
1. Dr. Jamlong Atikul	Independent Director and Chairman of the Board of Director	480,000	-	-	-
2. Mr. Bryan James Smith	Vice Chairman, Non-Executive Director	456,000	-	-	-
3. Mr. Pasu Lorharjun	Independent Director and Chairman of NRC	420,000	-	270,000	-
4. Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee	420,000	270,000	-	-
5. Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	Independent Director, Chairman of CG and Audit Committee Member	420,000	150,000	-	270,000
6. Mr. Narong Chulajata	Independent Director and Audit Committee Member	420,000	150,000	-	-
7. Miss Nopporn Tirawattanagool	Non-Executive Director, NRC Committee Member and CG Committee Member	420,000	-	150,000	150,000
8. Mr. Laksna Thongthai	Non-Executive Director	420,000	-	-	-
9. Mr. Kitti Pintavirooj	Non-Executive Director	420,000	-	-	-
10. Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	Executive Director	-	-	-	-
11 Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer	Non-Executive Director	-	-	-	-
12. Mr. Lars Heibutzki	Non-Executive Director and NRC Member	-	-	-	-
13. Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer	Non-Executive Director	-	-	-	-
14. Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	Executive Director and CG Member	-	-	-	-
15. Mr. Poh Heon Eng	Non-Executive Director	-	-	-	-

Remarks:

^{1/} Sub-committees refer to the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and Corporate Governance Committee which are only applicable to have remuneration, excluding directors' bonus.

Remuneration for Executives

Monetary remuneration for Company executives in 2022 according to the definition of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), consisting of salary, bonus and other benefits for Company executives. As for its subsidiary, the remuneration comprises salary, bonus and other benefits for the executives amounting to Baht 48.43 million.

Other remuneration for executives and employees

Provident fund

The Group provide a Provident Fund for employees by making a contribution of 5% of salary in case of less than 5 years of service and 7% otherwise. In 2022, the Group contributed Baht 29.55 million into the Provident Fund.

Additionally, the Company offers other benefits to employees such as Social Security Fund and phone fee, travel allowance, work from home financial support, company shirts, etc.

Personnel

- 1) The total number of employees of the Group, excluding executives as of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021 was 818 and 486, respectively.
- 2) The total remuneration to all employees in the form of salaries, bonuses, employer's Social Security contributions, Provident Fund, and retirement compensation was Baht 886.46 million.
- 3) Major labour dispute in the past 3 years: -None-

Human Resource Management of the Group

At Allianz Ayudhya, we care for tomorrow. Caring for our employees, their ambitions, dreams and challenges, is what makes us a unique employer. Together we can build an environment where everyone feels empowered and has the confidence to explore, to grow and to shape a better future for our customers and the world around us.

Employee's opportunities to develop and grow

From personal development to career mobility, to lifelong learning offers to all our employees. Employees are encouraged to expand their skills and create a career across different functions, countries and entities.

Our own in-house university, "AllianzU", offers a comprehensive curriculum of world-class learning programs with solutions targeted at all levels including aspiring leaders. We aim to build leaders that demonstrate our People Attributes, positively shape our culture and deliver on our strategy. We provide over 10,000 online courses via AllianzU learning platform which is available in bite-sized modules anywhere, anytime and on any device.

Employee's Remuneration, Benefits and Welfare

The Group always support our employees to live their best life and enjoy being healthy, positive and productive. We offer benefits and welfare that can strengthen all parts of an individual: physically, mentally, and financially.

With flexible work arrangements, Work-from-Home options, plenty of leave options, and a half day work-free "Platinum Day" every month, employees can make the most of special moments, important events, career breaks or take the time to give back.

Covid-19 Pandemic Management

The Group supported employees with regards to COVID-19 in various ways to ensure that our employee's physical and mental health are in the good condition.

- Vaccination: Provided booster COVID-19 vaccine for all employees
- "We Care Kit" has been prepared for employees when there is a reported case of COVID Infection of the employee or close contacts to support them on home isolation and/or selfquarantine.
- The Company provided its employees with access to mental health counselling.

Occupational health and safety

The Company maintains health, safety and security of employees to promote occupational health and safety work environment. Diminish harmful and take steps to prevent accident and occupational disease.

The Company has established a policy on occupational health and safety as published onto the website: www.ayud.co.th under topic of Good Corporate Governance. In 2022, there was no report on lost time accident or absenteeism rate or lost time injury rate.

Key Activities organized in 2022

The Group has a wide range of activities for employees to create good relations and strengthen the bond between employees' e.g. organizing a Staff Party to thank employees for their work in the past; Staff Meeting to clarify the Company's operating results and business management policy; or Team Building, which provided opportunity to each department or section to join activities. In 2022, the schedule was briefed as follows:

- One Allianz Ayudhya Staff Party was the unification under "Allianz Ayudhya" came together
 to celebrate the success of the past year and took the opportunity to thank the employees
 for their dedication.
- One Allianz Ayudhya Staff Meeting On-line Townhall have been held monthly to update company direction, performance and employee activities
- Allianz Engagement Survey was launched to allow employees to voice their opinions regarding the Company
- Annual health check-ups provided for staff at all levels.
- Various employee recognition programs implemented across the organization to build on Recognition Culture
- Learning & Development Programs conducted to develop employees for both technical knowledge & skills and Leadership development.

Monitoring to ensure compliance with good corporate governance policies and practices

Prevention of conflicts of interest

The Company has established a policy that the Board of Directors, executives and employees must perform their duties for the best interests of the Company and has also set up a guideline for managing conflicts of interest. In the event that any person has an interest or is involved in the consideration or situations involving conflicts of interest, such person must notify the Compliance function or the Company secretary (In the case of being a director) and not take part in the consideration of the transaction or avoid situations related to such conflicts of interest.

In 2022, there were no cases that may create a conflict of interest.

Use of inside information

The Company has monitored the use of inside information in accordance with the law and the Principles of Good Governance. It has been set out in writing and communicated to directors, executives and employees and subsidiaries upon first commencement of employment. In summary, the key policies are as follows:

- 1. The Company has determined that directors, executives and employees (as specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand) have the duty to report on their holdings and changes in holding of securities, including the holdings of their spouse and minor children to the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand in accordance with Section 59 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (1992) within 3 working days from the date of the change in holding of securities by reporting through the system provided by the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand; and notify the Company secretary in order to summarize the information to present to the Board of Directors for acknowledgment. Besides, the directors and executives are aware of the penalties for violation or non-compliance with the said regulation.
- 2. The Company has a regulation not to disclose the financial statements, inside information or other information that affects the Company's securities to third parties; and not trade securities during the one month before the financial statements or other information that may affect the price of the Company's or the Group's securities shall be made available to the public. The penalties for the violation are regarded as a disciplinary offense under the regulations of the Company.

Anti-Corruption

The Group and associate companies are committed to comply with local and international anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws and standards. To achieve our major goal of increasing and maintaining the trust of our customers, the Group announces Standard for Anti-Corruption to adhere and apply to all Employees, divisions, operating entities, subsidiaries, branches and departments of the Group, Representatives, Joint Ventures and Outsourcing Partners.

This Standard for Anti-Corruption is one program of the Group Code of Conduct for Business Ethics and Compliance ("Code of Conduct") which contains a strict prohibition against Corruption and Bribes. This includes the prohibition against the offer, acceptance, payment or authorization of any bribes and any other form of corruption including avoid any improper advantage or appearance of questionable conduct with whom the Group does business.

To perform as above objectives, the Company has joined Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC) and was first certified as the member of CAC on 22 January 2016 which such certification shall be valid another three years as from the date of the approval.

In 2022, The Group has completed the second renewal of a member of Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC). Details of Certified Companies of CAC are as follows:

Company	Status	Member Since	Last Certified	Expire date
			date	
Allianz Ayudhya Capital PCL	Certified	2 Sep 2014	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2025
Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance PCL	Certified	26 Jul 2013	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2025
Allianz Ayudhya Assurance PCL	Certified	21 Nov 2012	31 Mar 2021	30 Mar 2024

Source: https://www.thai-cac.com/who-we-are/our-members/

It is important that all employees must adhere to this Standard. The key programs of anticorruption are as follows:

- Annual assessment of corruption and fraud risks is to address corruption risk, measurement
 of risk levels, the internal controls, mitigate corruption risk, regularly monitoring and risk
 reassessment to prevent and respond with corruption risk efficiently.
- Appropriate implementation and continuous performing of related anti-corruption standards and guidelines ("Program") designs to prescribe objectives, scopes, responsibilities, guidelines, requirements and escalation process properly. Such related Programs are Gift and Entertainment, Sponsorship and Hospitality, Charitable Contribution, Procurement Procedures including vendor integrity screening process, Anti-Corruption Model Clause, Political Contributions, Books and Records, Conflicts of Interest, Whistleblowing.
- Regular training to employees, the management, and the directors is to ensure adequate knowledge and cover mandatory orientation for new employees, the online training provided to new and current employees, group knowledge sharing session for the management and directors accordingly. Such trainings are arranged for promoting the culture of integrity within the organization and culture of zero tolerance of corruption.
- Monitoring, assessment and auditing. Compliance and Internal Audit will monitor and review
 compliance with the Standard and the Programs through audits and reviews. The results
 of audits and reviews are regularly reported to the senior executives, the audit committee
 or the board of directors accordingly.

Whistleblowing

The Company has whistleblowing guideline in place to ensure that fraud, Corruption, regulatory breaches or illegal conducts within the company could be addressed and handle appropriately in order to protect the Company's reputation from the results and effects of illegal or improper conducts.

With this guideline the Company has established and communicates a Speak-up facility to all employees and has implemented an appropriate escalation and response process with the highest degree of confidentiality.

Summary of the performance of the Subcommittee in the past year

The number of meetings and attendance are detailed in Section 7. The performance of duties of the said subcommittees.

Report on the Audit Committee

Please refer to attachment 6. Report of the Audit Committee.

Report of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

In 2022, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee held four meetings to consider key matters and reported the results of the meetings, comments and recommendations to the Board of Directors for continued consideration. This summary shown below:

- 1. Oversaw recruiting and selection of persons to be appointed as independent directors and the Company's directors included subcommittees to replace those who retired, which considered from persons with suitable qualifications and requirements in accordance to the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand; the Stock Exchange of Thailand; and does not have any prohibited characteristics under the law, taking into account qualifications, experience and knowledge that shall benefit the Company to propose to the Board of Directors meeting and the general meeting of shareholders (In the case of nominating Company directors) for further approval for further voting the said person.
- 2. Monitored directors' remuneration and various subcommittees in detail, whereby the director, who has been assigned additional roles, responsibilities and supported the various directors, shall receive additional remuneration as deemed appropriate.
- 3. In order to enhancing motivation and retaining talented employees with good performance, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee considered the criteria for setting the annual salary increase rate of 2023 and the bonus for 2022 together with the Human Resources Department and the management team. The rate of salary increases and the bonus of the Company is considered as deemed appropriate.

Report of the Corporate Governance Committee

In 2022, the Corporate Governance Committee held five meetings to monitor the implementation of corporate governance and report the meeting results to the Board of Directors for consideration, which can be summarized as follows;

- Reviewed and revised the corporate governance policy, Business ethics, and the Charter of the Subcommittee to comply with the regulations of the to the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand; the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the corporate governance evaluation criteria under the survey of the Corporate Governance Report (CGR)
- Oversaw the self-evaluation criteria of the Board of Directors for both the Director, the individual, the subcommittee, the Chief Executive Officer annually in order to use the evaluation results to improve operational efficiency
- Encouraged small shareholders to propose agenda and shareholder questions about the Company prior to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for further considered by the Board of Committee
- Prepared and disclosed securities holding reports and reports on changes in securities holding
 of the Company's directors and executives in comply with Section 59 of the Securities and
 Exchange Act
- Reviewed the good corporate governance report disclosed in Form 56-1 One Report/ Annual Report to be in line with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand and the Stock Exchange of Thailand

The Corporate Governance Committee promoted the continued implementation of the good corporate governance principles. As a result, the Company received the following corporate governance evaluation results.

Corporate Governance Report (CGR)











In 2022

The Company's CGR score is in the **"Excellent"** (5 stars) criteria from the Survey of the Thai Institute of Directors Association (IOD)

AGM Checklist



In 2022

The Company's AGM Checklist was received a score of 98" from the Thai Investors Association (TIA)

9. Internal Control and Related Party Transactions

Internal Control

The Group have put in place an internal control system in compliance with a guiding framework that covers internal control, risk assessment, operation control, IT&communications, and monitoring system.

The Board of Directors of the Group recognize the importance of internal control and have put in place a sufficient and appropriate internal control system with emphasis on financial control, accounting procedures and data collection and recording, operation supervision and other processes relating to anti-corruption measures. This aims to build reasonable confidence that the Company's operations are effective and efficient, financial reports are reliable and timely and can be utilized in supporting business-related decision making, operations in all areas are in full compliance with relevant legislations and the Company's regulations and policies, accounting of funds are rightly authorized and conforming to the line of authority, and internal work division is properly administered. The Board of Directors is the highest responsible mechanism for the Company's internal control system. The assessment of the Company's internal control system is conducted once annually. The result is published in the annual report for stakeholders' acknowledgement.

The Board of Directors Meeting with three independent directors of the Audit Committee attending, has altogether assessed the efficiency of the Company's internal control system for the year 2022 through consideration of the composition of the internal control, utilizing the questionnaires on the internal control system adequacy assessment, inquiries to the Company's executive directors and the Audit Committee's report. From careful deliberation, the Board of Directors viewed that the Company's internal control system is sufficient and appropriate and can contribute to effective and efficient operation results, reliable and timely financial reports that can support business-related decision making, and that all operations are in full and strict conformity with relevant legislations and the Company's regulations and policies. In addition, the Company also sees to the establishment of the internal control and monitoring system on the subsidiary company's operations. The details of the system are summarized as follows:

1. Internal Control and Organizational Environment

The Company adheres to the principles of integrity and ethics and has designed an internal control system aligning with these values. Under the Board of Director's oversight, an appropriate organizational structure on the chains of command and responsibilities is devised to respond to the goals on motivation, skill enhancement and retaining of skilled personnel. Employees play an important part in internal control system in order to achieve the Company's purpose. Suitable environment for internal control is provided as follows:

- The business operates on the principles of integrity, ethics, and good corporate governance and in accordance with relevant legislations and regulations. Clear and measurable business objectives are set.
- The annual budget upon through and careful deliberation has Management is approved by the Board of Directors. Moreover, all stakeholders are duly considered in policy making and action plan drafting in compliance with the principles of good governance.
- The organizational structure shows clearly defined responsibilities for each division within the Company.

- The rules and manuals of each division's operation are published and disseminated via the Company's intranet for all employees' acknowledgement.
- The Company's regulations are guided by its Code of Conduct with clear directives prohibiting employees from actions that may cause conflicts of interest, with penalties specified in event of violation. Additionally, a monitoring system is established to monitor compliance as well as adequacy of internal controls for each division within the Company.

2. Risk Assessment

The Company's objectives are adequately and clearly set in order to identify and assess the risks related to the objectives. The establishment of a comprehensive process of the identification and assessment of all risks which may obstruct the achievement of each objective is also seen to. Moreover, the Company has assessed the risk of potential fraud during the risk evaluation process, identifying possible impact on the Company's objectives, so that the changes that may affect the internal control system are properly identified and assessed. The following significant risk management measures are as follows:

- The Company has established a Risk Management Committee, whose core responsibility is the management of possible risks. The policies and procedures on risk management cover a great many area as to reduce the possibility of risk to the fullest extent, including strategic risks, operational risks, security investment risks, market risks, liquidity risks, financial and report risks, legal and regulations-related risks, and fraud and corruption risks. Additional details can be found in the section on Risk Factors. Moreover, in order to mitigate the risks to the greatest extent possible, the Board of Directors evaluates and reviews the adequateness of the risk management system and the effectiveness of the procedure at least once annually.
- Financial reports are accurate and adequate, with appropriate and efficient internal control and internal audit in place and in conformity to the securities and stock exchange laws, the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and other relevant laws. Related party transactions are also conducted in line with the laws and regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand.
- The Company places high importance to the early warning signs. To prevent any misconduct, Fraud Prevention Guidance and Whistle Blower Policy, both in line with relevant laws and regulations, were disseminated via the Company's intranet. All employees are expected to comply with both policies.

3. Compliance Control

The Company employs a number of compliance control measures to mitigate the risks of unsuccessful realization of the Company's objectives. IT is used to support the implementation of such measures. Control measures are actualized from the Company policies – its expectation and operational procedures being translated into operational performance indicators. The Company's compliance control measures are as follows:

- A clear scope of authority, function, monetary authorization and limits for each management level in writing.
- A clear separation between approval and authorization duty, accounting transactions and IT recording duty, and assets management for proper checks and balances.

- An adherence to the notices and regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Securities and Exchange Commission on transactions involving major shareholders, the Board of Directors, senior executives, and other related parties to ensure due authorization of such transactions.
- A setup of monitoring measures to guarantee lawful operation of the Company's activities, as well as preventive and corrective measures and penalties for violations.
- Establishment of a policy, measures and procedures on anti-corruption, as well as a compliance review and relevant training.

4. Information Technology and Communications

The Company reports are issued on a timely basis with quality analytical information to support smooth proceedings of the internal controls. Internal communications on the objectives and accountability of an internal control are conveyed to guarantee the continuation of relevant plans. Communications with external agencies may occur regarding the issues which might affect the internal control. The information on related procedures are as follows:

- Sufficient and reliable information, including invitation letter to meetings and meeting documents, is provided to the Board of Directors before the meeting to review and support decision making. Meeting reports are sufficiently detailed to allow shareholders to review the Board's performance.
- Complete and proper records of accounting and financial transactions are kept in a wellorganized manner. Standard certified accounting procedures suitable for the nature of the Company's business are practiced.
- Quarterly and annual financial statements are reviewed and audited by the Company's auditor. The Company's information system is also subject to a similar process.
- Financial and information data relevant to different operations are provided to support the Management in decision making processes. IT capability is utilized in data processing to provide accurate, appropriate and up-to-date information accessible to relevant personnel and authorities.
- A reserved IT data center is set up as part of the system emergency preparation in case that the IT system at the head office is not functioning.
- An internal and external communications system is provided so that the employees are able to access the data necessary to fulfil their designated roles.

5. Monitoring System

The internal control system is monitored and evaluated to ensure proper, complete and ongoing implementation. Oversights are communicated promptly to persons in charge, including senior executives and the Board of Directors as appropriate on a case-by-case basis. The following steps are being taken by the Company.

Comparison of operation performance and targets by Management is to be reviewed by the Bord of Directors. In case that the operation performance is lower than the targets, Management will identify the causes and promptly devise the corrective measures. In case of fraud, corruption, violation of laws or other irregular activities, including any suspicion of such, which could have significant impact on the Company's goodwill, reputation and financial standing, Management must notify the Board of Directors immediately.

- An Audit Committee is established to oversee the financial report procedures, internal control system and compliance to related laws and regulations, as well as relevant procedures regarding anti-corruption measures and compliance reviews. The Committee is also responsible for selecting external auditors and determining their renumeration.
- A Corporate Governance Committee is established to assist and support the Board of Directors in overseeing the performance of the Group and ensuring that all business operations are in line with its policies and rules, laws and regulations, Government policies, and good corporate governance. The objective of this mechanism is to ensure that the Company has fulfilled its responsibilities in an efficient manner in coherence with the principles of good corporate governance, social responsibilities, security and sustainability to the Company.

Related Party Transactions

The Company disclosed related party transactions between the Company and related companies that express the relationships by shareholding, common directors or shareholders. Details of the transactions are shown in Item 37 in the note of the Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Members of the Audit Committee of the Company view that related party transactions between the Company and its related companies were conducted in the Company's normal course of business.

The additional information on significant business transactions and balance concerning related companies as follow:

Related Company	Nature of Relationship	2022 (Million Baht)	2021 (Million Baht)	2020 (Million Baht)	Transactions
Allianz SE (DEUTSCHE BANK AG)	Shareholding (38.93%)	35.26	30.42	24.97	Net investment in securities: investment in long-term benefit plans for executive personnel in the form of restricted stock units, managed by Allianz SE
		38.02	5.46	8.76	Accrued management fee: management fee is agreed by both parties which are determined based on estimated time spent and cost incurred
		21.08	8.69	5.26	Management fee: management fee is agreed by both parties which are determined based on estimated time spent and cost incurred
		895.67	233.39	226.22	Paid dividends: According to shareholder's resolution

Other significant transactions with related companies in the consolidated financial statement as of December 31, 2022 are show in Item 37 in the note of the Financial Statements as follows:

- The subsidiary company applies the same pricing policies and terms in the calculation of written premium and reinsurance premium as other customers and insurance companies.
- The subsidiary company pays commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses in accordance with the conditions and rates stipulated in the banking enterprise and insurance contracts between the subsidiary companies and related banks. The commission rates conform to the regulations of the Office of Insurance Commission, which are the same rates the subsidiary applied with other non-life insurance brokerage businesses.

- The Group receives the same interest rates as applied to other insurance companies by the banks.
- The Company has entered into the management service contract with the subsidiary, providing the latter the services in management, investment and accounting management, salary and information. The service fee rate is mutually agreed to be based on the estimated time and cost used in rendering such services to the subsidiary.
- The Group paid the brokerage fees, fund management fees and custodian fees at the same rate and conditions which the related companies apply to other companies.
- The subsidiary company has entered into a 3-year rental contract on office space, building equipment and services with related company. The same rental rate and conditions of the conglomerate's contract are applied to other companies which the related company has contracted with.

Opinion of the Audit Committee

February 24, 2023

Title: Opinion on transactions between the Company and related companies

To: The Shareholders of Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited

We, as Members of the Audit Committee of Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited (the Company), have the opinion that related party transactions between the Company and related companies, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, were conducted in the Company's normal course of business with transparency and fairness to all parties.

Please be informed accordingly.

Respectfully yours,

Suwat Laicharoensup	Vichit Kornvityakoon	Narong Chulajata
(Suwat Laicharoensup)	(Vichit Kornvityakoon)	(Narong Chulajata)

The Audit Committee

Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited

Part 3

Information Authentication



Certification of Information

The Company has reviewed the information on this 56-1 One Report with care and hereby certifies that the information is accurate, complete, not false or misleading, and does not lack material information that should be notified. In addition, the Company certifies that:

- (1) The financial statements and financial information summarized in this annual registration statement/annual report show material information accurately and completely regarding the financial condition, the operating results and the cash flows of the Company and the subsidiaries;
- (2) The Company has provided an efficient disclosure system to ensure that the material information of the Company and the subsidiaries is disclosed accurately and completely, and has supervised compliance with such disclosure system;
- (3) The Company has provided an efficient internal control system, supervised compliance with the system, and already submitted the latest information on the internal control assessment to the auditor and the Audit Committee, which covers deficiencies, significant changes on the internal control system, and wrongful acts that may affect the preparation of financial reporting of the Company and the subsidiaries.

In this regard, as proof that all the documents are identical to those certified by the Company, the Company has authorized Acchara Kulrattanarak to sign on every page of the documents, and the absence of the authorized signature of Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin on any document shall be deemed that such unsigned document has not been certified by the Company.

Name Position Signature

Thomas Charles Wilson President and CEO

Authorized person name Position Signature

Acchara Kulrattanarak Sr. Director – Head of P&C
Accounting & CFO of AAC

Attachment



Attachment 1 Information of the Board of Directors, Executives, Group Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accountant and Company Secretary as of December 31, 2022

Information of the Board of Directors

Dr. Jamlong Atikul

Age (years): 74

Chairman of the Board of Directors and Independent Director

Date of Appointment: June 13, 2019

- Appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Director with effective date on April 27, 2022

Education

- Ph.D. in City and Regional Planning, Cornell University, USA
- Master of Commerce in Economics, University of Auckland, New Zealand
- Bachelor of Commerce and Administration in Econom ics, Victoria University of Wellington, New Zealand
- Role of the Chairman Program (RCP) Class 26/2011, Thai Institute of Directors
- ESG and Sustainable Banking Development, including response to the Covid-19 situation year 2020
- Cyber Resilience year 2019
- IT Security Trend Update year 2018
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 77/2006, Thai Institute of Directors
- Director Accreditation Program (DAP) Class 55/2006, Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2019 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Director and Independent Director,
	Allianz Ayudyha Capital Pcl. (Investment holding)
2019 - Present	Chairman of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Bank of Ayudhya Pcl.
2018 - Present	Independent Director and Member of Audit Committee, Bank of Ayudhya Pcl.
2018 - 2019	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Bank of Ayudhya Pcl.
2013 - Present	Chairman of the Board (Authorized Signatory), Regional Container Lines Pcl.
	(Logistics and Transportation)

Non-Listed Companies

-None-

Mr. Bryan James Smith

Age (years): 64

Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors

Date of Appointment: November 4, 2014

- Appointed as the Vice-Chairman of the Board of Director with effective date on April 27, 2022

Education

- Master of Business Administration, Australian Graduate School of Management,
 The University of New South Wales, Sydney, Australia
- Bachelor of Commerce / Bachelor of Laws, The University of New South Wales Sydney, Australia
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 207/2015, Thai Institute of Directors
- Director Diploma Examination Program Fellow Member Year 2015, Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2021 – Present	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, Allianz Ayudyha Capital Pcl.
2019 – 2021	President and Chief Executive Officer, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.
2014 – 2021	Director (Authorized Signatory), Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.
2014 - 2019	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2019 – 2020	Country Manager, Allianz Ayudhya Thailand
2014 – 2019	Director, Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Allianz Ayudhya
	General Insurance Pcl.
2011 – 2020	Director (Authorized Signatory), President and Chief Executive Officer, Allianz
	Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.

Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup

Age (years): 73

Independent Director, Chairman of Audit Committee

Date of Appointment: April 20, 2018

- Appointed as Chairman of Audit Committee with effective on August 14, 2020

Education

- Bachelor's degree in Statistics, Chulalongkorn University
- Project Management Financial Control / Advanced Project Management / Business Continuity
- Management/Effective Skill for I/S Professionals / Capacity Planning for Management
- Certified Information Security Manager (CISM)
- Certificate in IT Infrastructure Library (ITIL)
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 280/2019, Thai Institute of Directors
- AACP Advanced Audit Committee Program (AACP) Class 38/2020, Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2020 - Present	Independent Director, Chairman of the Audit Committee, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.
2019 – 2020	Independent Director, Chairman of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,

Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2018 – Present	Advisor of Committee Counsel of Computer Engineering, Engineering
	Institute of Thailand
2018 - Present	Independent Director, Chairman of the Audit Committee,
	Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.
2018 - Present	Advisor and Member of the Board, ISACA Bangkok Chapter
2017 - Present	Chairman, itSMF Thailand Association (ITIL for IT Service management)
2017 - Present	President, Subcommittee for People Driven of Information Technology and
	Communications and Digital Content, The Board of National Qualifications
	Framework, Office of the Education Council, Ministry of Education
2017 - Present	Associate Judge, Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court
2013 - Present	Sub-committee member of Digital Committee, Thailand Professional Qualification
	Institute (Dublic Oversiseties)

Institute (Public Organization)

Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon

Age (years): 72

Independent Director, Member of Audit Committee and Chairman of Corporate Governance Committee

Date of Appointment: January 28, 2013

- Appointed as Chairman of Corporate Governance as of January 28, 2013

Education

- Master of Business Administration, Thammasat University
- Bachelor of Accountant, Chulalongkorn University
- Bachelor of Law, Thammasat University
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 172/2013, Thai Institute of Directors
- Advanced Audit Committee Program (AACP) Class 14/2014, Thai Institute of Directors
- Anti-Corruption for Executive Program (ACEP) Class 14/2015, Thai Institute of Directors
- Role of the Nomination & Governance (RNG) Class 7/2015, Thai Institute of Directors
- Risk Management Program for Corporate Leaders (RCL) Class 2/2015, Thai Institute of Directors
- Boards that Make a Difference (BMD) Class 1/2016, Thai Institute of Directors
- Board Matter & Trends (BMT) Class 2/2017, Thai Institute of Directors
- Ethical Leadership Program (ELP) Class 7/2011

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2013 – Present Independent Director, Member of Audit Committee and Chairman of Corporate

Governance Committee, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2019 - Present	Independent Director and Member of Audit Committee, Allianz Ayudhya General
	Insurance Pcl.
2013 - 2019	Chairman of Compliance Committee, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.
2013 – 2017	Member of IT and Systems Development Supervisory Sub-committee, Deposit
	Protection Agency
2012 – 2020	Member of Executive Credit Committee, Sukhumvit Asset Management Co., Ltd.
2016 - Present	Member of Professional Ethics Committee, Federation of Accounting Professional
	under the Royal Patronage of his Majesty the King

Mr. Pasu Loharjun

Age (years): 63

Independent Director and Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Date of Appointment: July 31, 2020

- Appointed as Chairman of Nomination and Remuneration Committee with effective on August 14, 2020

Education

- Ph.D. in Industrial Engineering and Operations research, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, USA
- Master of Industrial Engineering, Polytechnic Institute of New York, USA (NYU Poly) Australia
- Bachelor in Electrical Engineering, Chulalongkorn University
- Capital Market Academy Program Class 22
- CG Code Update Program, PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd.
- COSO ERM Program (Knowledge Sharing among Directors and Management), by Prof. Dr. Anya Khanthavit,
 Thammasat University
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 213/2015, Thai Institute of Directors
- Financial Statements for Directors Class FSD/2009, Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2020 - Present	Independent Director and Chairman of Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
2020 11050110	macpenacine birector and enaimment of monimization and membrication committee,

Allianz Ayudyha Capital Pcl.

2018 - Present Independent Director, Chairman of Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility

Committee and Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,

Electricity Generating Pcl.

2017 – 2018 Chairman, General Environmental Conservation PCL

Non-Listed Companies

2021 - Present	Independent Director, Thai Beverage Plc.
2021 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Directors, Export-Import Bank of Thailand

Zozi Tresent Chairman of the Board of Breedors, Export import Bank of Thailand

2019 – Present Chairman, Thailand Institute of Scientific and Technological Research (TISTR)

2019 - Present Member, Council of State
 2019 - Present Director, Thai-German Institute

2019 - Present Director, Foundation for Industrial Development

2017 – 2019 Permanent Secretary Ministry of Industry 2017 – 2019 Chairman, Thai Sugar and Cane Co., Ltd.

2016 Director General Department of Industrial Promotion

Mr. Narong Chulajata

Age (years): 85

Independent Director and Member of Audit Committee

Date of Appointment: April 26, 2019

Education

- Master of Public Administration, The Maxwell School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, Syracuse University, New York, USA
- Master of Public Administration, Institute of Public Administration, Thammasat University
- Bachelor's Degree in Political Science, Chulalongkorn University
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 71/2006, Thai Institute of Directors
- Director Accreditation Program (DAP) Class 11/2004, Thai Institute of Directors
- Role of the Chairman Program (RCP) Class 6/2000 Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2019 – Present Independent Director and Member of Audit Committee, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

2013 – 2017 Vice Chairman, SUSCO Pcl.

2003 – Present Chairman of the Board, Safari World Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2011 - Present Director, Siri Charoen Wattana Co., Ltd.

2008 - Present Director, SUSCO Retail Co., Ltd.

2007 – 2021 Independent Director and Chairman of Audit Committee,

Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.

2012 – Present Director, SUSCO Dealer Co., Ltd.

Miss Nopporn Tirawattanagool

Age (years): 68

Director, Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Member of Corporate Governance Committee (Non-Executive Director)

Date of Appointment: April 22, 2013

- Appointed as Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee as of May 14, 2013
- Appointed as Member of Corporate Governance Committee as of May 14, 2021

Education

- Master of Accounting, Faculty of Commerce and Accountancy, Thammasat University
- Bachelor of Business Administration (in Accounting), Thammasat University
- Training on International Financial Reporting Standard 9 (IFRS 9), PwC Thailand, Year 2016
- CG Forum 2/2016 "Honest, Cautious, Protective for the Director", Year 2016
- Seminar on "CyberSecurity Awareness Training for Senior Executive", Year 2016
- Strategic IT Governance (for non-IT), Year 2017
- Seminar on "Future Customer Experience in Financial and Banking Services", Year 2018
- IT Security Trend Update, Year 2018
- IT Governance & Cyber Resilience, Year 2019
- Bangkok Sustainable Banking Forum 2019 "An Industry Wake-up Call", Year 2019
- Agile Leadership for Board of Directors, Year 2019
- Director Accreditation Program (DAP), Year2 003, Thai Institute of Directors
- Role of the Compensation Committee (RCC), Year 2009, Thai Institute of Directors
- Audit Committee Program (ACP), Year 2010, Thai Institute of Directors
- Director Certification Program (DCP), Year 2010, Thai Institute of Directors
- Financial Institutions Governance Program (FGP), Year 2011, Thai Institute of Directors
- · Anti-Corruption for Executive Program (ACEP), Year 2013, Thai Institute of Directors
- Risk Management Program for Corporate Leaders (RCL), Year 2015, Thai Institute of Directors
- National Director Conference 2017 "Steering Governance in a Changing World" Year 2017
- IOD National Director Conference 2018 "Rising Above Disruptions: A Call for Action" Year, 2018
- Agile Leadership for Board of Directors 2019
- ESG and Sustainable Banking Development, Including Response to the COVID-19 situation 2020
- Cyber Resilience Leadership "Tone from the Top", Bank of Thailand 2020
- Reengineering New Business Model 2017
- Agility in practice 2021
- Regulatory Technology: Reg Tech 2021
- Cyber Armor: Capital Market Board Awareness No. 1/2021: Capital market threat landscape 2021
- Cyber Armor: Capital Market Board Awareness No. 2/2021:Data Driven Cybersecurity and Intelligence Threats Assessment 2021
- Bangkok FinTech Fair 2021 "Shaping Digital Finance in the New Decade 2021"
- Economic outlook 2021
- National Director Conference 2021: Leadership Behind Closed Door

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2021 - Present	Director, Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Member of
	Corporate Governance Committee, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.
2013 - Present	Director and Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,
	Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.
2016 - Present	Director, Grand Canal Land Pcl.
2015 - 2016	Director (Authorized Signatory), Grand Canal Land Pcl.
2015 - Present	Risk and Compliance Committee Member, Bank of Ayudhya Pcl.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Bank of Ayudhya Pcl.
2014 - Present	Director, Srivichaivejvivat Pcl.
2014 - Present	Member of Nomination and Compensation Committee, Siam City Cement Pcl.
2012 - Present	Director, Siam City Cement Pcl.
2010 - Present	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member, Bank of Ayudhya Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2019 - Present	Director and Secretary Krungsri Foundation
2017 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV Asset Management Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), CKS Holding Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Super Assets Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized signatory), C.K.R Co., Ltd
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), The Bangkok Lighters Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), The Thai Tapioca Flour Produce Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Cyber Venture Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Khao Kheow Country Club Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Siam Purimongkol Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory) Grand Fortune Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director, Bangkok Broadcasting & TV Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV Satelvision Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), GL Asset Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Mahakij Holdings Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV Productions Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV Alliance Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV Bond Street Building Ltd.
2012 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), ITBC Business Consultant Group Co., Ltd.
2011 – Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Exclusive Senior Care International Co., Ltd.
2010 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV International Holdings Co., Ltd.
2010 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), Sunrise Equity Co., Ltd.
2010 - Present	Director (Authorized Signatory), BBTV Equity Co., Ltd.

Mr. Laksna Thongthai

Age (years): 68

Director

Date of Appointment: March 21, 1994

Education

- Ph.D. in Industrial and Systems Engineering, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, USA
- Master of Science in Systems Engineering, UCLA, Los Angeles, USA
- Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering, Chulalongkorn University
- Reinsurance and Insurance Management Training Courses from France, Germany, and England
- Boards that Make a difference (BMD) Class 1/2016, Thai Institute of Directors
- Diploma Examination Assigned from Graduate Member to become Fellow Member, Thai Institute of Directors Association, Year 2000

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2019 – Present Director, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

1994 – 2019 Director (Authorized Signatory), Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

1994 – 2014 Director (Authorized Signatory) and Assistant Managing Director, Allianz Ayudhya

Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2011 – Present Director (Authorized Signatory), Triple Prime Team Holdings Co., Ltd.

2001 – Present Director, Nirvana Co., Ltd.

1990 – Present Director, Thongthai Water Pipe & Chemical Co., Ltd.

Poh Heon Eng

Age (years): 47

Director

Date of Appointment: June 30,2022

Education

• BSc (Hons) in Actuarial Mathematics & Statistic Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2022 - Present Director, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2022 - Present Chief Country Financial Officer, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.
2017 - 2022 Regional Chief Actuary (Life), Allianz SE, Singapore Branch (AZAP)

2014 – 2017 Chief Actuary, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl. In Thailand

Mr. Jon-Paul Jones

Age (years): 51

Director

Date of Appointment: February 25, 2021

- Resigned with effective on June 30, 2022

Education

University of Warwick, England, UK B.Sc. (Hons.) Computer Science

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2021)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2022 – Present	Global Head o	of Business Trans f	formation in Global	Commercial	, Allianz Ayudhya

Capital Pcl.

2021 – 2022 Director, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2021 – 2022	Director, Allianz Asia Holding Pte. Ltd.
2021 – 2022	Director, Allianz Advisory Pte. Ltd.
2021 – 2022	Commissioner, PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia
2020 – 2022	Regional Chief Operating Officer, Allianz Asia Pacific,
	AIG
2020	Chief Information Officer, AIG Operations, Singapore
2018 – 2020	Global Head of Infrastructure Modernization & International Infrastructure
	Operations, AIG Operations, Singapore
2017 - 2018	Technology Transformation Lead, AIG Japan Holdings KK Tokyo, Japan
2016	CEO & Chief Agency Officer, APAC, AIG Insurance (Indonesia)
2014 - 2016	President & CEO, AIG Insurance (Indonesia)

Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson

Age (years): 62

Director, President and Chief Executive Officer (Authorized Director)

Date of Appointment: February 25, 2021

Education

- PhD. in Economic ,Stanford University, Stamford, California Emphasis in Microeconomic
- Bachelor of Science in Business Administration, University of California, Berkeley, California
 Emphasis in Finance, Real Estate and Accounting Graduated with honor
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 313/2021

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2021 – Present Director, President and Chief Executive Officer, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2022 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Director and Authorized Director, Aetna Health Insurance
	(Thailand) Pcl.
2022 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Director and Authorized Director, Aqua Holdings
	(Thailand) Ltd.
2020 - Present	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.
2020	Deputy CEO & Head of Distribution, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.
2008 – 2020	Chief Risk Officer, Allianz SE, Munich, Germany Committee,

Allianz Alternative Risk Transfer

Mr. Aaron Mitchell Fryer

Age (years): 48

Director

(Non-Executive Director)

Date of Appointment: January 21, 2022

Education

- Bachelor of Civil Engineering (Honors) Newcastle University (1993 1997)
- Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia (FIAA), Executive Certification Directorship Singapore Management University 2020

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Non-Listed Companies

2019 – Present Regional Chief Financial Officer, Allianz SE, Singapore Branch, Asia

2018 Deputy Regional Chief Financial Officer, Asia

2017 Chief Financial Officer, PT Prudential Life Assurance Indonesia

2013 – 2014 Chief Financial Officer & Chief Actuary, Prudential Vietnam Assurance

Mr. Lars Heibutzki

Age (years): 48

Director

(Authorized Director)

Date of Appointment: April 26, 2019

Education

- Ph.D. in Economics and Statistical Science with Distinction, Friedrich Alexander University, Nuremberg, Germany
- Master of Business Administration, Major in Finance, Investment and Banking, University of Wisconsin-Madison, USA
- Business and Economics Degree with Distinction, University of Leipzig, Germany

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2019 - Present Director, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2022 - Present Director and Authorized Director, Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Ltd.

2019 – Present Director and Chief Executive Officer, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.

2018 – 2019 Chief Business Officer P&C and Member of Allianz Asia Board, Allianz SE Singapore

Branch

2015 – 2018 Chief Distribution Officer and Member of Allianz Asia Board, Allianz SE Singapore

Branch

Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer

Age (years): 46

(Non-Executive Director)

Date of Appointment: November 13, 2019

Education

- Wirtschaftsmathematik, specialization in Mathematical Finance & Actuarial Science, University of Ulm, Germany
- One-year program in Japanese language and culture, Waseda University, Tokyo
- Qualified Actuary

Associate of the Singapore Actuarial Society since 2013 (ASAS) Fellow of the German Actuarial Society since 2006 (Aktuar DAV)

• Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 241/2017, Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2019 – 2022 Director, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2022 – Present Chairman of the Board of Director, Director and Authorized Director, Health Care

Management) Ltd.

2022 - Present Chairman of the Board of Director, Director and Authorized Director, Minor Health

Enterprise Ltd.

2019 – Present Country Chief Financial Officer Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.

2018 – 2019 Chief Financial Officer, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.
 2016 – 2022 Chief Financial Officer, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.

Present Director, JCR Intertrade Co., Ltd.

Director, BSMC (Thailand) Limited Director, CPRN (Thailand) Limited Director, SOFE One Limited Director, SOFE Two Limited

Managing Director HaHo Unregistered Ordinary Partnership Chairman, Japanese-German Young Leaders Forum Alumni e.V.

Miss Jarunee Chaisupakitsin

Age (years): 60

Director

(Authorized Director)

Date of Appointment: August 1, 2020

-Appointed as Chief Financial Officer /Chief Accounting with effective from May 1, 2020

Education

- Master of Business Administration, Thammasat University
- Graduate Diploma in Translation, Thammasat University
- Graduate Diploma, English for Careers, Thammasat University
- Bachelor of Accounting, Thammasat University
- Bachelor of Economics, Sukhothai Thammathirat Open University
- Accounting and Financial Preparation (CFO's Orientation Course) 2019
- Director Certification Program (DCP) Class 309/2021

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2020 – 2022 Director and Member of Corporate Governance Committee /Chief Financial Officer,

Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2022 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Director, Director and Authorized Director, My Health	
	Services (Thailand) Ltd.	
2022 - Present	Director and Authorized Director, Health Care Management Ltd.	
2022 - Present	Director and Authorized Director, Minor Health Enterprise Ltd.	
2020 - Present	Director, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.	
2020 - Present	Country Chief Accounting Officer & Head of P&C Accounting, Allianz Ayudhya	
	General Insurance Pcl.	
2003 – 2020	Senior Vice President, Accounting, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.	

Mr. Kitti Pintavirooj

Age (years): 67

Director

(Authorized Director)

Date of Appointment: November 15, 2021

Education

- Master of Law in Admiralty, Tulane University, USA
- Master of Comparative Laws, University of Miami, USA
- Barrister-at-law, Institute of Legal Education, Thailand
- Bachelor of Laws, Thammasat University
- Advance Certificate Course, Management of Public Economic for Executives, King Prajadhipok's Institute
- Director Certificated Program (DCP) Class 17/2020, Thai Institute of Directors

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies*

2021 - Present Director, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

2019 – 2021 Independent Director / Audit Committee Member, Solatron Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2019 – 2021 Director /Country Chief Legal & Compliance Officer, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl

2019 - Present Director, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl
 2012 - Present Secretary-General, Thai Life Assurance Association

Information of Executives

1. Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson President and Chief Executive Officer

2. Miss Jarunee Chaisupakitsin Chief Financial Officer

(Education, Training Record and Working Experience of the Executives are contained in Information of Board of Directors)

Remark: Determination of Definitions of "executive" means director, manager, or the first four executives succeeding the manager and every person holding the position equivalent to the fourth rank including person holding executive position in Accounting or Finance Department whose rank is not lower than departmental manager.

Information of Corporate Secretary

Miss Narissara Udomvongsa

Age (years): 53

Senior Director - Head of Legal & Corporate Governance, Corporate Secretary

Date of Appointment: November 14, 2022

Education

- Master of Laws (LL.M.), University of Houston, Oil and Gas and Environmental Law.
- Bachelor of Laws (LL.B), Chulalongkorn University

No. of share held (as of December 31, 2022)

Personal -None-Spouse /Minor Child -None-

Relationship with Directors, Management, Major Shareholders and Subsidiaries

-None-

Work Experiences (last 5 years)

Listed Companies

2019 – Present Head of Legal, Allianz Ayudhya Capital Pcl.

Non-Listed Companies

2022 - Present Director and Authorized Director, Health Care Management) Ltd.
 2022 - Present Director and Authorized Director, Minor Health Enterprise Ltd.

2019 – Present Head of Legal & Corporate Governance, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.

2018 – Present Head of Legal & Corporate Governance, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.

Scope of Duties and Responsibilities of the Company Secretary

The company secretary shall perform his or her duties in accordance with section 89/15 and section 89/16 of Securities and Exchange Act (No.5) B.E. 2559, which come into force on December 12, 2016. The company secretary shall perform his or her duties with responsibilities, care, and honesty and in compliance with laws, Articles of Association and Objective of the Company, resolution of the Board of Director, and resolution of the shareholders' meeting. In performing this duty, the Company Secretary has the following duties and responsibilities:

- 1.1 Prepare and maintain the following documents:
 - 1.1.1 Director's Registry;
 - 1.1.2 Notices for the Board of Directors', Minutes of the Board of Directors' Meetings and Annual Report of the Board of Directors; and
 - 1.1.3 Notices for the Shareholders' Meeting and Minutes of the Shareholders' Meetings.
- 1.2 Maintain the Report on Stake Holding of Directors and Management
- 1.3 Carry out other tasks as assigned by the Board of Directors

Additionally, the company secretary has duties assigned by the Company (or the board) as follows:

- Provide preliminary advice and recommendations pertaining to legal, regulatory, and governance issues and practices related to the Board and Board Committees
- Organize the meetings of Shareholders, the Board of Directors
- Liaise with regulatory agencies such as the Stock Exchange of Thailand
- Be responsible for the disclosure and report information to the public and regulatory agencies with accuracy, complete and in accordance with laws
- Arrange new director orientation
- Perform other duties as assigned by the Company
 [Scope of Duties and Responsibilities of Company Secretary is also contained in Part 2, No. 7
 Structure of Corporate Governance.]

Information of Directors, Executives and Company Secretary of Subsidiary Company /Information of Executives and Controlling persons

(More information are readable in QR Code)



Attachment 2: Information of Directors from Subsidiary

Company's subsidiary is Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited (AAGI).

Name of Directors	Company's subsidiary Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited (AAGI)
1. Mr. Teh Kim Leng	A
2. Mr. Lars Heibutzki	C,F,G
3. Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup	B,E,F
4. Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon	D,E,F
5. Mr. Apichat Natasilpa	D,E,F
6. Mr. Kitti Pintavirooj	F
7. Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	F
8. Mr. Tivakorn Kanjanakit	F,G

Company's subsidiary is Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited (AHI).

Name of Directors	Company's subsidiary AETNA HEALTH INSURANCE (THAILAND) PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED (AHI)
1. Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	A,G
2. Ms. Napha Trirattanawongse	D,F
3. Ms. Patchara Taveechaiwattana	D,F
4. Mr. Dan Harsono	D,E,F
5. Ms. Wanna Thamsirisup	B,E,F

Company's subsidiary is My Health Services (Thailand) Company Limited

Name of Directors	Company's subsidiary MY HEALTH SERVICES (THAILAND) COMPANY LIMITED
1. Ms. Supattra Amornpornviwat	F,G
2. Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	A,F,G
3. Ms. Napha Trirattanawongse	F,G

Company's subsidiary is Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Company Limited (AHL).

Name of Directors	Company's subsidiary AQUA HOLDING COMPANY LIMITED (AHL)
1. Mr. Thomas Charles Wilson	A,G
2. Mr. Lars Heibutzki	F,G
3. Mr. Lua Sen Chew	F,G

Company's subsidiary is Health Care Management Company Limited (HCM).

Name of Directors	Company's subsidiary HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (HCM)
1. Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer	A,F,G
2. Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	F,G
3. Ms. Narissara Udomvongsa	F,G

Company's subsidiary is Minor Health Enterprise Company Limited (MHE).

Name of Directors	Company's subsidiary MINOR HEALTH ENTERPRISE COMPANY LIMITED (MHE)
1. Mr. Jan-Christian Rosemeyer	A,F,G
2. Ms. Jarunee Chaisupakitsin	F,G
3. Ms. Narissara Udomvongsa	F,G

Remark

Α	=	Chairwoman of the Board of Directors
В	=	Chairman of the Audit Committee
С	=	President and Chief Executive Officer
D	=	Member of the Audit Committee
Ε	=	Independent Director
F	=	Director
G	=	Authorized Director

Attachment 3: Information of Head of Internal Audit and Head of Compliance

Head of Internal Audit

Ms. Wannaporn Ngamsukhonratana, Senior Director and Head of Country Internal Audit, was assigned as Head of Internal Audit.

Education

- Bachelor of Business Administration (Accounting), Assumption University
- Master of Business Administration (General Management), Indiana State University
- Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)

Working Experience during the recent 5 years

- Senior Director and Head of Country Internal Audit, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.
- Senior Vice President, Internal Audit, Standard Chartered Bank (Thai) Pcl.

Head of Compliance

Ms. Saovaporn Sattabusya, Senior Director from subsidiary company and associate company, was assigned as Head of Regulatory Affairs and Compliance.

Education

- Master of Laws in International and Comparative Law, George Washington University Law School, USA
- Master of Laws in Business and General Law, University of Wisconsin-Madison Law School, USA
- Bachelor of Laws, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok, Thailand

Working Experience and training record

Duration	Position	Organization
2008 – 2009	Legal Consultant	Siam City Law Office GP Co., Ltd.
2009 – 2013	Manager	Legal Department /AIA (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
2013 – Present	Senior Director	Compliance Department/ Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Pcl.
2019 – Present	Senior Director	Compliance Department/ Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Pcl.

Training record

Association of Certified Anti-Money Laundering Specialists (CAMS), Certified Anti-Money Laundering Specialist

Compliance responsibilities

- Provide support and set out policy, guideline, and regulation to comply with law and compliance standards. Identify, search and assess compliance risk that will reflect on business operations
- 2. Provide advisory to executives and employees in relation to law, regulation, guideline, relevant business standards and notify the executives without delay whenever change of law, rules and regulation and relevant business standards
- 3. Evaluate the suitability of Company's work in process and monitor the performance result whenever it finds errors or breaches of law, rules, regulations, code of conduct and relevant business operations.
- 4. Enhance knowledge to employees in relation to be a focal point providing compliance advisory, law, rules, regulations and employee code of conduct
- Coordinate with other functions to comply with rules and regulations from local regulators i.e. Office of Insurance Commission and Anti-Money Laundering Office, including seeking external support from professional advisor within the scope of compliance practice as deem necessary.

Attachment 4: Operating Assets

4.1 Assets used in business and details of assets evaluation

Assets value (or equipment) used in business, stated in financial account dated 31 December 2022 total 65.57 million baht with no attached obligation as follow.

Detail of Operating Assets	Book Value Net (Thousand Baht)
1. Land	1,610
2. Leasehold improvement	39,067
3. Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	16,186
4. Vehicles	307
5. Leasehold improvement under installation	8,395
Total	65,565

The Company owns a land plot and building on 1669/55-56 Soi Waidee, Chan Rd, Thung Wat Don, Yannawa, Bangkok. The facility is used to store company's documents.

The Company owns a 153 sq wah land plot at Samrongnua, Muaeng district, Samutprakan to provide benefits to employees.

4.2 Lease contract

Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance plc, the subsidiary, has leased contract for head office and 18 offices throughout Thailand as follow.

Head Office / Branch	Short rental location	Number of years rental
1. Head Office	898 Ploenchit Tower, 7 th Floor, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini Sub- district, Pathumwan District, Bangkok 10330	3
2. Hat Yai	332 Chotvitayakul 5 Road, Hat Yai, Hat Yai Songkhla 90110	3
3. Phuket	9/187-188 Sakdidet Road, Talard Nua, Muang, Phuket 83000	3
4. Rayong	9/7 Bangna-Trad Road, Cherng-Nern, Muang, Rayong 21000	3
5. Khon Kaen	769-769/1 Moo 2, Mitraparp Road, Sira, Muang Khon Kaen, Khon Kaen 40000	3
6. Chiangmai	158/9 Chiangmai-Lampang Road, Paton, Muang, Chiangmai 50300	3
7. Nakhonratchasima	901/4-5 Mitraparp Road, Nai Muang, Muang, Nakhonratchasima 30000	3
8. Nakhonsawan	21/77 Moo 11, Nakhonsawan-Phitsanulok Road, Watsai, Muang, Nakhonsawan 60000	3

Head Office / Branch	Short rental location	Number of years rental
9. Phitsanulok	459/1079-80 Moo 7, Mitraparp Road, Samorkae, Muang, Phitsanulok 65000	3
10. Ubonratchathani	97/6 Moo 3, Ubonratchathani Road, Khamyai, Muang, Ubonratchathani 34000	3
11. Suratthani	141/122-123 Moo 5, Kanchanawithi Road, Bangkung, Muang Suratthani, Suratthani 84000	3
12. Nakhonpathom	94 Ratchamakka Road, Sanamchan, Muang, Nakhonpathom 73000	3
13. Chonburi	208/12 Moo 3, Prayasajja Road, Samet, Muang, Chonburi 20000	3
14. Pattaya	3/146-147 Moo 6, Chaloem Phra Kiat Road, Na Klua, Banglamung, Chonburi 20150	3
15. Udonthani	844/7-8 Taharn Road (Dong Wat), Markhaeng, Muang, Udonthani 41000	3
16. Saraburi	96/18 Sudbantad Road, Pakpreew, Muang, Saraburi 18000	3
17. Chiangrai	250/8 Moo 16, Ratchayotha Road, Robvieng, Muang, Chiangrai 57000	3
18. Surin	102 Moo 2, Surin Bypass Road, Nok Muang, Muang, Surin 32000	3
19. Hua Hin	15/118 Soi Mooban Borfai, Phet Kasem Road, Hua Hin, Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan 77110	3

If any lease expires, the company's policy is to extend the lease regularly, not exceeding 3 years.

Aetna Thai Entities, the subsidiary, has leased contract for head office and 15 offices throughout Thailand as follow.

Head Office / Branch	Short rental location	Number of years rental
1. Head Office	98 Sathorn Square Office Tower, 15th Floor, North Sathorn	3
	Road, Silom, Bangrak, Bangkok 10500	J
2. Phuket	156/15 Phang Nga Road, Talard Yai, Muang, Phuket 83000	3
3. Pattaya	7/6-7 Moo 6, Sukhumvit Road, Na Klua, Banglamung,	3
	Chonburi 20150	3
4. Chiangmai	56/22 Chiangmai-Lampang Road, Chang puak, Muang,	3
	Chiangmai 50300	
5. Nakhonratchasima	1630/12 Mitraparp Road, Nai Muang, Muang,	1
	Nakhonratchasima 30000	ı
6. Samui	26/12 Moo 3, Thawee Rat Phakdi Road, Bophut, Koh Samui,	2
	Suratthani 84320	
7. Hua Hin	60/23 Soi Mooban Borfai, Phet Kasem Road, Hua Hin, Hua	1
	Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan 77110	'

Head Office / Branch	Short rental location	Number of years rental
8. Rayong	28/38 Moo 3, Pavena Complex, 2nd floor, room 1, Cherng- Nern, Muang, Rayong 21000	3
9. Chonburi	278/2 Laemtong Bangsaen Department, 2nd floor (2S13), Bangsaen beach Road, Muang, Chonburi 20130	1
10. Udonthani	45/5 UD Town, room IT05, Tongyai Road, Markhaeng, Muang, Udonthani 41000	3
11. Khon Kaen	290/2 Moo 17, Baan and Beyond Home, 1st floor room 109, Mitraparp Road, Sira, Muang Khon Kaen, Khon Kaen 40000	1
12. Chanthaburi	81/60 Maharaj Road, Talat, Muang, Chanthaburi 22000	3
13. Sukhumvit 101	101 True Digital Park, B1 floor room B1 room OP-006, Sukhumvit Road, Bangchak, Phra Khanong, Bangkok 10260	3
14. Ratchaphruek	189 The Walk Ratchaphruek, 1st floor room TRPBF1A-E22 Ratchaphruek Road, Bang Khun Kong, Nonthaburi 11130	1
15. Ladprao	669 BigC Extra Ladprao, G IN floor room GCR126, Ladprao Road, Chomphon, Chatuchak, Bangkok 10900	1
16. Kaset-Nawamin	509 The Walk Kaset-Nawamin, B1 floor room TKNCB1A-001B Prasert Manukit Road, Ladprao, Bangkok 10230	3

4.3. Intangible assets

The company has intangible assets of computer software worth 172.39 million baht as stated in account dated December 31, 2022.

4.4. Investment policy in subsidiary/partner companies

The company's policy is to invest in subsidiary/partner companies that effectively facilitate the company's total businesses. At present, the company has invested in subsidiaries, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Plc and Aetna Thailand entities and an associate, Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Plc.

Company's assets

The company has invested in a variety of assets including SET's common stocks, Thai IPOs, Thai debt instruments, non-SET assets, investment units, bank deposits and loans.

Investment objectives

The company's investment objectives are to increase company's revenue by investing in low-risk, secure assets with appropriate and steady returns.

The company has appointed an investment committee to prescribe ratio of each investment asset. In 2022, the company and its subsidiary have invested in government bonds, common stocks and investment units with returns of interests and dividends.

Subsidiary company's investment assets

The subsidiary company, non-life business can invest, according to Non-life Insurance Act 1992, and must comply with Office of Insurance Commission's regulations on Non-life Insurance Company's Other Business Investments 2013.

Attachment 5: Corporate Governance Policy and Code of Conduct full versions

The Company refers the full versions of Corporate Governance Policy and Code of Conduct, underlying Section 6. Corporate Governance Policy, Section 7. Corporate Governance Structure and Section 8. Key Performance of Corporate Governance, including Company's website at https://www.ayud.co.th/en_TH/investor-relations/good-corporate-governance.html

Attachment 6: Report of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board of Directors as specified in the Audit Committee Charter and in accordance with criteria from regulators.

As of December 31, 2022, the Audit Committee comprises three independent directors as follows:

- 1. Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup Chairman of the Audit Committee
- 2. Mr. Vichit Kornvityakoon Audit Committee Member
- 3. Mr. Narong Chulajata Audit Committee Member

Mrs. Wannaporn Ngamsukhonratana is the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

Financial Reports

The quarterly and annual consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company were reviewed by the Management, accounting executives, and the Company's external auditors to ensure that the financial statements were completed under generally accepted accounting principles and that the information disclosure was adequate, accurate, and complete. The reviews covered the accounting policy as well as significant changes.

Internal Control and Compliance with the laws

The Company's internal control system was reviewed to ensure its efficiency and compliance with governing laws and regulations, including those of the Securities and Exchange Commission and The Stock Exchange of Thailand, as relevant to the Company's business based on audit reports by the Company's external auditors and the internal audit of its subsidiary that provides internal audit services to the Company. The results of the review on the internal controls over the information technology systems performed by the external auditors were considered; the Company's risk management, the good corporate governance practices, and the report on internal controls and risk management disclosed in the annual report were also reviewed.

The Audit Committee attended one meeting with the external auditors without the Company's Management on matters to be acknowledged by the Audit Committee with regard to their performance and independence in conducting the reviews and audits as well as in compliance with Section 89/25 of the Securities and Exchange Act (No. 4) BE 2551 (2008) as well as to acknowledge and advise on the findings of the financial statement reviews and audits. During the reviews, the external auditors reported to the Audit Committee that no fraud, law violations, or significant issues which might adversely impact the internal controls were found.

Transactions with possible conflict of interest

Connected party transactions and transactions that might be considered as conflicts of interest were reviewed to ensure that they were conducted in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations and that adequate disclosures were made. The Audit Committee provided opinions on transactions between the Company and related parties to ensure that these transactions were made under the normal course of business and were transparent as well as fair to all concerned parties.

Supervising the internal auditing process

The audit plan and manpower to ensure adequacy of resources in conducting audits were considered.

In addition, the Audit Committee considered and ratified improvements and developments of the roles of internal audit with appropriate responsibilities pertinent to the business environment and evolving risks in information technology and anti-corruption policy, as well as independence in carrying out its duties.

Audit Committee Charter

The Audit Committee performed its duties and responsibilities as stipulated in the Audit Committee Charter independently, cautiously, and transparently. The Audit Committee received effectively without limitation information and proper cooperation from the Management.

Supervising the processes in regarding to anti-corruption measures

The Audit Committee oversaw the process relating to anti-corruption policy and measures, reviewing compliance procedures on anti-corruption measures and internal controls as well as assessing the risks involved related to the anti-corruption policy through reports from senior management, internal audit reports, and those from external parties.

Reports regarding documents prepared for the risk assessment of corruption risks and internal controls were signed off by the Board of Directors before submitting to Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption Council (CAC).

Risk Management

The Audit Committee evaluated the Company's risk management process. The Subsidiary's Risk Management Committee, which comprised executives from each department of the Company, its subsidiary, and its associated company, supports the Board of Directors in risk supervision related to the Company's business operations, to ensure that it operates within the risk appetite and consistent with the vision, mission, strategy, and business goals so that the Company's objectives are achieved efficiently, effectively and sustainably.

In addition, the Company had risk management practices and guidelines for strategic risk, insurance risk, market risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, reputation risk and credit risk. Therefore, it could be assumed that the Company had implemented concrete measures to mitigate various risks.

External Auditor Selection

The Audit Committee considered and proposed to the Board of Directors on the selection of auditors and determined their annual audit fees for the Annual General Meeting approval. In addition, the Audit Committee was to consider and approve the rendering of outsourced audit service firm from the auditor of the subsidiary company and the auditor of the associated company.

There was no provision of other non-audit service from the auditor firm and with the group of company during the year as the approval set forth by the Audit Committee.

Suwat Laicharoensup (Mr. Suwat Laicharoensup) Chairman of the Audit Committee February 24, 2023

Financial statements



ALLIANZ AYUDHYA CAPITAL PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2022

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited

My opinion

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group) and the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022, and its consolidated and separate financial performance and its consolidated and separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS).

What I have audited

The consolidated financial statements and the separate financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, which include significant accounting
 policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (TFAC Code) that are relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the TFAC Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

How my audit addressed the key audit matter

Valuation of claim reserves

Refer to Note 7, critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements in consolidated financial statements in relation to claim reserves and Note 21, claim reserves in consolidated financial statements

Claim reserves of Baht 2,677 million composed of reported claim reserves not yet settled, claim payable, and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR), as well as claims handling reserve and payable.

I focused on the valuation of claim reserves because of the size of the liability and inherent uncertainty when assessing the claims that had been incurred as of the end of the year. Estimation process therefore involved complexity and the significant judgements that management needed to make to estimate the related balance.

Management hired the external actuarial specialist to calculate the claim reserves for the Group. The key assumptions that underpinned the reserve calculations included the expected ultimate loss ratio and the loss development factor by types of insurances. The valuation of claim reserves depended on complete and accurate data about the number of claims, claim amounts and the pattern of historical claims since these were often used to form expectations about future claims.

My key audit procedures in relation to the claim reserves included:

- Obtained an understanding of the process to estimate claim reserves and setting processes in accordance with actuarial methodology.
- Assessed the design and tested operating effectiveness of key controls around the claims handling and claim reserves setting processes.
- Evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the actuary, who was management's expert.
- Evaluated whether the Group's actuarial methodologies were consistent with those used in the industry and prior year. Obtained an understanding of the assumptions involved when determining the valuation of claim reserves. I evaluated the reasonableness of management's significant assumptions by comparing weighted average ultimate loss ratios in the past with the expected loss ratio used by the Group's actuary and investigated any significant differences.
- Tested the completeness of data used in the actuarial reserving calculations by reconciling with data in accounting system.
- Engaged auditor's actuarial specialists to carry out independent modelling to assess if the Group's best estimate of gross and net claims reserves fell into estimated reasonable ranges for selected types of insurance. Auditor's actuarial specialists' estimates of outstanding claims reserves were based on a statistical data of the claims process.

Based on all of the above procedures, I considered the management's assumptions used for valuation of claim reserves were reasonable based on available evidences.

Assessment of goodwill impairment

Refer to Note 7, critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements in consolidated financial statements in relation to goodwill and Note 17, goodwill in consolidated financial statements

The Group had goodwill of Baht 1,926 million as at 31 December 2022, which related to cash generating units in insurance. The Group is required to, at least annually, test goodwill for impairment.

I focused on this area due to the fact that goodwill balance was around 8.79% of total consolidated assets and the forecasts of cash flows each year involved significant management's judgement, which was based on various assumptions that were affected by expected future market and economic conditions.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the management performed an impairment assessment over the goodwill balance by:

- Calculating the value in use for each Cash Generating Unit ("CGU") using a discounted cash flow model. The model used cash flows (revenues and expenses) for each CGU for 5 years, with constant terminal growth rate applied to the 5th year. These cash flows were then discounted to net present value using the weighted average cost of capital (WACC). The key assumptions were disclosed in Note 17.
- 2. Comparing the resulting value in use of each CGU to their respective book values.

My key audit procedures in relation to the assessment of goodwill impairment included:

- Understood and evaluated the composition of cash flow forecasts and calculation process, including test the mathematical accuracy of the management's underlying calculations.
- Compared cash flow forecasts with the budget and approved business plan and other evidences supporting the plan.
- Assessed management's key assumptions used in the forecasts by comparing them to historical results and economic and industry outlook by comparing with the observable data in the industry. The assumptions also included the business growth rate and expense forecasts.
- Reviewed parameters used to determine the discount rate applied.
- Assessed management on the adequacy of their sensitivity calculations over all their CGUs. The valuation of goodwill was sensitive to changes in key assumptions such as revenue growth and discount rate, in case they were not achieved, could reasonably be expected to give rise to impairment charge in the future.
- Evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures made in notes of the financial statements, including those regarding the key assumptions and sensitivity of those assumptions.

Based on all of the above procedures, I considered management's key assumptions used in assessing the goodwill impairment were reasonable based on available evidences.

Business Acquisition

Refer to Note 36 to the financial statements related to acquisition of subsidiaries.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group had acquired Aetna Group Thailand amounting to Baht 3,127 million to expand its client base and distribution channels and increase its market share in health insurance of the Group. The Group has acquired material amount of assets and liabilities under this acquisition. Management assessed that this acquisition is qualified as a business combination and significant management judgement were exercised on the valuation of tangible and intangible assets acquired.

An important element of auditing this business combination transaction relates to the valuation of net assets acquired and liabilities assumed under the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA), where management engaged external valuation expert to complete the exercise based on several key assumptions.

I focused on this area as the transaction is material in amount to the consolidated financial statements, representing significant portion to the Group's assets and it also relates to significant judgement that management exercised on the valuation of net assets acquired and goodwill.

My key audit procedures in relation to the Business Acquisition included:

- I reviewed the purchase transactions and related agreements to obtain an understanding of the transactions and reviewed management's assessment to evaluate that the acquisition should be accounted for as business combination and also identify date of control of this business combination transaction.
- I assessed the competence, independence and objectivity of the external valuation expert engaged by management.
- I assessed management's procedures and assumptions in determining the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed by comparing management's assumptions to data from other independent sources to assess appropriateness of key financial assumptions applied in the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA).
- I evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures made in notes of the financial statements.

Based on all of the above procedures, I considered management's key assumptions used in assessing the fair value of the net assets acquired to be reasonable based on available evidences

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to the audit committee.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated and separate financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide the audit committee with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd.

Sakuna Yamsakul

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 4906

Bangkok

28 February 2023

		Consolidated		Separate		
			statements		statements	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Notes	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents, net	8	1,660,377	1,295,374	171,696	236,672	
Premium due and uncollected, net	9	1,191,227	580,552	-	-	
Accrued investment income		16,641	24,187	308	10,748	
Reinsurance assets	10	1,983,484	1,923,852	-	-	
Amounts due from reinsurers	11	354,944	569,982	-	-	
Receivable from sale of securities		426	-	426	-	
Financial assets measured at fair value through						
profit or loss	12	-	-	205,148	1,052,338	
Financial assets measured at fair value through						
other comprehensive income	12	-	-	43,198	3,321,874	
Investments in securities, net	13	6,963,055	8,793,852	-	-	
Investment in an associate	14	6,480,922	9,492,515	5,455,863	5,455,863	
Investment in a subsidiaries	14	-	-	5,699,783	2,572,379	
Property, plant and equipment, net	15	65,565	46,170	1,627	1,649	
Right-of-use asset, net	16	189,669	190,397	-	-	
Goodwill	17	1,926,096	508,877	-	-	
Intangible assets, net	18	172,388	84,731	5,189	5,860	
Deferred tax assets (liabilities), net	19	470,587	400,105	(2,746)	39,489	
Deferred commission expenses		102,108	80,233	-	-	
Other assets, net	20	335,061	149,422	14,821	12,030	
Total assets		21,912,550	24,140,249	11,595,313	12,708,902	

			olidated statements	Separate financial statements		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Notes	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
Liabilities and equity						
Liabilities						
Insurance contract liabilities	21	7,231,783	5,070,744	-	-	
Amounts due to reinsurers	22	967,655	1,160,232	-	-	
Payable from purchase of securities		1	-	1	-	
Employee benefit obligations	23	158,542	135,407	-	-	
Premium written received in advance		244,338	258,802	-	-	
Commission and brokerage payables		148,452	121,109	-	-	
Accrued expenses		521,802	406,612	30,340	11,122	
Lease liabilities	24	193,546	197,784	_	-	
Other liabilities	25	587,208	365,419	9,766	550	
Total liabilities		10,053,327	7,716,109	40,107	11,672	
Equity						
Share capital	26					
Authorised share capital						
463,473,361 ordinary shares of 1 Baht each		463,473	463,473	463,473	463,473	
, ,						
Issued and paid-up share capital						
389,266,931 ordinary shares of 1 Baht each		389,267	389,267	389,267	389,267	
Premium on share capital		10,066,331	10,066,331	10,066,331	10,066,331	
Retained earnings						
Appropriated						
Legal reserve	27	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Unappropriated		2,479,121	3,790,996	1,062,464	2,219,669	
Other components of equity						
Surplus (discount) on investments measured at fair va	lue					
through other comprehensive income		41,616	97,437	(12,856)	(28,037)	
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) in an ass	ociate	(1,167,112)	2,030,109	-	-	
, ,		(,, -,, ,				
Total equity		11,859,223	16,424,140	11,555,206	12,697,230	
Total liabilities and equity		21,912,550	24,140,249	11,595,313	12,708,902	

					arate statements
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Notes	housand Baht	housand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Revenues					
Gross premiums written		8,031,778	5,584,707	-	-
(Less) Premiums ceded		(1,830,002)	(1,608,289)		
Net premiums written		6,201,776	3,976,418	-	-
Add (Less) Unearned premium reserve					
decreased (increased) from previous period		150,149	(84,019)	-	
Net premiums earned		6,351,925	3,892,399	-	-
Fees and commission income		467,161	325,926	-	-
Net investment income		87,247	140,543	1,291,858	804,837
Gain (loss) on investments	30	(96,313)	(8,151)	7,567	18,715
Share of profit on investment in an associate	14	981,916	1,287,852	-	-
Service income		22,157	-	-	-
Other income (Reversal)		12,104	34,202	(61)	57
Total revenues		7,826,197	5,672,771	1,299,364	823,609
Expenses					
Gross claim paid		4,222,280	2,537,959	-	-
(Less) Claim recovered from reinsurers		(387,886)	(485,380)	-	
Net claim paid		3,834,394	2,052,579	_	-
Commission and brokerage expenses		1,142,710	894,232	_	_
Other underwriting expenses		968,966	694,004	-	_
Cost of service		1,313	-	-	-
Operating expenses	31	997,724	754,034	71,480	30,553
Finance cost		6,968	6,922	-	-
Impairment loss on equity instruments (Reversal)		(172,699)	40,048	-	-
Expected credit loss (Reversal)	33	(1,491)	174	(950)	465
Total expenses		6,777,885	4,441,993	70,530	31,018
Profit before income tax		1,048,312	1,230,778	1,228,834	792,591
Income tax expense	34	(43,585)	(749)	(38,439)	(24,615)
Net profit		1,004,727	1,230,029	1,190,395	767,976

		Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Notes	housand Baht	housand Baht	housand Baht	Thousand Baht
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to					
profit or loss					
Gain (loss) on revaluation of equity securities measured at					
fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	(25,415)	16,402
(Gain) loss on sale of equity securities transferred to retained earnings		-	-	58,791	(6,360)
Actuarial gain (loss) on defined employee benefits plans		(3,313)	24,614	-	-
Share of other comprehensive gain in an associate	14	17,435	18,253	-	-
Income tax related to items that will not be subsequently					
reclassified to profit or loss		(2,824)	(8,574)	(6,675)	(2,008)
Total items that will not be subsequently reclassified to					
profit or loss		11,298	34,293	26,701	8,034
Items that will be subsequently reclassified to					
profit or loss					
Gain (loss) on revaluation of investments measured at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		(225,355)	39,383	_	_
Loss on sale of investment transferred to profit or loss		155,579	28,095	_	_
Loss on revaluation of debt instruments measured					
at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	(14,400)	(9,852)
Share of other comprehensive loss in an associate	14	(3,996,527)	(2,944,697)	-	-
Income tax on items that will be subsequently reclassified					
to profit or loss		813,261	575,444	2,880	1,970
Total items that will be subsequently reclassified to					
profit or loss		(3,253,042)	(2,301,775)	(11,520)	(7,882)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year,					
net of income tax		(3,241,744)	(2,267,482)	15,181	152
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		(2,237,017)	(1,037,453)	1,205,576	768,128
Earnings per share	25	0.50	2.42	0.00	4.07
Basic earnings per share (Baht)	35	2.58	3.16	3.06	1.97
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Thousand shares)		389,267	389,267	389,267	389,267

			С	onsolidated finan	cial statements		
			Retained	d earnings	Other componen	ts of equity	
					Change in fair value of investments	Share of other	
	Issued and				measured at fair value	comprehensive	
	paid-up	Premium on	Legal		through other	income (loss)	Total
	share capital	share capital	reserve		comprehensive income	of an associate	equity
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Balance as at 1 January 2021	389,267	10,066,331	50,000	3,126,145	43,455	4,385,867	18,061,065
Dividend paid (Note 29)	-	-	-	(599,471)	-	-	(599,471)
Net profit	-	-	-	1,230,029	-	-	1,230,029
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Actuarial gain on defined employee benefits plans - net of tax	-	-	-	19,691	-	-	19,691
Gain on revaluation of investments measured at fair value							
through other comprehensive income - net of tax	-	-	-	-	31,506	-	31,506
Loss on sale of investment transferred to profit or loss - net of tax	-	-	-	-	22,476	-	22,476
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of an associate - net of tax							
(Note 14)				14,602		(2,355,758)	(2,341,156)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	389,267	10,066,331	50,000	3,790,996	97,437	2,030,109	16,424,140
Balance as at 1 January 2022	389,267	10,066,331	50,000	3,790,996	97,437	2,030,109	16,424,140
Dividend paid (Note 29)	-	-	-	(2,300,578)	-	-	(2,300,578)
Net profit	-	-	-	1,004,727	-	-	1,004,727
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Actuarial gain on defined employee benefits plans - net of tax	-	-	-	(2,650)	-	-	(2,650)
Gain on revaluation of investments measured at fair value							
through other comprehensive income - net of tax	-	-	-	-	(180,284)	-	(180,284)
Loss on sale of investment transferred to profit or loss - net of tax	-	-	-	(27,322)	124,463	-	97,141
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of an associate - net of tax							
(Note 14)	-	-	_	13,948	-	(3,197,221)	(3,183,273)

10,066,331

50,000

2,479,121

41,616

(1,167,112)

11,859,223

389,267

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance as at 31 December 2022

		Separate financial statements							
	Issued and paid-up share capital Thousand Baht	Premium on share capital Thousand Baht	Legal reserve		Other components of equity Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	Total equity Thousand Baht			
Balance as at 1 January 2021	389,267	10,066,331	50,000	2,046,076	(28,189)	12,523,485			
Dividend paid (Note 29) Net profit Other comprehensive income (loss) Financial assets measured at fair value through	-	-	-	(599,471) 767,976	-	(599,471) 767,976			
other comprehensive income - net of tax Realised loss from sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	5,240	5,240			
transferred to retained earnings - net of tax				5,088	(5,088)				
Balance as at 31 December 2021	389,267	10,066,331	50,000	2,219,669	(28,037)	12,697,230			
Balance as at 1 January 2022 Dividend paid (Note 29) Net profit Other comprehensive income (loss) Financial assets measured at fair value through	389,267 - -	10,066,331 - -	50,000 - -	2,219,669 (2,300,568) 1,190,395	(28,037) - -	12,697,230 (2,300,568) 1,190,395			
other comprehensive income - net of tax Realised loss from sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income transferred to retained earnings - net of tax		-	-	(47,032)	(31,851) 47,032	(31,851)			
· ·		_	_	, , ,		_			
Balance as at 31 December 2022	389,267	10,066,331	50,000	1,062,464	(12,856)	11,555,206			

Cash flows from operating activities Direct premium received Cash received from service income Cash paid to reinsurance Other income Loss incurred from direct insurance Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received from deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash paid for investment in subsidiary	Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
Cash flows from operating activities Direct premium received Cash received from service income Cash paid to reinsurance Other income Loss incurred from direct insurance Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Cash paid from medical service (2,133 Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses (89,603 Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404			
Direct premium received Cash received from service income Cash paid to reinsurance Other income Loss incurred from direct insurance Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for movestment in subsidiary Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	8 5 310 536		
Cash paid to reinsurance Other income Loss incurred from direct insurance Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Income tax expense Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404		-	-
Other income Loss incurred from direct insurance Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Income tax expense Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404	2 -	-	-
Loss incurred from direct insurance Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	6) (608,411)	-	-
Commission and brokerage paid from direct insurance Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	3 35,538	-	-
Cash paid from medical service Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses Operating expenses (914,134 Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets (5,562,135 Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received from deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,537 Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	9) (2,730,089)	-	-
Other underwriting expenses Operating expenses (914,134 Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets (5,562,135 Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received from deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,537 Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	(850,890)	-	-
Operating expenses Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)		-	-
Income tax expense Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,53' Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	(694,004)	-	-
Cash received from financial assets Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,53' Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	(707,301)	(45,144)	(34,246)
Cash paid for financial assets Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,53' Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	3) (20,613)	-	-
Cash received from investment in subsidiary Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,53' Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	4 2,916,262	4,108,183	1,283,321
Cash received for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,53** Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404**	(4,510,223)	(8,766)	(2,626,166)
and deposits used as collateral Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral (169,53' Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	0 -	-	-
Cash paid for deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and deposits used as collateral Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)			
and deposits used as collateral (169,53: Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities 5,172,00 Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income 109,28 Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment 24 Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	7 352,250	-	130,000
Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)			
Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income 109,28 Dividend income 826,08 Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment 24 Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	(184,531)		
Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows provided Interest income 109,28 Dividend income 826,08 Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment 24 Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)			
Cash flows provided Interest income 109,28 Dividend income 826,08 Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment 24 Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	2 (1,691,476)	4,054,273	(1,247,091)
Interest income Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)			
Dividend income Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)			
Cash received from selling property, plant and equipment Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)		40,875	54,534
Cash received from loan to related party Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)			763,315
Cash flows used Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404)	6 5,978		-
Cash paid for investment in subsidiary (3,127,404	-	170,000	-
		(2.1211)	
Cash paid for loan to related party	-	(3,127,404)	-
		(170,000)	-
Cash paid for purchasing property, plant and equipment (9,212	,	-	-
Cash paid for right-of-use assets	- (61,930)	-	-
Cash paid for purchasing intangible assets (93,888	-		-
Net cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities (2,294,883	813,204	(1,818,680)	817,849
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividend paid 29 (2,300,577	(599,471)	(2,300,568)	(599,471)
Cash paid for loan repayment (162,729	-	-	-
Cash paid for lease liability (39,282	2) (21,301)	-	-
Cash paid for finance cost (9,299	(6,922)		
Net cash flow used in financing activities (2,511,88)	(627,694)	(2,300,568)	(599,471)
		(64.075)	(1 020 742)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 365,23 Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January 1,295,37		(64,975)	(1,028,713)
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January 1,295,37	2,001,340	236,672	1,265,386
Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 1,660,60	6 1,295,380	171,697	236,673
(<u>Less</u>) Allowance for expected credit loss (229)	(0)	(1)	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents, net as at 31 December 88	7 1,295,374	171,696	236,672
Non-cash transactions			
Payable from purchase of securities	1 -	1	-
Receivable from sale of securites 42		426	-
Write-off work-in-progress computer software 3,28		420	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	- 6	-	-

1 General information

Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited (the "Company") is a public limited company which listed on The Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The address of the Company's registered office is as follows:

Ploenchit Tower, 7th floor, 898 Ploenchit Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok.

The principal business operations of the Company are an investment holding company.

The Company has subsidiary companies, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited and Aetna Thailand group entities, which mainly operate non-life insurance business, holding by 99.99% and 99.88% respectively.

The Company and its subsidiary are subsequently referred as "the Group".

The consolidated and separate financial statements were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 February 2023.

2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") and the financial reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities and Exchange Act. In addition, the financial statements presentation is based on the formats of non-life insurance financial statements attached in an Office of Insurance Commission's Notification "Principle, methodology, condition and timing for preparation, submission and reporting of financial statements and operation performance for non-life insurance company (No.2) B.E. 2562" dated on 4 April 2019 ('OIC Notification').

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited, Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited, My Health Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Limited, Health Care Management Co., Ltd and Minor Health Enterprise Ltd. Significant transactions for the year ended 31 December 2022 and balances between the Company and the subsidiary have been eliminated.

The accounting period and significant accounting policies used for the consolidated financial statements of the Group is the same as those of the Company except the temporary exemption from compliance with TFRS 9, Financial Instruments and TFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures under TFRS 4 (revised 2018), Insurance Contracts and apply the 'financial instruments and disclosure for insurance companies' accounting guidelines ('Accounting Guidance').

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to use certain critical accounting estimates and to exercise its judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas that are more likely to be materially adjusted due to changes in estimates and assumptions are disclosed in Note 7.

An English version of the consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared from the statutory financial statements that are in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

2.1 Financial reporting standards that are effective, but the Group elected to apply temporary exemption from TFRS 9 Financial Instruments and TFRS 7 Financial Instruments.

The Group passes criteria and elect to apply temporary exemption from TFRS 9 Financial Instruments and TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures under TFRS 4 (revised 2018) Insurance Contracts. The Group applies the 'Financial Instruments and Disclosure for Insurance Companies' accounting guidelines' ('The Accounting Guidance') for financial statement preparation.

For assessment of impact if the Company applied TFRS 9 – Financial Instruments, financial assets of the Company are separated into (i) financial assets with contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI) in accordance with TFRS 9 and are not held for trading or managed on fair value basis and (ii) all financial assets other than those specified in (i).

The following table shows the fair value and change in fair value of these two groups of financial assets:

		Consolidated fina	ncial statements	
	202	2	202	1
		Change in		Change in
	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Financial assets				
Financial assets only				
give rise to cash flows				
that are solely				
payments of principal				
and interest on the				
principal amount				
outstanding on				
specified dates except				
for financial assets for				
trading as defined by				
TFRS9 (when				
announced) or financial				
assets managed by the				
Company and performance evaluated				
on a fair value basis	0 615 175	(240.220)	0 055 504	(45.406)
Cash flows that are not	8,615,175	(240,329)	8,855,504	(45,496)
solely payments of				
principal and interest				
on the principal amount				
outstanding on				
specified dates	236	(2)	238	(2)
Financial assets which	200	(2)	200	(2)
the performance is				
evaluated based on fair				
value.	35,256	4,837	30,419	5,627
Other financial assets	103,663	(1,202,710)	1,306,373	(52,942)

As of 31 December 2022 and 2021, financial assets qualifying as SPPI includes debt securities, other receivables, accrued investment income and cash and cash equivalents whereas the remaining includes equity securities.

Certain financial assets included within the financial statements, including amount due from reinsurance and premium receivables amounting to Baht 1,546.17 million are not included above. (2021: 1,150.53 million)

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3 New and amended financial reporting standards

- 3.1 New and amended financial reporting standards that are effective for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and have significant impacts to the Group
- a) Amendment to TAS 16 Property, plant and equipment clarified to prohibit the Company from deducting from the cost of an item of PP&E any proceeds received from selling any items produced while the Company is preparing that asset for its intended use.
- b) Amendment to TAS 37 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets clarified that, in considering whether a contract is onerous, the direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling the contract and an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling the contract. Before recognising a separate provision for an onerous contract, the Company must recognise any impairment losses that have occurred on the assets used in fulfilling the contract.
- c) Amendment to TFRS 3 Business combinations clarified some minor amendments to update its references to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting and added a consideration for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired from business combinations. The amendments also confirmed that contingent assets shouldn't be recognised at the acquisition date.
- d) Amendment to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments clarified which fees should be included in the 10% test for the derecognition of financial liabilities. It should only include fees between the borrower and lender.

Certain amended TFRSs have not been early adopted by the Group.

4 Accounting policies

4.1 Principles of consolidation accounting

a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group until the date that control ceases.

In the separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using cost method.

b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

In the separate financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for using cost method.

c) Equity method

The investment is initially recognised at cost which is consideration paid and directly attributable costs.

The Group's subsequently recognises shares of its associates' profits or losses and other comprehensive income in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively. The subsequent cumulative movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in associates equals or exceeds its interest in the associates, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associates.

d) Intercompany transactions on consolidation

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions are eliminated. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated in the same manner unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

4.2 Insurance contract classification

The Group has classified its contracts written as either insurance contracts or investment contracts, depending on the level of insurance risk.

An insurance contract is a contract under which the Group (the insurer) accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. Once a contract is classified as an insurance contract, it remains classified as an insurance contract until all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired.

However, the contract that has financial risk to the Group but has no insurance risk is not classified as insurance contract.

Short term insurance contracts are insurance contract which the term of contract is less than 1 year.

Long term insurance contracts are insurance contract which the term of contract is more than 1 year or less than 1 year or equal to 1 year which have automatic approve of renewal which the Group cannot terminate and cannot increase or decrease of premium including of change in other benefit throughout the contract term.

4.3 Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations with an exception on business combination under common control. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises.

fair value of the assets transferred,

Identifiable assets and liabilities acquired and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group initially recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest recognised and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree (for business combination achieved in stages) over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. In the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Acquisition-related cost

Acquisition-related cost are recognised as expenses in consolidated financial statements

4.4 Foreign currency transactions

a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or the date of revaluation where items are re-measured.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

When the gains or losses on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of gain or loss on non-monetary item is also recognised in other comprehensive income. Where as when the gains or losses on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of gain or loss on non-monetary item is also recognised in profit or loss

4.5 Cash and cash equivalents

In the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call, short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from acquisition date and bank overdrafts.

In the statements of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities.

4.6 Premium due and uncollected and allowance for doubtful debt

Premiums receivable are carried at its net realisable value. The Group sets up an allowance for doubtful accounts based on the estimated loss that may be incurred in collection of the premium due, on the basis of collection experience and a review of current status of the premium due as at the Statement of Financial Position date. Bad debts are written off during the year in which they are identified.

4.7 Reinsurance assets

Reinsurance assets are stated at insurance reserve refundable from reinsurers.

Insurance reserve refundable from reinsurers is estimated based on the related reinsurance contract of premium reserve and loss reserve and outstanding claims.

4.8 Due to and due from reinsurers

a) Amount due from reinsurance are stated at the outstanding balance of amount due from reinsurers and amounts deposit on reinsurance.

Amounts due from reinsurers consist of accrued commission and brokerage income, claims and various other items receivable from reinsurers less allowance for doubtful accounts. The Group records allowance for doubtful accounts for the estimated losses that may be incurred due to inability to make collection, taking into account collection experience and the status of receivables from reinsurers as at the end of the reporting year.

b) Amounts due to reinsurers are stated at the outstanding balance payable from reinsurance and amounts withheld on reinsurance.

Amounts due to reinsurers consist of reinsurance premiums and other items payable to reinsurers, excluding claims.

4.9 Financial asset

a) Classification

Separate financial statements

The Company classifies its debt instrument financial assets in the following measurement categories depending on i) business model for managing the asset and ii) the cash flow characteristics of the asset whether they represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI).

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments, the Company has an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) except those that are held for trading, they are measured at FVPL.

Consolidated financial statements

The Group classifies its financial assets depending on the purpose of investment as follows:

- Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss
- Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments measured at amortised cost
- Investments designated at fair value through profit or loss

On the adoption of the financial reporting standards related to financial instruments (TAS 32 and the Accounting Guidance), there are certain investments in financial instruments with puttable features having a contractual obligation for the issuer to repurchase or redeem those instruments for cash or another financial asset on exercise of a put or financial instruments that impose on the issuer an obligation to deliver to another party a pro rata share of the net assets of the issuer only on a liquidation. These instruments have been reclassified from investment in equity securities to investment in debt securities.

b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases, acquisitions and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Separate financial statements

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in net investment income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in gains/(losses) on investments together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- FVOCI: Financial assets that are held for i) collection of contractual cash flows; and ii) for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income (OCI), except for 1) the recognition of impairment losses or gains, 2) interest income using the effective interest method, and 3) foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial assets is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in gains/(losses) on investments. Interest income is included in net investment income. Impairment expenses are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.
- FVPL: Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within gains/(losses) on investments in the period in which it arises.

Consolidated financial statements

There are three measurement categories to classify the investments in securites:

- Amortised cost: Investments in securities that are held to maturity are measured at amortised cost.
 Interest income from these investments in securities is included in net investment income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in gains/(losses) on investments together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- FVOCI: Investments in securities that the Group intends to either hold for an indefinite period or sell in response to the needs of the Group's liquidity or change in interest rate are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income (OCI), expect for the recognition of interest income using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the Investments in securities are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in gains/(losses) on investments. Interest income is included in net investment income. Impairment expenses are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.
- FVPL: Investments in securities that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are
 measured at FVPL. A gain or loss that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit
 or loss and presented net within gains/(losses) on investments in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

Separate financial statements

The Company measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as net investment income when the right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in gains/(losses) on investments in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments are reported together with changes in fair value.

Consolidated financial statements

The Group measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in OCI, there is subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as net investment income when the right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments are reported together with changes in fair value.

Consolidated and separate financial statements

The Group and Company present its investments in Property Fund unit trusts / Real Estate Investment Trust units / Infrastructure Fund units / Infrastructure Trust units (the trust) established and registered in Thailand as equity investments and measures them at FVOCI and FVPL, respectively following the TFAC's clarification, "Interpretation of investments in Property Fund unit trusts, Real Estate Investment Trust units, Infrastructure Fund units, and Infrastructure Trust units established and registered in Thailand" dated 25 June 2020. The trust and fund are required to distribute benefits of not less than 90% of its adjusted net profit.

d) Impairment

Consolidated and separate financial statements

The Group and Company assess expected credit loss on a forward looking basis for its debt securities carried at fair value through other comprehensive income and at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. The Group and Company always account for expected credit losses which involves a three-stage expected credit loss impairment model. The stage dictates how the entity measures impairment losses and applies the effective interest rate method. In which, the three-stage expected credit loss impairment will be as the following stages:

- Stage 1 from initial recognition of a financial assets to the date on which the credit risk of the asset has
 not increased significantly relative to its initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognised equal
 to the credit losses expected to result from defaults occurring over the next 12 months.
- Stage 2 following a significant increase in credit risk relative to the initial recognition of the financial
 assets, a loss allowance is recognised equal to the credit losses expected over the remaining
 life of the asset.
- Stage 3 When a financial asset is considered to be credit-impaired, a loss allowance equal to full lifetime
 expected credit losses is to be recognised.

Impairment (and reversal of impairment) losses are recognised in profit or loss as a separate line item.

Consolidated financial statements

In addition, the Group assesses the impairment of equity instruments and unit trusts measured at FVOCI by considering supporting factors that the Group might not recover the cost of investment in equity. The Group also consider for a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in equity instruments below its cost or net book value of the entity that the Group held the investment. The Group will immediately recognise impairment for equity instruments and unit trust which carried at fair value through other comprehensive income in profit or loss if there is existence of objective evidence that lead the instruments to be devalued.

4.10 Loans

Loans are stated at their principal amount less allowance for doubtful accounts, if any. The Group estimates the allowance for doubtful accounts based on an analysis of payment histories, future expectation of each customer payments and the valuation of the assets pledged.

4.11 Property, plant and equipment

All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss when incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings 5 years
Leasehold improvement 3 - 10 years
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures 3 - 10 years
Vehicles 5 years
Computer equipment 3 - 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in other income or operating expenses.

4.12 Goodwill

Subsequent to the initial recognition, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. It is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, being the operating segments – non-life insurance business.

4.13 Intangible assets

The assets with limited life are subsequently carried and cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Computer software Bancassurance agreement

2 - 10 years 10 years

Cost associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred.

4.14 Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever there is an indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

Where the reasons for previously recognised impairments no longer exist, the impairment losses on the assets concerned other than goodwill is reversed.

4.15 Leases

Leases - where the Group is the lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise office equipment.

4.16 Insurance liabilities

4.16.1 Unearned premium reserve

Unearned premium reserve is set aside in compliance with the basis as specified in the Notification of the Office of Insurance Commission as follows:

Fire, Marine (Hull), Motor and Miscellaneous

- Monthly average basis (the one - twenty fourth basis) and Daily average basis (the one - three hundred sixth five basis)

Transportation (Cargo), travelling accident with coverage periods of not over six-months

 100% of premiums as from the effective date of the inforce policies over the insurance coverage period

4.16.2 Loss reserve and outstanding claims

Loss reserve and outstanding claims have been provided upon receipt of claim advices from the insured and recorded at the amount appraised by an independent appraiser or by the Group's appraiser. In addition, the Group records a provision for losses incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) which assessed by certified actuary.

4.16.3 Unexpired risk reserve

Unexpired risks reserves are the best estimate of the claims that are expected be incurred during the remaining period of coverage of in-force policies, based on analysis of historical claims data by an actuary.

Unexpired risk reserves are only recognised in the financial statements to the extent that they exceed unearned premium reserves.

4.16.4 Liability adequacy test

The liability of the Group under insurance contracts is tested for adequacy by comparing the best estimate of future contractual cash flows with the carrying amount of gross insurance contract provisions for unearned premiums and insurance claims. Provisions for insurance, claims are assessed based on the Group's experience and historical data which use actuarial methods. Where an expected shortfall is identified, additional provisions are made for unearned premiums or insurance claims and are recognised in profit or loss.

4.17 Current and deferred income taxes

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax

The current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising from differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not recognised for temporary differences arise from:

- initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised
- investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is measured using tax rates of the period in which temporary difference is expected to be reversed, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.18 Employee benefits

a) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries, paid annual leave and paid sick leave, profit-sharing and bonuses, and medical care - revise as appropriate that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period are recognised in respect of employees' service up to the end of the reporting period. They are measured at the amount expected to be paid.

b) Provident fund

The Group has a provident fund which is contributory by the employee and the Group matching the individuals' contributions. The provident fund has been registered in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530 (1987). The Group's contribution to the Fund is recorded as expense for the year.

c) Employee benefit obligations

The Group provides for employee benefit obligations, payable to employees under the Thai Labor Protection Act. The liability in respect of employee benefits is the present value of the defined benefit obligation which is calculated by an actuary using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefits obligation is determined by discounting estimated future cash flows using yields on the government bonds which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of related liability. The estimated future cash flows shall reflect employee salaries, turnover rate, length of service and other factor. Actuarial gains or losses will be recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period to which they are related. The costs associated with providing these benefits are charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income so as to spread the cost over the employment period during which the entitlement to benefits is earned.

Past service cost related to the plan amendment is recognized as an expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the plan amendment is effective.

4.19 Share-based compensation

Allianz SE is the Ultimate Parent Company of the Group, which has offered share-based compensation plans for the Group's employees. The Group has received services from employees in exchange of Allianz SE's shares, by considering the conditions prescribed by Allianz SE.

The Group receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group companies. The fair value of the options is recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity. The obligation from share-based payment is presented under "Employee benefits obligation" on the statement of financial position.

4.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

4.21 Share capital

Ordinary shares and premium on ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options (net of tax) are shown as a deduction in equity.

4.22 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Group (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Group (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares which would need to be issued to convert all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares. The calculation assumes that such conversion took place either at the beginning of the period or on the date the potential ordinary shares were issued.

4.23 Dividend distribution

Dividend distributed to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability when interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, and when the annual dividends are approved by the shareholders.

4.24 Recognition of revenues and expenses

4.24.1 Premium written

For insurance policies with coverage period for one year, premium income is recognised on the date the insurance policy is effective after deducting premium ceded and premium cancelled and refunded. For long-term insurance policies which coverage periods is longer than one year, related revenues and expenses are recorded as unearned and prepaid items which recognised as income and expenses over the coverage annual.

4.24.2 Reinsurance premium

Reinsurance premium income is recognised when the Group receives the reinsurance application or statement of accounts from the ceding company. Reinsurance profit commissions are recognised when the subsidiary receives the statement of accounts from the reinsurers.

4.24.3 Commission and brokerage income

Commission and brokerage income are recognised as income on an accrual basis.

4.24.4 Interest and dividend income

Interest income is recognised as income on an accrual basis. Dividend income are recognised as income on the declaration date.

4.24.5 Service income

The Group recognised service contracts with a continuous service provision as revenue on a straight line basis over the contract term, regardless of the payment pattern.

4.24.6 Claim and loss adjustment expenses

Claim and loss adjustment expenses consist of claim and loss adjustment expenses of direct insurance and reinsurance of both reported claims and not reported claims, and are stated at the amounts of the claims, related expenses, and claim adjustments of the current and prior period incurred during the year, less residual value and other recoveries (if any), and claim recovery from reinsurers.

Claim and loss adjustment expenses of direct insurance are recognised upon the receipt of the claims advice from the insured, based on the claims notified by the insured and estimates made by the Group's management. The maximum value of claims estimated is not however, to exceed the suminsured under the relevant policy.

Claim and loss adjustment expenses of reinsurance are recognised when the reinsurer places the loss advice with the Group.

4.24.7 Claim recovery from reinsurers

Claim recovery from reinsurers is recognised when claim and loss adjustment expenses are recorded. They are estimated as proportion and condition relevant to reinsurance contracts. The Group presents the claim recoverable amount as a deduction from gross claims.

4.24.8 Commissions and brokerages and other expenses

Commissions and brokerages and other expenses are recognised as expenses on an accrual basis.

4.25 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

5 Insurance and financial risk management

5.1 Insurance risk

a) Insurance risk management policy

The Group's managements take a responsibility to make a strategic decisions and pre-planned with clear steps to be taken so that the process of translating strategy into implementation is appropriate actionable, timely reaction to change and situations.

Insurance risk means the fluctuation of the frequency, extent of damage, and number of events that is out of the standard assumption used in establishing rate of insurance, calculations for insurance contract liabilities, and underwriting considerations. The Group examines thoroughly the level of risks that is acceptable to take by referring to the insurance underwriting manual and insurance rates included the consideration to ensure that there is no concentrated risk by way of geography or by type of risks. If the risks exceed the defined level, the Group extends the risks to reinsurers by proportional reinsurance agreed terms.

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Group. The Group has a system of controls in place to create an acceptable balance between the cost of risks occurring and the cost of managing the risks. The management continually monitors the Group's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved.

The key elements of the Group's insurance risk management framework are as below.

Product Design and Development and Price Structure

In developing any new non-life insurance product, considerations are given to the range of coverage as well as applying actuarial science methods to calculate insurance rates. This is to ensure that products are competitive and sufficient in covering for claims. Monitoring procedures and evaluations for each product are regularly conducted in order to make appropriate improvements in coverage and/or pricing.

Underwriting strategy

The underwriting strategy is set out in an annual business plan that establishes the classes of business to be written, the business to be written and the industry sectors to be written. This strategy is cascaded by the business units to individual underwriters through detailed underwriting authorities that set out the limits that any one underwriter can write by line size, class of business risk, scope and industry in order to ensure appropriate risk selection within the portfolio.

Reinsurance strategy

The Group has a combination of proportionate and non-proportionate reinsurance treaties. In term of significant exposure loss, reinsurer is responsible for claim as specified in the agreement to limit the net exposure loss to the Group.

The Group sets the minimum security criteria for acceptable reinsurance and monitoring the purchase of reinsurance by the business units against those criteria. The Group's management monitors developments in the reinsurance programme and its ongoing adequacy.

b) Concentration insurance risk

Concentrations of risk may where a particular event or a series of events could impact heavily upon the Group's insurance contract liabilities.

The Group sets out the total aggregate exposure that it is prepared to accept in relation to general insurance risk concentrations. It monitors these exposures both at the time of underwriting a risk and on a monthly basis by reviewing reports which show the key aggregations to which the Group is exposed. A number of additional stress and scenario tests are run during the year to identify risk concentrations.

The following table shows the Group's exposure to concentration of insurance contract liabilities per category of business.

	Fire	Marine	Motor	Miscellaneous	Total
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
31 December 2022 Gross	125,475	165,368	683,912	1,703,800	2,657,555
Net of reinsurance	90,384	122,751	677,219	710,600	1,600,954
31 December 2021 Gross Net of reinsurance	104,583 79,818	174,067 78,692	559,476 548,129	1,405,620 281,897	2,243,746 988,536

5.2 Financial risk

The Group exposes to a variety of financial risk: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Group's Risk Management Committee. The Group's policy includes areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The framework parameters are approved by the Board of Directors and uses as the key communication and control tools by Risk Management Committee.

5.2.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Market risk consists of three types of risks: foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign currency risks, primarily the US dollar and Euro from insurance premium and reinsurance with foreign insurance companies that are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group has no forward exchange contract to reduce the exposure. However, the management believes that the Group has no significant effect.

Exposure

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in Baht are as follows:

	Co	nsolidated finan	cial statements				
	2022	2022 2021					
	US Dollar	EUR	US Dollar	EUR			
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand			
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht			
Cash and cash equivalents	176	-	5,121	74			

Foreign exchange risk sensitivity analysis

The Group calculated the impact on the sensitivity of exchange rates. However, the management considered that the Group has no significant effect.

b) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments and cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Group's investments include both short-term and long-term investments with the return of both floating rate and fixed rate. The Group manage the risk by considering the risk of investments together with the return on such investments.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, significant financial assets and financial liabilities classified by type of interest rate and maturity date were as follows:

				Consolidat	ted financial	statements			
	Variable interest rate Fixed interest rate								
	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Non- interest bearing Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	Interest rate (% p.a)
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise	820,012	-	-	763,917	-	-	76,677	1,660,606	0.00-1.00
securities Private debt securities Deposits at bank with	2,864,599 372,046	1,676,627 1,316,731	1,046 -	- -	- -	- -	236	4,542,272 1,689,013	0.65-5.50 0.97-5.28
maturity over 3 months	593,030	-	-	-	-	-	-	593,030	0.3-2.05
	4,649,687	2,993,358	1,046	763,917	=	-	76,913	8,484,921	
Financial liabilities Lease liabilities	44,925	112,769	35,852	-	-	-	-	193,546	1.68-3.97
	44,925	112,769	35,852	-	=	-	-	193,546	
	Consolidated financial statements								
				Consolidat		statements			
	Varia	able interest	rate		ted financial 2021 ed interest r				
	Within 1 year	able interest 1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years	Fix Within 1 year	2021	ate Over 5 years	Non- interest bearing Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	Interest rate (% p.a)
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and	Within 1 year Thousand	1 - 5 years Thousand	Over 5 years Thousand	Fix Within 1 year Thousand	2021 ed interest r 1 - 5 years Thousand	over 5 years Thousand	interest bearing Thousand	Thousand	rate
Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise securities Private debt securities	Within 1 year Thousand Baht	1 - 5 years Thousand	Over 5 years Thousand	Fix Within 1 year Thousand Baht	2021 ed interest r 1 - 5 years Thousand	over 5 years Thousand	interest bearing Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	rate (% p.a)
Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise securities	Within 1 year Thousand Baht 623,130 3,065,760	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Fix Within 1 year Thousand Baht	2021 ed interest r 1 - 5 years Thousand	over 5 years Thousand	interest bearing Thousand Baht	1,295,379 4,167,490	rate (% p.a) 0.00-1.25 0.61-4.75
Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise securities Private debt securities Deposits at bank with	Within 1 year Thousand Baht 623,130 3,065,760 1,310,536	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Fix Within 1 year Thousand Baht	2021 ed interest r 1 - 5 years Thousand	over 5 years Thousand	interest bearing Thousand Baht	1,295,379 4,167,490 3,090,230	rate (% p.a) 0.00-1.25 0.61-4.75 0.97-6.10
Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise securities Private debt securities Deposits at bank with	Within 1 year Thousand Baht 623,130 3,065,760 1,310,536 199,368	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht - 1,096,318 1,463,610	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Fix Within 1 year Thousand Baht 621,222	2021 ed interest r 1 - 5 years Thousand	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	interest bearing Thousand Baht 51,027	1,295,379 4,167,490 3,090,230 199,368	rate (% p.a) 0.00-1.25 0.61-4.75 0.97-6.10

				Separate	e financial st	atements			
	Variable interest rate Fixed interest rate								
	Within	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Within	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Non- interest bearing Thousand Baht	st ig Total id Thousand	Interest rate (% p.a)
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise	40,218	-	-	119,864	-	-	11,615	171,697	0.00-0.30
securities	-	-	1,046	-	-	-	-	1,046	2.875
Private debt securities	5,017	19,908	204,912	-	-	-	236	230,073	2.05-6.1
	45,235	19,908	205,958	119,864	-	=	11,851	402,816	
				Separate	e financial st	atements			
					2021				
	Varia	able interest	rate	Fix	ed interest r	ate			
	Within 1 year Thousand Baht	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Within 1 year Thousand Baht	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	Over 5 years Thousand Baht	Non- interest bearing Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	Interest rate (% p.a)
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment in securities Government and state enterprise	212,975	-	-	12,715	-	-	10,982	236,672	1.15
state enterprise securities	1,374,538	_	5,412	_	_	_	_	1,379,950	0-2.88
Private debt securities	626,589	605,449	525,952	-	-	-	238	1,758,228	1.75-6.10
	2,214,102	605,449	531,364	12,715			11,220	3,374,850	

Interest rate sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher or lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents, and higher or lower interest expenses from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates. Other components of equity change as a result of an increase or decrease in the fair value of the cash flow hedges of borrowings and the fair value of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The table below shows the interest sensitivity for the financial assets and financial liabilities held as at reporting date.

	Consolidated financial statements				
	Impact to n	et profit	Impact to other components of equity		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Interest rate - increase 1%* Interest rate - decrease 1%*	6,686	5,505	(76,633)	(76,111)	
	(2,366)	(674)	76,034	77,586	

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

	Separate financial statements					
	Impact to other components					
	Impact to net profit		of equity			
	2022	022 2021 2022				
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand		
_	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
	402	127	(716)	(24,648)		
	(402)	(127)	735	24,648		

Interest rate - increase 1%* Interest rate - decrease 1%*

c) Equity price risk

Exposure

The Group's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from equity instruments held by the Group which are classified either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

The Group manages the capital risk by establishing guideline of investment policy and written investment plan. The guideline sets the framework and investment direction for the year by specifying the limitation in all types and levels of investments based on targeted rate of returns and liquidity by setting both internal investment limits and compliance to the Office of Insurance Commission.

Equity price risk sensitivity

The Group calculated the impact on the sensitivity of equity price. However, the management considered that the Group has no significant effect.

5.2.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation including the change in one party's credit rating.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of debt instruments carried at amortised cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

a) Risk management

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has 4 types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Other receivables
- Investment in debt instruments measured at amortised cost; and
- Investment in debt instruments measured at FVOCI

Forward-looking economic information is also included in determining the next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime.

There have been no significant changes in estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the reporting period.

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

Debt instruments

The Group considers that all debt investments measured at amortised cost and FVOCI have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the year was therefore limited to 12 months expected losses. Management consider 'low credit risk' for listed bonds to be an investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency. Other instruments are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost include debenture assets, zero coupon bonds and listed corporate bonds.

The loss allowance for other financial assets measured at amortised cost as at 31 December reconciles to opening loss allowance as follows:

	Consol financial st		•	Separate financial statements	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
As at 1 January Increase (decrease) in loss allowance recognised in	27	34	-	9	
profit or loss during the year	152	(7)	-	(9)	
As at 31 December	179	27	-		

Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) include listed and unlisted debt securities. The loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss and reduces the fair value loss otherwise recognised in OCI.

The loss allowance for FVOCI as at 31 December reconciles to opening loss allowance as follows:

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
As at 1 January Increase (decrease) in loss allowance recognised in	1,709	942	952	450
profit or loss during the year	(1,378)	767	(950)	502
As at 31 December	331	1,709	2	952

Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss

The Group is also exposed to credit risk in relation to debt investments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The maximum exposure at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of these investments.

5.2.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk, is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty to settle the obligation related to financial liabilities which must be settled in cash or other financial assets.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. At the end of the reporting period the Group held deposits at call of Baht 699 million (2021: Baht 632 million) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the group treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities below) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the Group's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining financing plans.

The tables below analyse the maturity of financial liabilities grouping based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Consolidated financial statements					
	On demand	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	BV of assets / liabilities	
Maturity of financial liabilities	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
As at 31 December 2022 Lease liabilities	_	44,925	112,769	35,852	193,546	
Other payables	198,575	-	-	-	198,575	
Total financial liabilities that is not derivatives	198,575	44,925	112,769	35,852	392,121	
that is not donivatives	100,070	11,020	112,100	00,002	002,121	
As at 31 December 2021 Lease liabilities	3,614	24,506	109,860	59,804	197,784	
Other payables	101,098		-	<u> </u>	101,098	
Total financial liabilities that is not derivatives	104,712	24,506	109,860	59,804	298,882	
that is not derivatives	104,712	24,500	109,000	33,004	230,002	
		Separa	te financial stater	ments		
	On demand	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	BV of assets / liabilities	
Maturity of financial liabilities	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
As at 31 December 2022 Other payables	260	_	_	_	260	
Total financial liabilities that is not derivatives	260	-	-	-	260	
As at 31 December 2021 Other payables	207	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	207	
Total financial liabilities that is not derivatives	207		_		207	

5.3 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to:

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, sell assets to reduce debt and comply with the requirements of the Office of Insurance Commission.

6 Fair value

The following table shows fair values of financial assets and liabilities by category, excluding those with the carrying amount approximates fair value.

	Consolidated financial statements					
	Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) Thousand Baht	Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Thousand Baht	Amortised cost Thousand Baht	Total carrying amount Thousand Baht	Fair value Thousand Baht	
As at 31 December 2022 Financial assets measured at fair value Investments in securities Debt securities Equity secruties	35,256 -	4,783,853 103,663	- -	4,819,109 103,663	4,819,109 103,663	
Total	35,256	4,887,516	-	4,922,772	4,922,772	
Financial assets not measured at fair value Cash and cash equivalents Deposits at financial institutions with original maturities more than 3	-	-	1,660,377	1,660,377	1,660,377	
months Government and	-	-	593,030	593,030	593,030	
state enterprise debt securities Accrued investment income Others	- - -	- - -	1,447,432 16,641 113,849	1,447,432 16,641 113,849	1,447,432 16,641 113,849	
Total	_	-	3,831,329	3,831,329	3,831,329	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value						
Lease liabilities Others	-	-	193,546 198,575	193,546 198,575	193,546 198,575	
Total liabiities	-	-	329,121	329,121	329,121	

	Consolidated financial statements				
	Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) Thousand Baht	Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Thousand Baht	Amortised cost Thousand Baht	Total carrying amount Thousand Baht	Fair value Thousand Baht
As at 31 December 2021 Financial assets measured at fair value Investments in securities Debt securities Equity secruties	30,419	6,581,127 1,306,372	<u>-</u>	6,611,546 1,306,372	6,611,546 1,306,372
Total	30,419	7,887,499	-	7,917,918	7,917,918
Financial assets not measured at fair value Cash and cash equivalents Deposits at financial institutions with original maturities more than 3	-	-	1,295,374	1,295,374	1,295,374
months Government and	-	-	199,367	199,367	199,367
state enterprise debt securities Accrued investment income Others	- - -	- - -	676,594 24,187 79,087	676,594 24,187 79,087	676,594 24,187 79,087
Total	-	-	2,274,609	2,274,609	2,274,609
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Lease liabilities Others	- -	- -	197,784 101,098	197,784 101,098	197,784 101,098
Total liabiities	_	-	298,882	298,882	298,882
		Separa Fair value	ate financial statem	ents	
	Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) Thousand Baht	through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Thousand Baht	Amortised cost Thousand Baht	Total carrying amount Thousand Baht	Fair value Thousand Baht
As at 31 December 2022 Financial assets measured at fair value Debt securities Equity secruties	205,148	25,971 17,227	- -	231,119 17,227	231,119 17,227
Total	205,148	43,198	-	248,346	248,346
Financial assets not measured at fair value Cash and cash equivalents Accrued investment income Others	- - -	- - -	171,696 308 13,206	171,696 308 13,206	171,696 308 13,206
Total		-	185,210	185,210	185,210
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Others			260	260	260
	-	-	260	260	260
Total liabiities	-	-	260	260	260

	Separate financial statements				
	Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) Thousand Baht	Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Thousand Baht	Amortised cost Thousand Baht	Total carrying amount Thousand Baht	Fair value Thousand Baht
As at 31 December 2021 Financial assets measured at fair value Debt securities Equity secruties	210,344 841,994	2,927,834 394,040	- -	3,138,178 1,236,034	3,138,178 1,236,034
Total	1,052,338	3,321,874	-	4,374,212	4,374,212
Financial assets not measured at fair value Cash and cash equivalents Accrued investment income Others	- - -	- - -	236,672 10,748 10,325	236,672 10,748 10,325	236,672 10,748 10,325
Total	-	-	257,745	257,745	257,745
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Others	-	<u>-</u>	207	207	207
Total liabiities		-	207	207	207

The following table presents fair value of financial assets and liabilities recognised by their fair value hierarchy.

	Consolidated financial statements			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
As at 31 December 2022				
Financial assets				
Investments in securities				
Investments measured at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Debt securities	-	4,783,853	-	4,783,853
Equity securities	9,799	-	93,864	103,663
Investments designated at fair				
value through profit or loss				
Debt securities	35,256	-	-	35,256
Total financial coasts	45.055	4 702 052	02.064	4 000 770
Total financial assets	45,055	4,783,853	93,864	4,922,772
As at 31 December 2021				
Financial assets				
Investments in securities				
Investments measured at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Debt securities	-	6,581,127	-	6,581,127
Equity securities	1,229,339	· · ·	77,034	1,306,373
Investments designated at fair				
value through profit or loss				
Debt securities	30,419	-	-	30,419
Total financial assets	1,259,758	6,581,127	77,034	7,917,919

	Separate financial statements			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
As at 31 December 2022 Financial assets Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Debt securities	-	25,971	-	25,971
Equity securities Investments designated at fair value through profit or loss	9,799	-	7,428	17,227
Debt securities	-	236	204,912	205,148
Total financial assets	9,799	26,207	212,340	248,346
As at 31 December 2021 Financial assets Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Debt securities Equity securities Investments designated at fair value through profit or loss	- 387,344	2,927,834	6,696	2,927,834 394,040
Debt securities Equity securities	- 841,994	238	210,106 -	210,344 841,994
Total financial assets	1,229,338	2,928,072	216,802	4,374,212

Fair values are categorised into hierarchy based on inputs used as follows:

- Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments is based on the current bid price by reference to the Stock Exchange of Thailand the Frankfurt Stock Exchange.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments is determined using significant observable inputs and, as little as possible, entity-specific estimates.
- Level 3: The fair value of financial instruments is not based on observable market data.

Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- for other financial instruments discounted cash flow analysis.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2, except for unlisted equity securities, a contingent consideration receivable and certain derivative contracts, where the fair values have been determined based on present values and the discount rates used were adjusted for counterparty or own credit risk.

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 items for the years ended 31 December 2022

	Consolidated financial	Sepa	
	statements Unlisted equity securities Thousand Baht	financial st Private debt securities Thousand Baht	Unlisted equity securities Thousand Baht
As of 1 January 2021 Acquisitions Unrealised gains	50,832 - 26,202	200,000 10,106	6,363 - 333
As of 31 December 2021 Acquisitions Disposals Gains (losses) recognised in other comprehensive income	77,034 - - 16,830	210,106 - - (5,194)	6,696 - - 732
As of 31 December 2022	93,864	204,912	7,428

Transfer between fair value hierarchy

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there is no significant change in economic condition or business that effect to fair value of the Group's financial assets and there is no change in financial asset classification.

There was no transfer between levels during the year and there was no change in valuation techniques during the year.

The Group's valuation processes

Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Audit Committee (AC) and a valuation team discuss valuation processes and results at least every quarter.

Significant unobservable input of fair value hierarchy level 3 is risk adjusted discount rate. It is estimated based on public companies' weighted average cost of capital that, are in opinion of the Group, in a comparable financial position with the counterparty in the contract. The Group has subscriptions to information brokers to gather such information.

7 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

7.1 Goodwill impairment

The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. The calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budget approved by management covering a five-year period.

Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated in Note 17. These growth rates are consistent with forecasts included in industry reports specific to the industry in which each CGU operates.

7.2 Impairment of premium receivable and amount due from reinsurers

The Group sets an allowance for doubtful accounts and amount due from reinsurers to reflect impairment of premium due, uncollected receivables and claim recoveries from reinsurer. The allowance for doubtful accounts and amount due from reinsurers are based on collection experience and a review of current status of the premium due as at the date of statement of financial position.

7.3 Reinsurance assets estimation

Reinsurance assets are determined from estimation using the same methods as the estimation of claims incurred but not yet reported by insured (Note 4.16) and the unearned premium reserve calculation. The reinsurance assets are assessed at the period end date to ensure that the amount shown in financial statement reflects the expected amount to be received in the future by taking into account the credit rating of reinsurance company and the contractual terms of reinsurance contracts.

7.4 Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The Group considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing whether to recognise deferred tax assets. The Group's assumptions regarding the future profitability and the anticipated timing of utilisation of deductible temporary differences and significant changes in these assumptions from year to year may have a material impact on the Group's reported financial position and results of operations.

7.5 Loss reserve and outstanding claims

The Group determines the loss reserves and outstanding claims in accordance with survey information, and also reviews the outstanding claims at the end of each reporting date which are sufficient to cover any liabilities arising out of insurance contracts to the extent that can be reasonably foreseen.

There are 3 major methods to estimate the ultimate loss which are Chain Ladder, Bornhuetter-Ferguson and Expected Loss Ratio. The most appropriate method for each product category was selected based on actuarial judgement for both gross and net of reinsurance basis.

However, given the uncertainty in establishing a provision for insurance claims, it is likely that the final outcome could prove to be significantly different from the original liability established.

7.6 Unexpired risk reserve

Unexpired risk reserve is calculated using an actuarial method, based on a best estimate of the claims expected to incur over the remaining term of the insurance. Estimating the reserve requires the management to exercise judgment, with reference to historical data and the best estimates available at the time.

7.7 Liability adequacy test

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses the adequacy of Insurance contract liabilities recognised in the financial position by comparing to the present value of the estimated future cash flows from insurance contracts. If the assessment shows that the carrying amount of Insurance contract liabilities less related deferred acquisition cost is inadequate when compared to the estimated future cash flows. The liabilities is increased by the deficiency and it is charged to profit or loss.

7.8 Employee benefits obligations

Employee benefits obligations are determined by independent actuary. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position is determined on an estimation basis utilising various assumptions including the rate of salary inflation and employee turnover. Any change in these assumptions will impact the estimation for employee benefits. On an annual basis the Group determines the appropriate assumptions, which represents the provision expected to be required to settle the employee benefits.

7.9 Fair value of certain financial assets

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Details of key assumptions used are included in Note 6.

7.10 Determination of lease terms

Critical judgement in determining the lease term, the Group considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

Most extension options on offices and vehicles leases have not been included in the lease liability, because the Group considers i) the underlying asset condition and/or ii) insignificant cost to replace the leased assets.

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstance affecting this assessment occur, and that it is within the control of the Group.

7.11 Determination of discount rate applied to leases

The Group determines the incremental borrowing rate as follows:

- Where possible, use recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusting to reflect changes in its financing conditions.
- Make adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

7.12 Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about default risk and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs used in the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history and existing market conditions, as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

8 Cash and cash equivalents, net

Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cash on hand	887	524	-	-
Cheque on hand	60,678	39,521	-	-
Deposits at bank - at call	699,383	632,205	51,833	23,698
Short-term investments	899,658	623,130	119,864	212,975
Total	1,660,606	1,295,380	171,697	236,673
Less Allowance for expected				
credit loss	(229)	(6)	(1)	(1)
Total	1,660,377	1,295,374	171,696	236,672
lotai	1,000,377	1,233,374	17 1,090	230,072

9 Premium receivable, net

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of premiums receivable - net were aged as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements		
	2022	2021		
	Thousand	Thousand		
	Baht	Baht		
Within credit terms	976,957	424,299		
Overdue:				
Less than 30 days	114,956	84,883		
31 - 60 days	39,675	20,469		
61 - 90 days	24,500	18,849		
Over 90 days	64,959	52,895		
Total	1,221,047	601,395		
Less Allowance for doubtful accounts	(29,820)	(20,843)		
Premiums due and uncollected, net	1,191,227	580,552		

For premium receivables due from agents and brokers, the Group has stipulated the collection guideline in accordance with the law of the premium collection. For overdue premium receivables, the Group has the process with such agents and brokers in accordance with the Group's policy and procedure.

10 Reinsurance assets

Reinsurance assets as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
Insurance reserve refundable from reinsurers			
Loss reserves Unearned premium reserve	1,076,601	1,255,210	
Unearned reinsurance premium reserve	906,883	668,642	
Total reinsurance assets	1,983,484	1,923,852	

11 Amount due from reinsurers

Amount due from reinsurers as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

		Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht		
Amount deposit on reinsurance Due from reinsurers	3 354,941	43 569,939		
Total amount due from reinsurers	354,944	569,982		

Aging analyses for due from reinsurers as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
Within credit terms Not over 12 months Over 1 year to 2 years	177,965 123,509 42,736	219,744 293,685 47,437	
Over 2 years <u>Less</u> Allowance for doubtful accounts	14,331 (3,600)	13,428 (4,355)	
Total reinsurance receivable	354,941	569,939	

12 Financial assets

Financial asset - Debt and equity securities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows;

	Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021	
	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht	Baht	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Private debt securities	205,148	210,344	
Local equity securities	-	841,994	
Total financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss	205,148	1,052,338	
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Government and state enterprise debt securities	1,046	1,379,950	
Private debt securities	24,925	1,547,884	
Local equity securities	17,227	394,040	
Total financial assets measured at fair value through			
other comprehensive income	43,198	3,321,874	

On 30 July 2021, the Company invested in the 10-year subordinated bond issued by subsidiary amounting to Baht 200 million with the fixed interest rate at 6.10% per annum.

12.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

a) Classification of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Company classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL):

- debt investments that do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or FVOCI
- equity investments that are held for trading, and
- equity investments for which the entity has irrevocably not elected at initial recognition to recognise fair value gains and losses through OCI.

b) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

The following gains/(losses) were recognised in profit or loss during the year as follows:

	Separate financia	Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021 Thousand		
	Thousand			
	Baht	Baht		
Fair value gains (losses) on debt instruments at FVPL				
recognised in gains (losses) on investments	(5,196)	10,104		
Fair value gains on equity instruments at FVPL				
recognised in gains on investments	-	21,510		

For the information about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair value refer to Note 5.2.1 c). Information about the group's exposure to price risk is provided in Note 6.

12.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

a) Classification of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) comprise:

- equity securities which are not held for trading, and which the Company has irrevocably elected at initial recognition to recognise in this category.
- debt securities where the contractual cash flows are solely principal and interest and the objective of the Company's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

b) Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income

The following gains/(losses) were recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year as follows:

	Separate		
	financial st	atements	
	2022	2021	
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
Gains (losses) recognised in other comprehensive income	(39,815)	6,551	
Gains reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss on the sale of investments at FVOCI			
in OCI to other gain (losses) Interest income from debt investments at FVOCI recognised in	1,989	-	
profit or loss	8,636	36,792	
Dividends from equity investments at FVOCI recognised in profit or loss	6,959	25,257	
Expected credit losses for debt investments at FVOCI recognised in profit or loss (expected credit losses/lifetime expected credit loss)			
(Reversal) (Note 5.2.2)	950	(502)	

Significant acquisitions and disposals during the year

During the year 2022, the Company acquired and disposed listed securities measured at FVOCI in the amount of Baht 8.32 million and Baht 371.42 million, respectively.

During the year 2021, the Company acquired and disposed listed securities measured at FVOCI in the amount of Baht 131.58 million and Baht 179.58 million, respectively.

c) Expected credit loss		
	Separate	
	financial statements	
	20:	22
		Expected
		credit loss
		recognised in
		other
		comprehensiv
	Fair value	e income
	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht
Investments in debt securities which credit risk		
has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit risk	25,971	(2)
has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit-impaired investments in debt securities	-	-
(Stage 3)	-	-
Total	25,971	(2)
		/
	Sepa	arate
	Sepa financial s	arate statements
	Sepa	arate statements 21
	Sepa financial s	arate statements
	Sepa financial s	erate statements 21 Expected credit loss recognised in
	Sepa financial s	erate statements 21 Expected credit loss recognised in other
	Sepa financial s 202	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensiv
	Sepa financial s 203 Fair value	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensiv e income
	Sepa financial s 20: Fair value Thousand	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensiv e income Thousand
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit risk	Sepa financial s 20: Fair value Thousand	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensiv e income Thousand
has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit risk has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit-impaired investments in debt securities	Sepa financial s 202 Fair value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensiv e income Thousand Baht
has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit risk has significantly increased (Stage 2)	Sepa financial s 202 Fair value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensiv e income Thousand Baht

13 Investments in securities, net

The details of investments in securities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements 2022		
	Cost / Amortised cost Thousand Baht	Fair value Thousand Baht	
Investments designated at fair value through profit or loss Foreign debt securities Add Unrealised gain	25,203 10,053	35,256 -	
Total investments designated at fair value through profit or loss	35,256	35,256	
Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise debt securities Private debt securities Equity securities	3,101,217 1,697,477 54,594	3,094,840 1,689,013 103,663	
Total <u>Add</u> Unrealised gain	4,853,288 34,228	4,887,516 -	
Total investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,887,516	4,887,516	
Investments measured at amortised cost Deposits at financial institutions with original maturities more than 3 months Deposits at banks used as collateral Government and state enterprise debt securities	189,530 403,500 1,447,432		
Total <u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	2,040,462 (179)		
Total investments measured at amortised cost	2,040,283		
Total investments in securities, net	6,963,055		

	Consolidated financial statements 2021		
	Cost / Amortised cost Thousand Baht	Fair value Thousand Baht	
Investments designated at fair value through profit or loss Foreign debt securities Add Unrealised gain	22,322 8,097	30,419	
Total investments designated at fair value through profit or loss	30,419	30,419	
Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise debt securities Private debt securities Equity securities	3,489,954 3,064,025 1,369,413	3,490,896 3,090,231 1,306,372	
Total <u>Less</u> Net unrealised loss	7,923,392 (35,893)	7,887,499 -	
Total investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,887,499	7,887,499	
Investments measured at amortised cost Deposits at financial institutions with original maturities more than 3 months Deposits at banks used as collateral Premium saving certificates used as collateral Government and state enterprise debt securities	164,531 34,486 350 676,594		
Total <u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	875,961 (27)		
Total investments measured at amortised cost	875,934		
Total investments in securities, net	8,793,852		

13.1 Investment designated at fair value through profit or loss

a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

The following gains (losses) were recognised in profit or loss during the year as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht Thousand		
Fair value gains on debt securities measured at FVPL recognised in profit (loss)	1,956	2,016	

13.2 Investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income

The following gains (losses) were recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
Gains (losses) recognised in other comprehensive income Gains (losses) reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss on the sale of investments at FVOCI	(225,355)	39,383
in OCI to other gain (losses)	155,579	(28,095)
Interest income from debt investments at FVOCI recognised in profit or loss	63,348	89,190
Dividends from equity investments at FVOCI recognised in profit or loss	6,979	25,273
Expected credit losses for debt and equity investments at FVOCI recognised in profit or loss (Reversal) (Note 5.2.2)	1,378	(767)

Significant acquisitions and disposals during the year

During the year 2022, the Group acquired and disposed listed securities measured at FVOCI in the amount of Baht 8.32 million and Baht 371.42 million, respectively.

During the year 2021, the Group acquired and disposed listed securities measured at FVOCI in the amount of Baht 131.58 million and Baht 179.58 million, respectively.

b) Expected credit loss

	financial s	Consolidated financial statements 2022		
	Fair value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensive income Thousand Baht		
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit risk has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit-impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3)	4,783,853 - 	(331) - <u>-</u>		
Total	4,783,853	(331)		

	Consolidated financial statements 2021	
	Fair value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss recognised in other comprehensive income Thousand Baht
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit risk has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit-impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3)	6,581,127 - 	(1,709) - -
Total	6,581,127	(1,709)

c) The maturity of investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The details of investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are aged as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements							
		202	22		2021			
	Ma	aturing within			Maturing within			
		-	Over	_	Over			
	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	Total	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	Total
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and								
state enterprise securities*	1,818,092	1,282,055	1,070	3,101,217	2.388.445	1,096,103	5,406	3,489,954
Private enterprise securities	371,756	1,325,721	-	1,697,477	1,307,151	1,444,107	312,767	3,064,025
Foreign company securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	- , - <u>-</u>	-
Total	2,189,848	2,607,776	1,070	4,798,694	3,695,596	2,540,210	318,173	6,553,979
Add (Less) Unrealised gains (losses)	(2,225)	(12,592)	(24)	(14,841)	4,344	19,719	3,085	27,148
Total investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,187,623	2,595,184	1,046	4,783,853	3,699,940	2,559,929	321,258	6,581,127
other comprehensive medine	2,107,020	2,000,104	1,070	-1,100,000	0,000,040	2,000,020	021,200	0,001,121

^{*}As at 31 December 2022, the Group had government securities amounting to Baht 15.92 million (2021: nil) pledged with the Registrar in accordance with the Insurance Act (No.2) B.E. 2551 (Note 39).

13.3 Investment measured at amortised cost

a) **Expected credit loss**

Investments in debt securities which credit
risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1)
Investments in debt securities which credit
risk has significantly increased (Stage 2)
Credit-impaired investments in debt
securities (Stage 3)

Total

-	-	_
2,040,462	(179)	2,040,283
Consolida	ated financial stat	ements
	2021	
Gross carrying value 'housand Baht	Expected credit loss Thousand Baht	Carrying value Thousand Baht
875,961	(27)	875,934
-	-	-
carrying value housand Baht	credit loss Thousand Baht	Thousand

Consolidated financial statements 2022

Gross

2,040,462

Thousand Baht Thousand Baht

carrying value

Expected

(179)

credit loss

Carrying value Thousand Baht

2,040,283

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2021			
	Gross carrying value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss Thousand Baht	Carrying value Thousand Baht	
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investments in debt securities which credit	875,961	(27)	875,934	
risk has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit-impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3)	-	-	-	
Total	875,961	(27)	875,934	

b) The maturity of investment measured at amortised cost

The details of investment measured at amortised cost are aged for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 as follows:

			Cons	ancial statements					
		2022	2		2021				
	Maturing within				Ma				
				Over					
	1 year Thousand Baht	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	5 years Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	1 year Thousand Baht	1 - 5 years Thousand Baht	5 years Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	
Investments measured at amortised cost									
Government and state enterprise securities	1,049,257	398,175	-	1,447,432	676,594	-	-	676,594	
Deposits at banks used as collateral	403,500	-	-	403,500	34,486	-	-	34,486	
Premium saving certificates used as collateral Deposits at financial institutions with	-	-	-	-	350	-	-	350	
original maturities more than 3 months*	189,530	-	-	189,530	164,531	-	-	164,531	
Total	1,642,287	398,175	-	2,040,462	875,961	-	-	875,961	
Less Expected credit loss	(179)	-	-	(179)	(27)	-	-	(27)	
Total investments measured at amortised cost	1,642,108	398,175	-	2,040,283	875,934	-	-	875,934	

^{*}As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had deposits at financial institutions with original maturities more than 3 months pledged with the Registrar in accordance with the Insurance Act (No.2) B.E. 2551 amounting to Baht 403.50 million and Baht 14 million, respectively (Note 39).

Allianz Ayudhya Capital Public Company Limited Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

For the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group and the Company has investment income as below:

- Interest income amounting to Baht 81.70 million and Baht 27.18 million, respectively (2021: Baht 95.97 million and Baht 45.57 million, respectively).
- Dividend income amounting to Baht 15.85 million and Baht 1,267.85 million, respectively (2021: Baht 56.95 million and Baht 763.31 million, respectively).
- Consideration from selling investments amounting to Baht 3,367.17 million and Baht 2,638.55 million, respectively (2021: Baht 1,163.26 million and Baht 717.77 million, respectively) and loss from selling investments amounting to Baht 12.76 million and Baht 12.76 million, respectively (2021: Baht 12.90 million and Baht 12.90 million, respectively).

As at 31 December 2022, certain government and state enterprise securities of the Group and the Company were pledged and used for assets reserved with the Registrar amounting to Baht 483.93 million and Baht 1.05 million, respectively (2021: Baht 546.97 million and Baht 1.08 million, respectively) (Note 39).

As at 31 December 2022, deposits at bank with maturity over 3 months and government and state enterprise securities of the Group were pledged with the Registrar in accordance with Insurance Act (No.2) B.E. 2551 amounting to Baht 403.50 million and Baht 15.92 million, respectively (2021: Baht 14 million and nil, respectively) (Note 39).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has no premium saving certificates used as collateral in case where the insured drivers are the alleged offenders (2021: 0.35 million baht) (Note 40).

As at 31 December 2022, none of investments in securities as bank deposits of the Group and the Company were pledged as collateral for bank overdrafts and borrowing facilities (Domestic Bill) (2021: Baht 20 million) (Note 40).

14 Investments in a subsidiary and an associate

14.1 Investments in a subsidiary

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has subsidiaries included in consolidated financial statement are listed below. The subsidiaries have ordinary shares and preference Share in which the Group directly and indirectly holds those shares. The proportion of ownership interests held by the Group is equal to voting rights in subsidiaries held by the Group.

	Separate financial statements										
					Shareholding						
		Place of	Paid-up		(Direct and		Cost				
	Nature of	incorporation	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Company name	business	and operation	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Percentage	Percentage	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht			
Subsidiary											
Allianz Ayudhya General											
Insurance Public Company	Non-life										
Limited	Insurance	Thailand	2,548,800	2,548,800	99.99	99.99	2,572,379	2,572,379			
Aqua Holdings (Thailand)											
Limited (Formerly Aetna											
Holdings (Thailand)											
Company Limited)	Investment	Thailand	100	-	99.80	-	2,043	-			
Minor Health Enterprise Ltd.	Investment	Thailand	1,250	-	99.85	-	1,506,406	-			
Health Care Management Co., Ltd	Investment	Thailand	8,175	-	99.90	-	819,605	-			
Aetna Health Insurance											
(Thailand) Public Company	Non-life	- 1 11 1	00.000		00.00		700.050				
Limited	Insurance	Thailand	20,000	-	99.90	-	799,350	-			
My Health Services (Thailand)											
Co., Ltd. (Formely Aetna											
Services (Thailand) Company	Health Service	Thailand	141,500		99.90		0.03				
Limited)	ricaitii Service	Hallallu	141,300		99.90	-	0.03	<u>-</u>			
Total			2,719,825	2,548,000			5,699,783	2,572,379			

14.2 Investments in an associate

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Company has investment in an associated company as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements										
		Place of	Porcentage of s	Carrying value under equity method							
	Nature of	incorporation	Percentage of shareholding 2022 2021		Co 2022	2021	2022	2021			
Company name	business	and operation	Percentage	Percentage	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht			
Associate company Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Public Company Limited	Life Insurance	Thailand	31.97	31.97	5,455,863	5,455,863	6,480,922	9,492,515			

a) The movement in investments in an associate for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolid		Separa	te	
	financial stat	tements	financial stat	ements	
	Equity me	thod	Cost met	hod	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Book value at the beginning year	9,492,515	11,252,204	5,455,863	5,455,863	
Share of profit	981,916	1,287,852	-	-	
Share of other comprehensive loss	(3,183,273)	(2,341,156)	-	-	
Dividend income	(810,236)	(706,385)	-		
Book value at the ending year	6,480,922	9,492,515	5,455,863	5,455,863	

b) Summarised financial information for associates

The table below is summarised of financial information for associates that are material to the Group. The financial information is included in associates own financial statements which has been adjusted with the adjustments necessary for the equity method including, adjusting fair value and differences in accounting policy.

	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
Summarised of performance Revenue	40,865,462	39,918,873
Post-tax profit Other comprehensive loss	3,071,406 (9,957,193)	3,862,175 (7,190,117)
Total comprehensive loss	(6,885,787)	(3,327,942)
Dividend received from associates	810,236	706,385
Summarised of statement of financial position Assets Liabilities	214,483,736 200,434,330	219,698,702 196,229,109
Net assets	14,049,406	23,469,593
Group's share in associates (%)	31.97	31.97
Group's share in associates (Thousand Baht) Goodwill	6,480,922	9,492,515
Associates carrying amount	5,455,863	5,455,863

15 Property, plant and equipment, net

Property, plant and equipment, net as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following.

		Consolidated financial statements											
							2022						
		Cost Accumulated depreciation											plant and ent, net
	Increase							Increase			As at		
	As at	From				As at	As at	From			31	As at	As at
	1 January	Business		Disposal /	Transfer	31 December	1 January	Business		Disposal /	December	1 January	31 December
	2022	Acquisition	Increase	Write off	in / (out)	2022		•	Depreciation	Write off	2022	2022	2022
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand		Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Land	1,610	-	-	-	-	1,610	-	-	-	-	-	1,610	1,610
Building	773	-	-	-	-	773	(773)	-	-	-	(773)	-	-
Leasehold improvement	69,197	84,061	941	(11,273)	-	142,926	(41,153)	(64,928)	(8,964)	11,186	(103,859)	28,044	39,067
Furniture, fixtures and				,			, ,	, ,	, ,		, ,		
office equipment	93,441	97,505	2,520	(11,268)	-	182,198	(78,036)	(90,464)	(8,266)	10,754	(166,012)	15,405	16,186
Vehicles	7,097	· -		-	_	7,097	(5,986)		(804)	-	(6,790)	1,111	307
Leasehold improvement under	,					,	(-,,		(/		(-,,	,	
installation	-	1,973	6,885	(463)	-	8,395	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,395
Total	172,118	183,539	10,346	(23,004)	-	342,999	(125,948)	(155,392)	(18,034)	21,940	(277,434)	46,170	65,565

					Consolidat	ed financial sta	itements				
						2021					<u> </u>
			Cost				Accumulated de	epreciation		Property, p	
					As at				As at		As at
	As at 1 January 2021	Increase	Disposal / Write off	Transfer in / (out)		As at January 2021	Depreciation	Disposal / Write off		As at January 2021	31 December 2021
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Land	1,610	-	-	_	1,610	_	-	-	-	1,610	1,610
Building	773	-	-	-	773	(773)	-	-	(773)	-	-
Leasehold improvement	56,660	429	(3,190)	15,298	69,197	(38,374)	(4,885)	2,106	(41,153)	18,286	28,044
Furniture, fixtures and											
office equipment	106,491	6,027	(19,077)	-	93,441	(88,427)	(7,974)	18,365	(78,036)	18,064	15,405
Vehicles	26,488	-	(19,391)	-	7,097	(23,976)	(1,339)	19,329	(5,986)	2,512	1,111
Leasehold improvement under											
installation	13,424	1,874	-	(15,298)	-	-	-	-	-	13,424	
Total	205,446	8,330	(41,658)	-	172,118	(151,550)	(14,198)	39,800	(125,948)	53,896	46,170

The depreciation expense for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 amounting to Baht 16.23 million and Baht 12.40 million, respectively were included in operating expenses, amounting to Baht 1.76 million and Baht 1.80 million, respectively, were included in other underwriting expenses, and amounting to Baht 0.05 million and nil, respectively, were included in claims and loss adjustment expenses.

		Separate financial statements 2022										
		Cost				Accumulated de	Property, plant and equipment, net					
	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	Increase Thousand Baht	Disposal / Write off Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	Depreciation Thousand Baht	Disposal / Write off Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht		
Land	1,610	_	_	1,610	-	-	-	-	1,610	1,610		
Building	773	-	-	773	(773)	-	-	(773)	-	-		
Leasehold improvement	162	-	-	162	(162)	-	-	(162)	-	-		
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	812	-	-	812	(773)	(22)	-	(795)	39	17		
Total	3,357	-	-	3,357	(1,708)	(22)	-	(1,730)	1,649	1,627		

	Separate financial statements 2021									
		Cost			202	Accumulated de	Property, plant and equipment, net			
	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht	Increase Thousand Baht	Disposal / Write off Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht	Depreciation Thousand Baht	Disposal / Write off Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht	As at
Land	1,610	-	-	1,610	-	-	-	-	1,610	1,610
Building	773	-	-	773	(773)	-	-	(773)	-	-
Leasehold improvement	162	-	-	162	(162)	-	-	(162)	-	-
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	812	-	-	812	(749)	(24)	-	(773)	63	39
Total	3,357	-	-	3,357	(1,684)	(24)	-	(1,708)	1,673	1,649

The depreciation expense for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounting to Baht 0.02 million were included in operating expenses (2021: Baht 0.02 million).

16 Right-of-use asset, net

Right-of-use asset, net as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

					Consolidate	ed financial sta	atements					
						2022						
		Cost					Accumulated a	mortisation			Right-of-use	asset, net
As at 1 January 2022 Thousand	Increase From Business Acquisition Thousand	Increase / Decrease Thousand	Change in a contract	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand	Increase From Business Acquisition Thousand	Amortisation Thousand	Write-off Thousand	Change in contract Thousand	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand	31 December 2022
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
239,027 21,652	63,308	(9,907) (3,333)	(2,437)	289,991 18,319	(65,215) (5,067)	(17,398)	(45,168) (3,663)	11,150 3,333	3,387	(113,244) (5,397)	173,812 16,585	- ,
260,679	63,308	(13,240)	(2,437)	308,310	(70,282)	(17,398)	(48,831)	14,483	3,387	(118,641)	190,397	189,669

Leasehold improvement Vehicles

Total

		Consolidated financial statements									
		2021									
		Cos	st			Accumulated a	amortisation		Right-of-use asset, net		
	As at		Change in	As at	As at		Change in	As at	As at	As at	
	1 January 2021	Increase	contract 31	December 2021	1 January 2021	Amortisation	contract 31	December 2021	1 January 2021 31 D	Jecember 2021	
	Thousand	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht			Baht	Baht			Baht	Baht	Baht	
Leasehold improvement	239,225	51	(249)	239,027	(31,936)	(33,279)	-	(65,215)	207,289	173,812	
Vehicles	3,333	18,319	• •	21,652	(1,818)	(3,249)	-	(5,067)	1,515	16,585	
Total	242,558	18,370	(249)	260,679	(33,754)	(36,528)	-	(70,282)	208,804	190,397	

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has no lease payments resulting from lease contracts which are not capitalised comprised of short-term contracts (2021: nil).

The amortisation expense for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 amounting to Baht 45.51 million and Baht 34.21 million, respectively were included in operating expenses and amounting to Baht 3.32 million and Baht 2.32 million, respectively, were included in other underwriting expenses.

17 Goodwill

		Consolidated financial statements				
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht				
As 1 January Cost Less Accumulated impairment	508,877 	508,877 				
Net book amount	508,877	508,877				
For the year ended 31 December Opening net book amount Share holdings between Aetna entities Acquisition of subsidiary Impairment charge	508,877 158,497 1,258,722 	508,877 - - -				
Closing net book amount	1,926,096	508,877				
At 31 December Cost Less Accumulated impairment	1,926,096	508,877 -				
Net book amount	1,926,096	508,877				

On 6 May 2022, the Company acquires the Aetna Thailand group entities which comprises of goodwill of Baht 158 million from cross holding between Aetna Thailand group entities and Baht 1,259 million from business acquisition (Note 36).

Goodwill is allocated to a cash generating unit (CGU) identified according to business segment.

A segment-level summary of the goodwill allocation is presented below;

		Consolidated financial statements		
	2022	2021		
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht		
Goodwill allocation to;				
Allianz General Insurance PCL	508,877	508,877		
Aetna Thailand group entities	1,417,219			
Total	1,926,096	508,877		

Impairment assessment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 7.1. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group tested impairment of the goodwill and considered that there is no impairment for the goodwill.

Management determined growth rate from budget based on past performance and its expectations of market development.

The recoverable amount goodwill is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates which does not exceed the long-term average market growth rate for the business in which the Group operates.

The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are as follows:

	Allianz General Insurance PCL	Aetna Thailand group entities
Long-term growth rate ¹ (%)	6 - 12	6 - 12
Pre-tax discount rate ² (%)	10.1	10.1

- ¹ This is the weighted average growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period. The rates are consistent with forecasts included in industry reports.
- ² Reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments and the countries in which they operate.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments.

The key assumption that will affect the value in use is discount rate. The management has considered the sensitivity of the change in the discount rate. If the pre-tax discount had been 1% per annum higher than management's estimate, the value in use is still higher than the carrying value and no impairment recognised.

18 Intangible asset, net

Computer software Computer software in progress

Others

Intangible assets, net as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

			Cost					Accumulated an	nortisation		Intangible as	sets, net
As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	Increase From Business Acquisition Thousand Baht	Increase Thousand Baht	Write off Thousand Baht	Transfer 3 in / (out) Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	Increase From Business Acquisition Thousand Baht	Amortisation Thousand Baht	Write off Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 3 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht
288,579 19,710 11,916	154,839 16,405	38,502 46,721	(11,740) (3,287) (11,916)	57,907 (57,907)	528,087 21,642	(223,558) - (11,916)	(138,338) - -	(26,587) - -	11,142 - 11,916	(377,341) - -	65,021 19,710	150,746 21,642 -
320,205	171,244	85,223	(26,943)	_	549,729	(235,474)	(138,338)	(26,587)	23,058	(377,341)	84,731	172,388

					Cons	olidated financial	statements				
						2021					
			Cost				Accumulated an	ortisation		Intangible	assets, net
	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht	Increase Thousand Baht	Write off Thousand Baht	Transfer in / (out) Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand	Amortisation Thousand Baht	Write off Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht
Computer software Computer software in progress Others	264,781 18,980 11,916	23,798 38,132 -	(37,402)	- - -	288,579 19,710 11,916	-	(16,829) - -	- - -	(223,558) - (11,916)	58,052 18,980 -	65,021 19,710 -
Total	295,677	61,930	(37,402)	-	320,205	(218,645)	(16,829)	-	(235,474)	77,032	84,731

For the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the amortisation expenses amounting to Baht 23.19 million and Baht 13.37 million, respectively, were included in operating expenses and amounting to Baht 3.40 million and Baht 3.46 million, respectively, were included in other underwriting expenses.

				Separate	financial state	ements			
					2022				
		Cost			Accum	ulated amortis	sation	Intangible a	ssets, net
	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	Increase Thousand Baht	Transfer in / (out) Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht			As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht
Computer software	6,743	-	-	6,743	(883)	(671)	(1,554)	5,860	5,189
Total	6,743	-	-	6,743	(883)	(671)	(1,554)	5,860	5,189
				Separate	financial state	ements			
		Cost				ulated amortis	sation	Intangible a	ssets, net
	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht	Increase Thousand Baht		As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht		As at 31 December 2021	As at	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht
Computer software	6,743	-	-	6,743	(212)	(671)	(883)	6,531	5,860
Total	6,743	-	-	6,743	(212)	(671)	(883)	6,531	5,860

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the amortisation expenses amounting to Baht 0.67 million were included in operating expenses (2021: Baht 0.67 million).

19 Deferred tax assets, net

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

	Consolio financial sta		Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Deferred tax assets	487,767	426,001	3,632	53,566	
Deferred tax liabilities	(17,180)	(25,896)	(6,378)	(14,077)	
Deferred tax asset, net	470,587	400,105	(2,746)	39,489	

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year is as follows:

		Consolid	ated financial sta	tements	
	As at 1 January 2022 Thousand Baht	Increase From Business Acquisition	Transactions recognised in profit or loss	Transactions recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 December 2022 Thousand Baht
	mousura Ban	mousuna Bane	mousuna Bunt	mousuna Bunt	mousuna Bant
Deferred tax assets					
Allowance for doubtful accounts - Premium due and uncollected	4.169	4.999	(3,204)		5.964
	4,109	4,999	(3,204)	-	5,964
Allowance for doubtful accounts - Other receivable	192	2,274	(482)		1,984
Allowance for doubtful accounts	192	2,214	(402)	-	1,904
- Reinsurance	871	_	(151)	_	720
Unearned premium reserve	77,765	83,694	(33,254)	_	128,205
Unrealised loss on the change in	11,100	00,004	(00,204)		120,200
fair value of investment measured at					
fair value through other comprehensive					
income	26,804	-	(880)	(22,292)	3,632
Expected credit loss	6	-	(34,744)	34,816	78
Claim reserve, net	125,987	31,862	55,278	-	213,127
Claim incurred but not reported	44,735	20,537	3,856	-	69,128
Employee benefit obligations	15,629	3,603	(348)	663	19,547
Share-based benefit obligations	297	-	1,654	-	1,951
Accrued expense	28,857	26,058	(16,034)	-	38,881
Loss carried forward	98,755	-	(98,755)	-	0.000
Right of use	1,934	1 500	2,663	-	2,663
Others	1,934	1,523	(1,570)	-	1,887
	426,001	174,550	(125,971)	13,187	487,767
Deferred tax liabilities					
Unrealised gain on transfer investment	(4,939)	_	_	_	(4,939)
Unrealised gain on the change in	(1,000)				(1,000)
fair value of investment designated at					
fair value through profit or loss	(1,327)	-	(236)	-	(1,563)
Unrealised gain on the change in					
fair value of investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive					
income	(19,630)	(460)	1,151	8,261	(10,678)
	(10,000)	(.00)	1,101	5,201	(10,010)
	(25,896)	(460)	915	8,261	(17,180)
Deferred tax assets, net	400,105	174,090	(125,056)	21,448	470,587
		,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,	,	.,,,,,

		Consolidated fina	ncial statements	
			Transactions	
	As at	Transactions	recognised in other	As at
	1 January	recognised in	comprehensive	31 December
	2021	profit or loss	income	2021
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Deferred tax assets				
Allowance for doubtful accounts				
 Premium due and uncollected 	6,165	(1,996)	-	4,169
Allowance for doubtful accounts				
- Other receivable	908	(716)	-	192
Allowance for doubtful accounts				
- Reinsurance	-	871	-	871
Unearned premium reserve	50,042	27,723	-	77,765
Unrealised loss on the change in fair value				
of investment measured at fair value	20.020	(6.040)	(F.004)	26.004
through other comprehensive income Allowance for Impairment Losses	38,828	(6,040) 8,009	(5,984) (8,009)	26,804
Expected credit loss	426	(266)	(154)	6
Claim reserve, net	141,779	(15,792)	(10-1)	125,987
Claim incurred but not reported	35,588	9,147	_	44,735
Employee benefit obligations	19,097	1,455	(4,923)	15,629
Share-based benefit obligations	-	297	(1,0=0)	297
Accrued expense	24,305	4,552	-	28,857
Loss carried forward	125,362	(26,607)	-	98,755
Others	1,934	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,934
	444,434	637	(19,070)	426,001
Deferred tax liabilities				
Unrealised gain on transfer investment	(4,939)	_	_	(4,939)
Unrealised gain on the change in fair value	(1,000)			(1,000)
of investment designated at fair value				
through profit or loss	(821)	(506)	-	(1,327)
Unrealised gain on the change in fair value	,	,		,
of investment designated at fair value				
through other comprehensive income	(19,402)	(880)	652	(19,630)
	(05.400)	(4.000)	050	(05.000)
	(25,162)	(1,386)	652	(25,896)
Deferred tax assets, net	419,272	(749)	(18,418)	400,105
•			•	

		Separate finance	ial statements	
		•	Transactions	
	As at	Transactions	recognised in other	As at
	1 January	recognised in	comprehensive	31 December
	2022	profit or loss	income	2022
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Deferred tax assets Unrealised loss on the change in fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Unrealised loss on the change in fair value	13,407	(13,407)	-	_
of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	13,397	_	(9,765)	3,632
Expected credit loss	10,091	(190)	190	5,052
Loss carried forward	26,762	(26,762)	-	-
	53,566	(40,359)	(9,575)	3,632
5				
Unrealised gain on transfer financial assets Unrealised gain on the change in fair value of investment designated at fair value	(4,939)	- 1 020	-	(4,939)
through profit or loss Unrealised gain on the change in fair value of investment designated at fair value	(2,941)	1,920	-	(1,021)
through other comprehensive income	(6,197)	-	5,779	(418)
	(14,077)	1,920	5,779	(6,378)
Deferred tax assets, net	39,489	(38,439)	(3,796)	(2,746)
Deletted tax assets, flet	39,409			(2,740)
		Separate finance		
			Transactions recognised in	
	As at 1 January 2021 Thousand Baht	Transactions recognised in profit or loss Thousand Baht	other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	As at 31 December 2021 Thousand Baht
Deferred tax assets Unrealised loss on the change in fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	23,749	(10,342)		13,407
Unrealised loss on the change in fair value of financial assets measured at fair value	23,749	(10,342)	-	13,407
through other comprehensive income	15,079	- (000)	(1,682)	13,397
Expected credit loss Loss carried forward	308 37,926	(208) (11,164)	(100)	26,762
	77,062	(21,714)	(1,782)	53,566
Defermed toy lightlifting		(= :,: : :)	(1,1 ==)	
Deferred tax liabilities Unrealised gain on transfer financial assets Unrealised gain on the change in fair value of investment designated at fair value	(4,939)	-	-	(4,939)
through profit or loss	(40)	(2,901)	-	(2,941)
Unrealised gain on the change in fair value	(40)	(2,001)		
	(7,942)	(2,001)	1,745	(6,197)
Unrealised gain on the change in fair value of investment designated at fair value	, ,	(2,901)	1,745 1,745	(6,197) (14,077)

20 Other assets, net

Other assets as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Consli	dated	Sepa	rate
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Other receivables	12,304	21,068	3	25
<u>Less</u> Allowance for doubtful accounts	(188)	(960)	-	
Other receivables, net	12,116	20,108	3	25
Claims comitica massivables	452 500			
Claim service receivables	153,589	-	-	-
Revenue Department receivable	94,334	47,673	12,202	9,285
Withholding tax receivable	2,666	22,036	1,523	1,523
Prepaid expenses	17,901	9,781	14	121
Due from rice field insurance scheme	652	583	-	-
Accrued loss recovery	17,190	20,791	-	-
Deposits	16,661	7,454	51	51
Undue input value added tax	12,553	9,690	27	10
Others	7,399	11,306	1,001	1,015
Total	335,061	149,422	14,821	12,030

21 Insurance contract liabilities

Insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Consolidated financial statements					
		2022				
	Insurance contract liabilities Thousand Baht	Insurance liabilities recovered from reinsurers Thousand Baht	Net Thousand Baht			
Claim reserves Loss incurred and reported Loss incurred but not reported	2,230,464 447,091	(975,145) (101,456)	1,255,319 345,635			
Total	2,677,555	(1,076,601)	1,600,954			
Premium reserve Unearned premium reserve	4,554,228	(906,883)	3,647,345			
Total	7,231,783	(1,983,484)	5,248,299			

	Consolidated financial statements					
	Insurance contract liabilities Thousand Baht	Insurance liabilities recovered from reinsurers Thousand Baht	Net Thousand Baht			
Claim reserves Loss incurred and reported Loss incurred but not reported	1,929,799 313,947	(1,164,937) (90,273)	764,862 223,674			
Total	2,243,746	(1,255,210)	988,536			
Premium reserve Unearned premium reserve	2,826,998	(668,642)	2,158,356			
Total	5,070,744	(1,923,852)	3,146,892			

21.1 Insurance reserve for short-term insurance contract

21.1.1 Claim reserves

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022			
	Gross Thousand Baht	Reinsurance Thousand Baht	Net Thousand Baht	
Balance as at beginning year Increase from Business Acquisition Claim and loss adjustment expenses incurred	2,243,746 380,148	(1,255,210)	988,536 380,148	
during the year Change in claim reserves and assumptions	4,818,459	(587,559)	4,230,900	
used in loss reserve calculation Loss paid during the year	(200,676) (4,564,122)	215,606 550,562	14,930 (4,013,560)	
Balance as at ending year	2,677,555	(1,076,601)	1,600,954	
	Consolidated financial statements			
		2021		
	Gross Thousand Baht		Net Thousand Baht	
Balance as at beginning year Claim and loss adjustment expenses incurred	Gross	2021 Reinsurance	Net	
Claim and loss adjustment expenses incurred during the year	Gross Thousand Baht	2021 Reinsurance Thousand Baht	Net Thousand Baht	
Claim and loss adjustment expenses incurred	Gross Thousand Baht 2,436,781 2,286,356 276,727	2021 Reinsurance Thousand Baht (1,414,091)	Net Thousand Baht 1,022,690	
Claim and loss adjustment expenses incurred during the year Change in claim reserves and assumptions	Gross Thousand Baht 2,436,781 2,286,356	2021 Reinsurance Thousand Baht (1,414,091) (482,526)	Net Thousand Baht 1,022,690 1,803,830	

Maturity analysis of claim reserves expected to be paid is as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht		
Claim reserves expected to be paid within 1 year Claim reserves expected to be paid between 1-2 years Claim reserves expected to be paid between 2-5 years Claim reserves expected to be paid over 5 years	2,212,944 294,388 170,223	1,594,142 354,913 294,691		
Total Claim reserves expected to be paid	2,677,555	2,243,746		

Sensitivity analysis of claim reserves is as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements				
			2022		
			Impact on		
			loss		
		Impact	reserves and		Increase /
		on	allocated loss	Increase /	(decrease) in
		reinsurance	adjustment	(decrease) in	owners'
	Increase/	assets	expense	profit	equity
	(decrease) in	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	assumptions	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Loss ratio of the	Increase 2%	36,331	198,687	(162,356)	(129,885)
recent accident year	Decrease 2%	(35,008)	(191,587)	156,499	125,200
Claim reserve for hig claims	Increase 2%	38,014	143,009	(104,995)	(83,996)
Claim reserve for big claims	Decrease 2%	(37,527)	(139,661)	102,135	81,708
Unallocated Loss Adjustment	Increase 20%	-	13,628	(13,628)	(10,902)
Expense ratio (ULAE)	Decrease 20%	-	(13,628)	13,628	10,902
	Consolidated financial statements				
		901100110		tomonto	
		GOIIGOIIG	2021	tomonto	
		Conconc	2021 Impact on	tomento	
			2021 Impact on loss	tements	. ,
		Impact	2021 Impact on loss reserves and		Increase /
		Impact on	2021 Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss	Increase /	(decrease) in
	lancar.	Impact on reinsurance	2021 Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment	Increase / (decrease) in	(decrease) in owners'
	Increase/	Impact on reinsurance assets	2021 Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense	Increase / (decrease) in profit	(decrease) in owners' equity
	(decrease) in	Impact on reinsurance assets Thousand	2021 Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense Thousand	Increase / (decrease) in profit Thousand	(decrease) in owners' equity Thousand
		Impact on reinsurance assets	2021 Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense	Increase / (decrease) in profit	(decrease) in owners' equity
Loss ratio of the	(decrease) in assumptions Increase 2%	Impact on reinsurance assets Thousand Baht	Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense Thousand Baht	Increase / (decrease) in profit Thousand Baht (101,115)	(decrease) in owners' equity Thousand Baht (80,892)
Loss ratio of the recent accident year	(decrease) in assumptions Increase 2% Decrease 2%	Impact on reinsurance assets Thousand Baht 27,419 (26,261)	Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense Thousand Baht 128,534 (123,557)	Increase / (decrease) in profit Thousand Baht (101,115) 97,296	(decrease) in owners' equity Thousand Baht (80,892) 77,837
recent accident year	(decrease) in assumptions Increase 2% Decrease 2% Increase 2%	Impact on reinsurance assets Thousand Baht 27,419 (26,261) 35,480	Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense Thousand Baht 128,534 (123,557) 130,270	Increase / (decrease) in profit Thousand Baht (101,115) 97,296 (94,791)	(decrease) in owners' equity Thousand Baht (80,892) 77,837 (75,832)
recent accident year Claim reserve for big claims	(decrease) in assumptions Increase 2% Decrease 2% Increase 2% Decrease 2%	Impact on reinsurance assets Thousand Baht 27,419 (26,261)	Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense Thousand Baht 128,534 (123,557) 130,270 (128,038)	Increase / (decrease) in profit Thousand Baht (101,115) 97,296 (94,791) 92,952	(decrease) in owners' equity Thousand Baht (80,892) 77,837 (75,832) 74,361
recent accident year	(decrease) in assumptions Increase 2% Decrease 2% Increase 2%	Impact on reinsurance assets Thousand Baht 27,419 (26,261) 35,480	Impact on loss reserves and allocated loss adjustment expense Thousand Baht 128,534 (123,557) 130,270	Increase / (decrease) in profit Thousand Baht (101,115) 97,296 (94,791)	(decrease) in owners' equity Thousand Baht (80,892) 77,837 (75,832)

21.1.2 Unearned premium reserve

	Consolid	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022				
	Gross	Reinsurance	Net		
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht		
Balance as at beginning year	2,826,998	(668,642)	2,158,356		
Increase from Business Acquisition	1,641,373	(1,938)	1,639,435		
Premium written for the year	8,031,778	(1,830,002)	6,201,776		
Earned premium for the year	(7,945,921)	1,593,699	(6,352,222)		
Balance as at ending year	4,554,228	(906,883)	3,647,345		
	Consolid	lated financial stat	ements		

	2021			
	Gross	Reinsurance	Net	
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
Balance as at beginning year	2,720,983	(646,646)	2,074,337	
Premium written for the year	5,584,707	(1,608,289)	3,976,418	
Earned premium for the year	(5,478,692)	1,586,293	(3,892,399)	
Balance as at ending year	2,826,998	(668,642)	2,158,356	

21.1.3 Unexpired risk reserve

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no additional reserve for unexpired risk reserve has been established as the gross unexpired risk reserve estimated by the Group amounting to Baht 2,683.08 million and Baht 1,436.61 million, respectively and net unexpired risk reserve estimated by the Group amounting to Baht 2,428.50 million and Baht 1,255.57 million, respectively, is lower than the unearned premium reserve.

21.2 Claim Development Table

21.2.1 Claim development table before reinsurance

_	Consolidated financial statements					
_	2022					
Accident Year / Reporting Year	2018 Thousand Baht	2019 Thousand Baht	2020 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht
Gross estimate of cumulative claim costs - At the end of the accident year - One year later - Two years later - Three years later - Four years later	6,168,846 5,832,897 5,736,608 5,623,494 5,610,465	5,768,605 5,871,198 5,837,294 5,843,133	5,216,231 5,181,177 5,131,902	4,535,312 4,277,283 - -	5,196,246 - - -	
Absolute estimated claim Cumulative claim paid	5,610,465 (5,568,916)	5,843,133 (5,521,631)	5,131,902 (5,056,774)	4,277,283 (4,069,431)	5,196,246 (3,443,212)	26,059,029 (23,659,964)
Total claim reserve Claim liability before year 2018	41,549	321,502	75,128	207,852	1,753,034	2,399,065 278,490
Total claim liability					_	2,677,555
		Con	solidated finan 202		ts	
Accident Year / Reporting Year	2017 Thousand Baht	2018 Thousand Baht	2019 Thousand Baht	2020 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht
Gross estimate of cumulative claim costs - At the end of the accident year - One year later - Two years later - Three years later - Four years later	2,899,143 2,758,139 2,764,663 2,795,797 2,759,600	4,024,019 3,632,050 3,535,761 3,422,647	3,807,602 3,861,531 3,827,627	3,220,781 3,084,562 - -	2,592,080 - - - -	
Absolute estimated claim Cumulative claim paid	2,759,600 (2,741,638)	3,422,647 (3,367,206)	3,827,627 (3,496,097)	3,084,562 (2,814,810)	2,592,080 (1,386,689)	15,686,516 (13,806,440)
Total claim reserve Claim liability before year 2017	17,962	55,441	331,530	269,752	1,205,391	1,880,076 363,670
Total claim liability					-	2,243,746

21.2.2 Claim development table after reinsurance

	Consolidated financial statements							
Accident Year / Reporting Year	2018 Thousand Baht	2019 Thousand Baht	2020 2020 Thousand Baht	22 2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht		
Gross estimate of cumulative claim costs - At the end of the accident year - One year later - Two years later - Three years later - Four years later	4,172,771 4,157,078 4,125,233 4,118,628 4,118,277	4,302,475 4,312,269 4,311,999 4,309,827	4,308,398 4,282,618 4,285,383	3,951,772 3,864,353 - -	4,529,798 - - - -			
Absolute estimated claim Cumulative claim paid	4,118,277 (4,112,983)	4,309,827 (4,296,497)	4,285,383 (4,264,952)	3,864,353 (3,721,241)	4,529,798 (3,208,042)	21,107,638 (19,603,715)		
Total claim reserve Claim liability before year 2018	5,294	13,330	20,431	143,112	1,321,756	1,503,923 97,031		
Total claim liability						1,600,954		
		Co	nsolidated fina 20		nts			
Accident Year / Reporting Year	2017 Thousand Baht	2018 Thousand Baht	2019 Thousand Baht	2020 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht		
Gross estimate of cumulative claim costs - At the end of the accident year - One year later	1,698,005 1,649,769	2,027,944 1,956,231	2,341,472	2,312,948	2,008,540			
- Two years later - Three years later - Four years later	1,653,168 1,655,087 1,650,508	1,936,231 1,924,386 1,917,781	2,302,602 2,302,332 - -	2,186,004 - - -	- - - -			
- Two years later - Three years later	1,653,168 1,655,087	1,924,386		2,186,004 - - 2,186,004 (2,120,235)	2,008,540 (1,207,905)	10,065,165 (9,163,335)		
- Two years later - Three years later - Four years later Absolute estimated claim	1,653,168 1,655,087 1,650,508	1,924,386 1,917,781 - 1,917,781	2,302,332	2,186,004		, ,		

22 Amount due to reinsurers

Amount due to reinsurers as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

		Consolidated financial statements			
	2022	2021			
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht			
Amounts withheld on reinsurance Reinsurance payables	357,021 610,634	663,132 497,100			
Total amount due to reinsurers	967,655	1,160,232			

23 Employee benefit obligations

The Group operates post-employment benefit plans under the Labor Protection Act, which are considered as unfunded defined benefits plans.

		Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht		
Long-term employee benefits Retirement benefits	22,595 135,947	20,549 114,858		
Total employee benefit obligations	158,542	135,407		

23.1 Retirement benefits

The plans are final salary retirement plans. The level of benefits provided depends on members' length of service and their salary in the final years leading up to retirement.

The movements in the defined benefit obligation for the years are as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht		
As at 1 January Increase from business acquisition Current service cost Interest expense	114,858 18,864 18,028 2,245	132,201 - 15,377 1,758		
	153,995	149,336		
Remeasurements: Losses from change in demographic assumptions Gains (losses) from change in financial assumptions Experience gain	(583) (2,380) 6,277	(15,217) 2,739 (12,136)		
	3,314	(24,614)		
Payment from plans: Benefit payment during the year Curtailment	(21,362)	(9,864)		
As at 31 December	135,947	114,858		

The Group calculated employee benefit obligations by an actuary using the projected unit credit cost method. The assumptions consisted of the following:

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		financial statements		
	2022	2021		
Financial assumptions: Discount rate (%) Salary growth rate (%)	1.67, 1.68, 2.35 3, 4.5	1.68 3		
Demographic assumptions: Turnover rate (%) subject to range of age of employees Retirement age (Year)	9 - 27.5 60	9, 14, 22 60		

Significant actuarial assumptions - Impact on increase (decrease) in defined benefit obligation

	Consolid financial sta		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
Financial assumptions: Discount rate - 1 % increase Discount rate - 1 % decrease Expected rate of salary - 1% increase Expected rate of salary - 1% decrease	(12,135) 13,811 14,195 (12,659)	(9,564) 10,901 10,167 (9,106)	
Demographic assumptions: Turnover rate - 1% increase Turnover rate - 1% decrease Life expectancy - 1 year increase Life expectancy - 1 year decrease	(12,911) 5,097 605 (601)	(10,054) 2,600 556 (553)	

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method has been applied as when calculating the retirement benefits recognised in the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior year.

Maturity analysis of the benefit payments of the post-employment benefits obligation as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		
	2022	2021	
Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation (Year)	10.45, 11.23, 11.50	10.73	
Maturity analysis of undiscounted benefits expected to be paid (Thousand Baht)			
Benefits expected to be paid within 1 year Benefits expected to be paid between 1 - 5 years	7,917 46,715	10,495 33.046	
Benefits expected to be paid between 1 - 3 years Benefits expected to be paid more than 5 years	613,145	571,773	
Total	667,777	615,314	

23.2 Long term employee benefits - Share-based compensation

The Group has share-based compensation in accordance with Allianz Group policy using the share price of Allianz SE, a listed company in Frankfurt am Main in XETRA trading.

During the year 2022, there was a share-based compensation plan to employee. The details are as below:

Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP)

The Allianz Group offers Allianz SE shares in 42 countries to entitled employees at favourable conditions. The offer provides an additional 1 Euro on top for every 3 Euro that had been invested by the employees. The shares have a three-year restriction period for not transferring or selling.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the total Company's contribution under this plan was Baht 0.63 million (2021: Baht 0.65 million).

Employee Stock Benefit Plan

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the total recognized compensation in other employee benefit for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounting to Baht 1.80 million.

Restricted stock unit (RSU)

The Allianz Equity Incentive (AEI) is a long-term equity-based plan granting Restricted Stock Units (RSU) provided to executives. The AEI are granted once a year and have a four-year vesting period from the time of their grant. The plan participant is required to formally accept the grant during a defined period. Failure to do so will result in forfeiture of the grant. Any value can be realized if the plan participant remains employed within the Allianz Group or under certain conditions.

Performance criteria are set by the Board of Directors and will measure the performance of the Group.

	RSI	RSU		
	2022 Number of shares	2021 Number of shares		
As at 1 January Granted/Transferred in Exercised	4,317 1,908 (841)	3,642 1,720 (1,045)		
As at 31 December	5,384	4,317		

The total recognised compensation in other employee benefits for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounting to Baht 9.38 million (2021: Baht 9.51 million) and the total compensation liabilities under "Employee benefits" amounting to Baht 22.60 million (2021: Baht 20.55 million). The Company uses projected cash flow technique to calculate the fair value of this share-based payment plan. The key assumptions for valuations are expected share price and employee turn-over rate.

24 Lease liabilities

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is aged as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		
	2022	2021	
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
Maturity			
Within 1 year	44,925	28,120	
Between 1 - 2 years	36,498	29,323	
Between 2 - 3 years	28,045	28,440	
Between 3 - 4 years	24,636	27,758	
Between 4 - 5 years	23,590	24,339	
Over 5 years	35,852	59,804	
Total	193,546	197,784	
Including - Principal	212,380	222,397	
- Interest	(18,834)	(24,613)	

For the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group have Interest expenses on lease liabilities amounted to Baht 6.73 million and Baht 6.92 million, respectively are recorded as "finance cost" in the statement of comprehensive income.

25 Other liabilities

Other liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Other payables - Promotion expense	35,110	62,957	-	-
Other payables - Claim settling service	55,038	-	-	-
Other payables - Claim service deposit	23,730	-	-	-
Premium refund	32,662	-	-	-
Premium suspense	283,781	239,158	-	-
Withholding tax payable	33,830	14,636	260	207
Undue output VAT	3,089	1,425	1	1
Contribution to non-life guarantee fund	18,205	23,505	-	-
Decommision expense	23,526	-	-	-
Others	78,237	23,738	9,505	342
Total	587,208	365,419	9,766	550

26 Share capital

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had total authorised number of ordinary shares were 463.47 million shares (2021: 463.47 million shares) amounting to Baht 463.47 million (2021: Baht 463.47 million) with a par value of Baht 1 per share (2021: Baht 1 per share). The Group have total issued and paid-up number of ordinary shares is 389.27 million shares (2021: 389.27 million shares) amounting to Baht 389.27 million. (2021: Baht 389.27 million)

27 Legal reserve

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
As at 1 January	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Appropriation during the year As at 31 December	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	

Under the Public Limited Company Act., B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside as a legal reserve at least 5% of its net profit after accumulated deficit brought forward (if any) until the reserve is not less than 10 percent of the registered capital. The legal reserve is non-distributable.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Company already had legal reserve of not less than 10% of the authorised capital.

28 Financial information by segment

The business segment results are prepared based on the preparation of management report of the Group. The operating results by business segment provided to Chief Operating Decision Maker to make decisions about allocating resources to and assessing the performance of operating segments is measured in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards.

The Group has been operating in three principal business segments: (1) Non-life insurance business (2) Investment business and (3) Service business, which are only organised and managed in a single geographic area, namely in Thailand. Therefore, no geographical segment information is presented.

For the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there is no revenue from a single external customer contributed 10% or more to the Group's total revenue.

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were presented by business segment as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements									
		Non-life insurance business Inve			tment business Service business			ition of egment	To	Total	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
Revenue from external Share of profit on investment in	6,901,813	4,260,073	1,299,445	823,552	3,783	-	(1,372,864)	(732,908)	6,832,177	4,350,717	
an associate Other income	15,657	35,539	981,916 465,022	1,287,852 57	3	-	(468,578)	(1,394)	981,916 12,104	1,287,852 34,202	
Total revenue	6,917,470	4,295,612	2,746,383	2,111,461	3,786	-	(1,841,442)	(734,302)	7,826,197	5,672,771	
Insurance business expenses Cost of medical service Directors and key management	5,942,218 -	3,640,815 -	-	-	- 1,313	-	3,852 -	Ξ	5,946,070 1,313	3,640,815	
personnel's remuneration Other expenses Income tax expense	150,650 778,983	125,153 606,351	14,438 58,361	13,970 17,048	18,971	:	(190,901)	38,656	165,088 665,414	139,123 662,055	
(income)	(17,906)	(9,534)	38,439	24,615	-	-	23,052	(14,332)	43,585	749	
Total expenses	6,853,945	4,362,785	111,238	55,633	20,284	-	(163,997)	24,324	6,821,470	4,442,742	
Net income (loss)	63,525	(67,173)	2,635,145	2,055,828	(16,498)	-	(1,677,445)	(758,626)	1,004,727	1,230,029	

29 Dividend

At the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on 29 April 2022, the payment of dividend was approved from the operating results at Baht 0.77 per share, totalling Baht 299.74 million. The dividend payment was made on 17 May 2022.

At the Board of Directors' meeting on 31 August 2022, the payment of interim dividend was approved from the retained earnings at Baht 5.14 per share, totalling Baht 2,000.83 million. The dividend payment was made on 28 September 2022.

At the Board of Directors' meeting on 26 April 2021, the payment of interim dividend was approved from the retained earnings at Baht 0.77 per share, totalling Baht 299.74 million. The dividend payment was made on 13 May 2021.

At the Board of Directors' meeting on 13 August 2021, the payment of interim dividend was approved from the operating results at Baht 0.77 per share, totalling Baht 299.75 million. The dividend payment was made on 10 September 2021.

30 Gain (Loss) on investment

Gain (Loss) on investment for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Gains (Losses) on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss Gains (losses) on sale of investments Debt securities Equity securities	-	-	10,774	500 (13,399)
Gains (losses) on fair value adjustment Debt securities Equity securities	- -	- -	(5,196)	10,104 21,510
	-	-	5,578	18,715
Gains (losses) on investment designated at fair value through profit or loss Gains (losses) on fair value adjustment				
Debt securities	592	(453)	-	
	592	(453)	-	-
Gains (losses) on investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Gains (losses) on sale of investments		, ,		
Debt securities Equity securities	1,989 (98,894)	611 (8,309)	1,989	- -
	(96,905)	(7,698)	1,989	
Gains (losses) on investments	(96,313)	(8,151)	7,567	18,715

31 Operating expenses

Operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial st	tatements	financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Employee benefit expenses,					
excluded underwriting and					
loss adjustment expenses (reversal)	435,236	273,067	26	(411)	
Premises and equipment expense,					
excluded underwriting expenses	220,883	255,877	1,736	2,852	
Taxes and duties	9,804	2,906	1,763	1,962	
Bad debt and allowance for					
doubtful accounts	2,493	1,286	-	-	
Directors' remuneration	12,279	11,409	10,382	14,673	
Management fee	63,077	128,398	-	· <u>-</u>	
Marketing and promotion expenses	30,143	5,676	10	31	
Professional fee	64,963	15,847	56,869	10,254	
Other operating expense	158,846	59,568	694	1,192	
	,	·		,	
Total operating expenses	997,724	754,034	71,480	30,553	

32 Employee expenses

The employee expenses for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Salary and wages Social fund expenses Employee benefit expenses Providend fund Other benefits	613,282	466,977	-	(429)	
	3,950	3,014	-	-	
	19,223	20,609	-	-	
	24,588	14,847	-	-	
	76,527	51,660	26	18	
Total employee expenses	737,570	557,107	26	(411)	

33 Expected credit loss

The expected credit loss for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate	
_	financial st	atements	financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Cash and cash equivalent (Reversal)	72	(586)	-	(28)
Investments in debt securities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Reversal)	(1,378)	767	(950)	502
Investments in debt securities measured	,	707	(930)	
at amortised cost (Reversal)	(185)	(7)	-	(9)
Total expected credit loss	(1,491)	174	(950)	465

34 Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 comprises the following:

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
Current tax: Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of prior year	10,236 (91,707)	-	- -	- -	
Total current tax	(81,471)	-	-		
Deferred income tax:					
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets (Note 19) Increase (decrease) in deferred tax liabilities (Note 19)	125,971 (915)	(637) 1,386	40,359 (1,920)	21,714 2,901	
Total deferred income tax	125,056	749	38,439	24,615	
Income tax expense (income)	43,585	749	38,439	24,615	

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the basic tax rate as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
Profit before tax	1,048,312	1,230,778	1,228,834	792,591
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 20% (2020: 20%) Tax effect of: Revenue that are granted income tax	209,662	246,156	245,767	158,518
exemption Dividend Share of profit on investment in an	(15)	(6,199)	(250,423)	(147,474)
associate Others	(196,383) (1,464)	(257,570) (1,018)	-	-
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose Reversal of unutililised derered tax	7,329	5,096	(9,406)	-
assets in the future Tax losses for which no deferred	87,014	-	26,762	-
income tax asset was recorded Tax losses from prior period for which no deferred income tax asset	(61,892)	2,818	25,739	2,105
was recorded	(666)	11,466	-	11,466
Tax charge	43,585	749	38,439	24,615

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the effective tax rate for the Group and the Company were 4.16% and 3.13%, respectively (2021: 0.06% and 3.11%, respectively).

Effect from income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income.

	Consolidated financial statements					
		2022			2021	,
		Benefit			Benefit	
		(expense)			(expense) of	
	Before tax	of tax	Net of tax	Before tax	tax	Net of tax
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
	Dani	Dani	Daiit	Dani	Dani	Daiil
Item that will not be reclassified						
subsequently to profit or loss						
Actuarial gain (loss) on deficit						
employee benefit plans	(3,313)	663	(2,650)	24,614	(4,923)	19,691
Share of other comprehensive	47.405	(0.407)	40.040	40.050	(0.054)	44.000
income (loss) in an associate	17,435	(3,487)	13,948	18,253	(3,651)	14,602
Item that will be reclassified						
subsequently to profit or loss						
Gain (loss) on revaluation of						
investments measured at						
fair value through	(005.055)	45.074	(400,004)	00.000	(7.070)	04.507
other comprehensive income Gain (loss) on sale of investment	(225,355)	45,071	(180,284)	39,383	(7,876)	31,507
transferred to profit or loss	155,579	(31,116)	124,463	28,095	(5,619)	22,476
Share of other comprehensive	100,070	(31,110)	124,400	20,000	(3,013)	22,410
income (loss) in an associate	(3,996,527)	799,306	(3,197,221)	(2,944,697)	588,939	(2,355,758)
` '	,			•		
Total	(4,052,181)	810,437	(3,241,744)	(2,834,352)	556,870	(2,267,482)

	Separate financial statements					
		2022	•	2021		
		Benefit			Benefit	
	Before	(expense)		Before	(expense)	
	tax	of tax	Net of tax	tax	of tax	Net of tax
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	<u>Baht</u>
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss						
Gain (loss) on revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through						
other comprehensive income Gain (loss) on sale of investment	(25,415)	5,084	(20,331)	16,402	(3,280)	13,122
transferred to profit or loss	58,791	(11,759)	47,032	(6,360)	1,272	(5,088)
Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Gain (loss) on revaluation of						
debt instruments measured at fair value through						
other comprehensive income	(14,400)	2,880	(11,520)	(9,852)	1,970	(7,882)
Total	18,976	(3,795)	15,181	190	(38)	152

35 Earnings per share

Basic Earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 calculated from net profit for the year of the Company's shareholders and the number of issued share capital. The calculation was as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		•	arate Itatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Basic Earnings per share Profit attributable to Shareholders of the Company				
(Thousand Baht) Weighted average number of ordinary	1,004,727	1,230,029	1,190,395	767,976
shares (Thousand share)	389,267	389,267	389,267	389,267
Basic Earnings per share (Baht per share)	2.58	3.16	3.06	1.97
(Dant per snare)	2.30	3.10	3.00	1.31

36 Business Acquisition

On 6 May 2022, the Company acquired 99.86% of the issued shares in group of entities of Aetna Thailand for a consideration of Baht 3,147,745,484 and on 26 September 2022, the Company received the refund from assets and liabilities adjustment and price consideration amounting to Baht 20,341,291. The net price consideration amounting to baht 3,127,404,193.

The Amalgamation strengthens customer segment and distribution channel as well as strengthens the Group's market share in Thai non-life market, including the profitability growth and Expected synergies from expenses.

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	As at acquisition date Thousand Baht
Purchase consideration Cash paid	3,127,404
Total purchase consideration	3,127,404

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value Thousand Baht
	Thousand Bant
Cash and cash equivalents	436,529
Premiums due and uncollected	601,527
Investments	2,952,064
Reinsurance assets	1,938
Deferred tax assets, net	174,090
Property, plant and equipment	28,147
Intangible assets	32,906
Right of use assets	45,910
Goodwill	158,497
Other assets	233,479
Liabilities	(2,796,405)
Net identifiable assets acquired	1,868,682
Less: Non-controlling interests	-
Add: Goodwill	1,258,722
Net assets acquired	3,127,404

Purchase consideration - cash outflow

	Thousand Baht
Outflow of cash to acquire subsidiary, net of cash acquired	
Cash consideration	3,127,404
Less: Balances acquired	
- Cash	436,680
	2,690,724

Net outflow of cash - investing activities

2,690,724

a) Acquired premiums due and uncollected

The fair value of acquired premiums due and uncollected is Baht 601.53 million. The gross contractual amount for Premiums due and uncollected due is Baht 124.69 million, of which Baht 36.36 million is expected to be uncollectible.

b) Acquired other receivables

The fair value of acquired other receivables is Baht 200.70 million. The gross contractual amount for other receivables due is Baht 13.97 million.

c) Acquired identifiable intangible assets

The fair value of the acquired identifiable intangible assets of Baht 32.91 million.

d) Revenue and profit contribution

The revenue included in the consolidated income statement from 6 May 2022 to 31 December 2022 contributed by Aetna Thailand group entities was Baht 1,958.06 million. Aetna Thailand group entities also contributed loss of Baht 27.82 million over the same period.

Had Aetna Thailand group entities been consolidated from 1 January 2022, the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 would show revenue of Baht 8,795.73 million and profit of Baht 1,002.97 million.

e) Expenses related to the acquisition of a subsidiary

Expenses related to the acquisition of a subsidiary of Baht 101.38 million are recognised as administrative expenses in profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending 2022.

37 Related party transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

A portion of the Company's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses arose from transactions with related parties. The relationship may be by shareholding or the companies may have the same group of shareholders or directors. The Company's management believes that the Company has no significant influence over the related parties. The accompanying financial statements reflect the effects of these transactions determined on the basis of commitments and conditions as in the normal course of business. Transactions with the related parties are mainly as follows:

The relationships between the Company and its related parties are summarised below:

Companies	Relationship	Type of Business
Allianz SE	Ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz SE Singapore Branch	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Technology SE	Related company of ultimate parent company	Information technology
Allianz Global Corporate&Speciality SE	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Global Corporate&Speciality AG	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Australia Limited	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Euler Hermes Deutschland	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Euler Hermes Singapore Branch	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Fire and Marine Insurance Japan Ltd.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz General Insurance Malaysia Berhad	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Global Risks US Insurance Company	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
AWP P&C S.A.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Service
Allianz Suisse Versicherungs-Gesellschaft AG	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz China General Insurance Company Ltd.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Benelux S.A	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
AWP Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Service
Allianz Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Information technology
Allianz General Insurance Plc.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Insurance
Allianz Investment Management Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Service
Allianz Global Investors Singapore Ltd.	Related company of ultimate parent company	Service
Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Plc.	Subsidiary	Insurance
Allianz Ayudhya Assurance Plc.	Associate	Life Insurance
CPRN (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Holding
Bangkok Broadcasting & Television Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Television
BBTV Equity Company Limited	Related company of shareholders	Office space rental
Great Luck Equity Co., Ltd	Related company of shareholders	Advertising
Bank of Ayudhya Plc.	Related company of shareholders	Banking
Krungsri Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Fund management
Krungsri Securities Plc.	Related company of shareholders	Finance
Ayudhya Development Leasing Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Hire-purchase and leasing
Ayudhya Capital Auto Lease Plc.	Related company of shareholders	Hire-purchase and auto leasing
Siam City Cement Plc.	Related company of shareholders	Construction Materials
Eastern Star Real Estate Plc.	Related company of shareholders	Property
Super Asset Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Investments
CKS Holding Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Investments
Grand Canal Land Plc.	Related company of shareholders	Advertising
Krungsri Ayudhya AMC Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Asset Management
Siam Realty and Service Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Services
Krungsri Factoring Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Factoring
Krungsriayudhya Card Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Services
Khao Kheow Country Club Co., Ltd.	Related company of shareholders	Golf club
Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited	Subsidiary	Insurance
My Health Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd.,	Subsidiary	Service
Aqua Holdings (Thailand) Limited	Subsidiary	Holding
Health Care Management Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Holding
Minor Health Enterprise Ltd.	Subsidiary	Holding

Significant balances with related parties as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Assets Related company of ultimate parent Amounts due from reinsurers Investment in securities Other assets	156,612	229,768	-	-
	35,256	30,419	-	-
	14,846	14,430	-	-
Related company of shareholders Deposits at financial institutions Premium receivable Other assets	271,672	295,876	30,171	4,011
	5,689	10,778	-	-
	5,221	5,221	51	51
Subsidiary Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss Accrued investment income Other assets	-	-	204,911	210,106
	-	-	67	67
	-	-	50	50
Associates Other assets	863	863	-	-
Liabilities Related company of ultimate parent Amounts withheld on reinsurance Amount due to reinsurers Other liabilities	200,436	458,067	-	-
	429,700	246,108	-	-
	51,536	22,727	-	-
Related company of shareholders Commission and brokerage payable Accrued other underwriting expenses Lease Liabilities Other liabilities	15,696	15,578	-	-
	58,917	47,740	-	-
	126,041	146,688	-	-
	8,632	8,715	-	-
Subsidiary Other liabilities	-	-	600	300
Associates Other liabilities	6,019	21,130	-	-

Significant transactions for year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 with related parties were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
Revenues Related company of ultimate parent company Claim recovered from reinsurers Fee and commission income Other income	235,814 176,135 9,784	163,500 105,861 32,365
Related company of shareholders Written premium Invesment income	101,145 19	105,990 19
Expenses Related company of ultimate parent company Premiums ceded to reinsurers Commission and brokerage expenses Other expenses	746,983 27,828 184,086	576,800 11,839 172,604
Related company of shareholders Commission and brokerage expenses Underwriting expenses Other expenses	200,095 121,842 20,932	185,289 110,536 21,148
Associate Other expenses	49,688	29,206

	Separate financial statements		
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht	
Revenues Related company of shareholders Net investment income	19	19	
Associate Net investment income	810,236	706,385	
Subsidiary Net investment income Gain (loss) on financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss	453,984 (5,195)	5,181 10,106	

	Separate financial statements	
	2022 Thousand Baht	2021 Thousand Baht
Expenses Related company of ultimate parent company Other expenses	196	765
Related company of shareholders Other expenses	282	126
Associate Other expense	1,484	3,196
Subsidiary Other expense	1,392	1,392

The Group used the same pricing policy and conditions for the above premiums as it did for other customers and other insurance companies.

Interest was charged at the same interest rates as the bank has offered to other insurance companies.

The Company entered into a management service agreement with a subsidiary for providing about services of managerial and administrative services of accounting, personnel, internal audit and information technology. Service rates are agreed by both parties which are determined based on estimated time spent and cost incurred for the Company.

The Group paid commissions and brokerages and other underwriting expenses as specified in the Bancassurance Agreement made between the Group and such related bank. The commission rates were in compliance with the Office of Insurance Commission criteria and the same basis of the commission rate that the Group has offered to other insurance broker companies.

Custodian fee and commission were paid at the same rates and conditions as the related parties charged other customers.

The Group has office rental, equipment rental and service agreements with related companies for a term of 3 years. Rental rates and conditions are the same as the related parties offer to other companies.

Directors and key management personnel's remuneration

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had salaries, bonuses, directors' allowance and other benefits of its directors and key management personnel recognised as expenses as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022 Thousand	2021 Thousand	2022 Thousand	2021 Thousand
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Directors and key management personnel's remuneration				
Short-term benefits	140,948	116,625	-	-
Post-employment benefits	7,131	6,457	_	-
Directors' remuneration	17,009	16,041	14,438	13,970
Total	165,088	139,123	14,438	13,970

38 Provident fund

The Group have established a contributory registered provident fund, in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. Under the plan, employees must pay their contributions, with the Group matching the individuals' contributions as follows:

Year of services	Percentage
Less than 5 years	5
5 years and above	5, 7

A registered provident fund manager has been appointed to manage the fund in compliance with the requirements of the Ministerial Regulations issued under the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2542.

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group's contributions recorded as expenses were Baht 24.59 million and Baht 14.85, respectively.

39 Securities and assets pledged with the Registrar

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, certain investments in securities of the Group were pledged and used for assets reserved with the Registrar (Note 13) in accordance with the Insurance Act and the Notification of the Office of Insurance Commission regarding "Rates, Rules and Procedures for pledge of unearned premium reserve of Non-Life Insurance Company B.E. 2557", respectively as follows:

39.1 The investments in debt securities which the Group placed for policy reserve with the Registrar in accordance with announcement of the Office of Insurance Commission regarding "Rates, Rules and Procedures for pledge of unearned premium reserve of Non-Life Insurance Company B.E. 2557" were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht
Government and state enterprise securities	483,928	471,000	546,967	521,000
	Separate financial statements			
	2022 2021			
	Book value	Face value	Book value	Face value
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Government and				
state enterprise securities	1,046	1,000	1,082	1,000

39.2 The investments in debt securities which the Group pledged with the Registrar in accordance with the Insurance Act (No.2) B.E. 2551 were as follows:

	Cor	Consolidated financial statements			
	202	2022		2021	
	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht	
Deposits at banks Government and	403,500	403,500	14,000	14,000	
state enterprise securities	15,917	15,000	-	_	

Restricted assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has no premium saving certificates used as collateral in case where the insured drivers are the alleged offenders (31 December 2021: 0.35 million baht).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has undrawn committed credit facilities amounting to Baht 5 million, with savings at banks pledged as collateral (31 December 2021: Fixed deposit at banks amounting to Baht 20 million).

Contribution to non-life quarantee fund

The Group has accumulated funding amount which was paid into contribution to non-life guarantee fund as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 amounting to Baht 163.08 million and Baht 124.05 million, respectively.

Litigation

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, lawsuits have been brought against the Group, as insurer, from which the Group estimates losses totalling Baht 236.72 million and Baht 314.90 million, respectively. The Group's management believes that such estimation is adequate to losses and does not expect the outcome of the litigation to result in losses that differ from the recorded liability by amounts that would be material to the Group's operating results.

Event after the statement of financial position date

On 22 July 2022, Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited ("Subsidiary") submitted a request to Office of Insurance Commission to approve the amalgamation between the Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited and Aetna Health Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited ("Subsidiary"). The request was approved on 27 January 2023. Allianz Ayudhya General Insurance Public Company Limited ("Subsidiary") expects that the amalgamation will be completed in the first quarter of 2023.